

Persons under correctional supervision

Inmates in local jails, prisoners in State and Federal correctional facilities, and persons on probation and parole are the focus of this section. In addition, data are provided on prisoners under sentence of death and those executed. Much of the material in this section is from the following Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS)-sponsored data collection programs: the Census of Jails (conducted every 5 years), the Annual Survey of Jails (conducted in non-census years), the Survey of Inmates in Local Jails, the National Prisoner Statistics Program, the Annual Probation and Parole Surveys, the Federal Justice Statistics Program, and the Census of State and Federal Adult Correctional Facilities.

Opening the section are trend tables presenting a view of U.S. correctional populations over time, including numbers of jail inmates, prisoners, probationers, and parolees. These tables are followed by detailed enumerations of adults under Federal and State probation supervision. The number of entries and exits for State and Federal probation supervision are displayed by region and State, and the percent change in the population during the year is calculated. A set of tables provides information specific to persons under Federal community supervision, such as the number under supervision, the number of probation officers, and offenders terminating supervision by type of offense.

Data from the most recent Census of Juveniles in Residential Placement are presented. The census, sponsored by the U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, provides counts of juvenile detainees by race, ethnicity, sex, age, type of offense, and jurisdiction. A new table comparing the 2001 detainee counts in each State with by-State counts from the previous two censuses, 1997 and 1999, is included.

Next in this section are trend tables, covering varying years between 1983 and 2003, on the size of the population in jails and prisons. These tables are followed by more detailed data on jail inmates including the number, sex, and race of jail inmates; confinement status; conviction status; legal status; jails and jail inmates in Indian country; the prevalence of HIV in jail populations; and deaths occurring in jails. Featured this year are data from the latest (2002) Survey of Inmates in Local Jails. These tables display the characteristics of jail inmates, most serious offense, percent reporting drug and alcohol use, and family background while growing up.

The next portion of Section 6 contains several trend tables on prison populations, starting with tables that display the number and rate of sentenced male and female prisoners in State and Federal institutions back to 1925. A 24-year trend table displaying the rates of sentenced prisoners, by region and State is included, as is a table that compares the Federal and State prison populations for 2002 and 2003. This is followed by data from BJS' 2000 Census of State and Federal Adult Correctional Facilities. These tables display the number of prisoners in Federal, State, and private adult correctional facilities by type of facility and selected prisoner characteristics. Also from the 2000 census is a table showing the number of prisoners under age 18 in adult correctional facilities by type of facility, security level, and region. New this year is a trend table covering selected years between 1990 and 2003, that provides counts of prisoners under age 18 in State prisons.

What follows is a series of tables presenting data on a variety of topics from recent BJS reports. Statistics on firearm possession and usage by State and Federal prisoners, the number of female prisoners under jurisdiction of State and Federal correctional authorities, the number of noncitizens in State and Federal prisons, educational attainment of jail inmates and prisoners, and participation in education programs are part of this sequence. There also are recent data on length of sentences for prisoners in State prisons and a long-term study of recidivism in 15 States, which presents recidivism data by demographic characteristics and offense category.

The Federal Bureau of Prisons provides extensive data on Federal prisoners, including prisoner characteristics, commitment offense, type of facility, security level, and the proportion of Federal prisoners incarcerated for drug offenses. Other data show time served to first release by offense type and selected Federal prisoner demographics. Also presented are BJS data on the number of immigration offenders in Federal prison, the number of detainees under U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement jurisdiction, the number of registered sex offenders in each State, and a trend table showing counts of prisoners under jurisdiction of military authorities.

Next are tables dealing with post-release supervision. These include the number and rate of persons on parole, movement of the parole population, persons successfully discharged from parole supervision, and persons returned to Federal prison for either a supervision violation or conviction for a new offense.

Information focusing on medical issues in correctional facilities follows. These data include mental health screenings and types of mental health treatment in State prisons. A series of tables also features information on the prevalence of HIV and AIDS among the State and Federal prisoner populations, a new table showing the decline of AIDS-related prisoner deaths, and total prisoner deaths by cause of death.

The final portion of Section 6 presents numerous tables on State and Federal prisoners sentenced to death, movement of prisoners on death row, and persons executed or otherwise removed from death row. Selected characteristics of prisoners with death sentences (e.g., race, ethnicity, sex, age, education) are included in many of these tables. Tables on methods of execution employed by States authorizing the death penalty and executions carried out in the U.S. dating back to 1930 conclude the section.

Table 6.1

Adults on probation, in jail or prison, and on parole

United States, 1980-2003

	Total estimated correctional population ^a	Probation	Jail	Prison	Parole
1980	1,840,400	1,118,097	182,288 ^b	319,598	220,438
1981	2,006,600	1,225,934	195,085 ^b	360,029	225,539
1982	2,192,600	1,357,264	207,853	402,914	224,604
1983	2,475,100	1,582,947	221,815	423,898	246,440
1984	2,689,200	1,740,948	233,018	448,264	266,992
1985	3,011,500	1,968,712	254,986	487,593	300,203
1986	3,239,400	2,114,621	272,735	526,436	325,638
1987	3,459,600	2,247,158	294,092	562,814	355,505
1988	3,714,100	2,356,483	341,893	607,766	407,977
1989	4,055,600	2,522,125	393,303	683,367	456,803
1990	4,350,300	2,670,234	405,320	743,382	531,407
1991	4,535,600	2,728,472	424,129 ^c	792,535	590,442
1992	4,762,600	2,811,611	441,781 ^c	850,566	658,601
1993	4,944,000	2,903,061	455,500 ^c	909,381	676,100
1994	5,141,300	2,981,022	479,800	990,147	690,371
1995	5,342,900	3,077,861	507,044	1,078,542	679,421
1996	5,490,700	3,164,996	518,492	1,127,528	679,733
1997 ^d	5,734,900	3,296,513	567,079	1,176,564	694,787
1998 ^d	6,134,200	3,670,441	592,462	1,224,469	696,385
1999 ^d	6,340,800	3,779,922	605,943	1,287,172	714,457
2000	6,445,100	3,826,209	621,149	1,316,333	723,898
2001	6,581,700	3,931,731	631,240	1,330,007	732,333
2002	6,759,100	4,024,067	665,475	1,367,856	750,934
2003	6,889,800	4,073,987	691,301	1,387,269 ^e	774,588

Percent change

2002 to 2003

1.9% 1.2% 3.9% 2.3% 3.1%

Note: Counts for probation, prison, and parole populations are for December 31 of each year; jail population counts are for June 30 of each year. Counts of adults held in jail facilities for 1993 and 1994 were estimated and rounded to the nearest 100. Data for jail and prison are for inmates under custody and include those held in private facilities. Totals for 1998-2003 exclude probationers held in jail or prison. These data have been revised by the Source based on the most recently reported counts and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For information on methodology and explanatory notes, see Appendix 15.

^aBecause a small number of individuals may have multiple correctional statuses, the totals are rounded to the nearest 100.

^bEstimated.

^cIncludes an unknown number of persons supervised outside jail facilities.

^dCoverage of probation agencies was expanded. For counts based on the same reporting agencies, use 3,266,837 in 1997 (to compare with 1996); 3,417,613 in 1998 (to compare with 1997); and 3,772,773 in 1999 (to compare with 1998).

^eAs of June 30, 2003.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, **Correctional Populations in the United States, 1994**, NCJ-160091, Table 1.1; **1995**, NCJ-163916, Table 1.1 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice); U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, **Probation and Parole in 1999**, Press Release NCJ 183508 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, July 2000), p. 3, Table 1; U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, **Probation and Parole in the United States, 2002**, Bulletin NCJ 201135, p. 1; **2003**, Bulletin NCJ 205336, p. 1 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice); and data provided by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.2

Adults under correctional supervision

By type of supervision, region, and jurisdiction, 2003

Region and jurisdiction	Total under correctional supervision, Dec. 31, 2003	Number on probation or parole ^a	Number in prison or jail, June 30, 2003	Number under supervision per 100,000 adult residents ^b	Percent of correctional population incarcerated
United States, total	6,889,800	4,811,200	2,078,600	3,173	30.2%
Federal	282,800	117,100	165,800	130	58.6
State	6,607,000	4,694,100	1,912,800	3,042	29.0
Northeast	1,067,000	792,700	274,200	2,588	25.7
Connecticut	74,100	54,800	19,300	2,815	26.0
Maine	13,400	9,900	3,500	1,341	26.4
Massachusetts	153,300	130,800	22,500	3,117	14.6
New Hampshire	9,400	5,300	4,100	974	43.6
New Jersey	183,600	137,500	46,100	2,817	25.1
New York	278,400	180,100	98,200	1,925	35.3
Pennsylvania	315,000	239,500	75,600	3,339	24.0
Rhode Island	27,700	24,200	3,500	3,357	12.8
Vermont	12,000	10,600	1,400	2,559	11.9
Midwest	1,418,300	1,055,300	363,000	2,918	25.6
Illinois	244,400	179,500	65,000	2,609	26.6
Indiana	155,300	118,600	36,700	3,373	23.6
Iowa	36,200	24,000	12,200	1,638	33.7
Kansas	34,400	18,700	15,700	1,715	45.7
Michigan	263,100	195,800	67,400	3,527	25.6
Minnesota	127,900	114,300	13,600	3,411	10.6
Missouri	110,600	70,800	39,800	2,595	36.0
Nebraska	25,800	19,100	6,800	2,009	26.2
North Dakota	5,700	3,700	1,900	1,189	34.0
Ohio	301,400	236,300	65,000	3,530	21.6
South Dakota	11,600	7,200	4,400	2,069	38.2
Wisconsin	101,800	67,300	34,500	2,491	33.9
South	2,730,900	1,879,100	851,800	3,485	31.2
Alabama	74,200	45,100	29,100	2,202	39.2
Arkansas	59,600	41,800	17,800	2,924	29.9
Delaware	26,200	19,400	6,800	4,235	25.9
District of Columbia ^c	15,400	12,300	3,100	3,440	20.3
Florida	423,900	289,100	134,900	3,197	31.8
Georgia	533,500	446,500	87,000	(d)	(d)
Kentucky	63,100	35,700	27,400	2,028	43.4
Louisiana	106,600	58,100	48,400	3,255	45.5
Maryland	128,400	91,600	36,800	3,117	28.6
Mississippi	47,500	20,900	26,600	2,264	56.0
North Carolina	165,500	115,800	49,600	2,589	30.0
Oklahoma	62,100	32,400	29,700	2,372	47.9
South Carolina	79,400	43,300	36,200	2,547	45.5
Tennessee	90,900	49,400	41,400	2,054	45.6
Texas	738,000	524,200	213,800	4,609	29.0
Virginia	102,500	46,500	56,000	1,827	54.6
West Virginia	14,000	6,900	7,100	991	50.5
West	1,390,800	967,000	423,800	2,840	30.5
Alaska	10,900	6,300	4,500	2,382	41.7
Arizona	112,700	71,200	41,600	2,717	36.9
California	725,600	485,000	240,500	2,791	33.2
Colorado	84,700	56,800	27,900	2,486	33.0
Hawaii	25,200	19,900	5,300	2,600	21.0
Idaho	43,600	34,500	9,100	(d)	(d)
Montana	12,500	7,700	4,800	1,817	38.1
Nevada	32,400	16,300	16,100	1,909	49.7
New Mexico	30,100	17,000	13,100	2,211	43.6
Oregon	83,100	64,500	18,600	3,082	22.4
Utah	22,400	11,900	10,500	1,397	46.9
Washington	199,500	170,600	28,900	4,350	14.5
Wyoming	8,100	5,200	2,900	2,186	35.5

Note: Counts were rounded to the nearest 100. Jail counts by State were estimated using the average daily population from Deaths in Custody, 2002 and the Annual Survey of Jails, 2003 (Source, p. 7). For information on methodology and explanatory notes, see Appendix 1.5.

^aExcludes 25,497 probationers held in jail and 11,872 probationers held in prison.

^bBased on the estimated number of adult State residents on Dec. 31, 2003 using the 2000 Census of Population and Housing and adjusting for population change since April 2000.

^cExcludes prisoners held by the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

^dNot calculated by the Source.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Probation and Parole in the United States, 2003*, Bulletin NCJ 205336 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, July 2004), p. 7.

Table 6.3

Adults on probation under State and Federal jurisdiction

By region and jurisdiction, 2003

Region and jurisdiction	Probation population Jan. 1, 2003	2003 ^a		Probation population Dec. 31, 2003	Percent change in probation population during 2003	Number on probation on Dec. 31, 2003 per 100,000 adult residents
		Entries	Exits			
United States, total	4,024,067	2,229,668	2,179,847	4,073,987	1.2%	1,876
Federal	31,330	13,989	14,449	30,599	-2.3	14
State	3,992,737	2,215,679	2,165,398	4,043,388	1.3	1,862
Northeast	629,503	233,044	247,722	614,825	-2.3	1,491
Connecticut	50,984	24,384	23,176	52,192	2.4	1,983
Maine	9,446	6,625	6,216	9,855	4.3	984
Massachusetts ^{b,c,d}	131,319	56,933	61,117	127,135	(e)	2,585
New Hampshire ^f	3,702	1,480	1,052	4,130	11.6	426
New Jersey	134,290	40,601	50,610	124,281	-7.5	1,907
New York ^c	132,966	39,590	48,261	124,295	-6.5	859
Pennsylvania ^d	130,786	52,072	45,652	137,206	4.9	1,454
Rhode Island	25,914	6,451	6,436	25,929	0.1	3,143
Vermont	10,096	4,908	5,202	9,802	-2.9	2,085
Midwest	937,378	606,152	607,511	936,387	-0.1	1,926
Illinois	141,544	63,000	60,090	144,454	2.1	1,542
Indiana	114,209	94,741	97,324	111,626	-2.3	2,424
Iowa	19,970	14,600	13,685	20,885	4.6	945
Kansas ^d	15,217	23,315	23,981	14,551	-4.4	725
Michigan ^{d,f}	174,577	130,857	129,029	176,392	1.0	2,364
Minnesota	122,692	59,517	71,484	110,725	-9.8	2,953
Missouri	54,584	26,512	25,486	55,610	1.9	1,305
Nebraska	16,468	15,845	13,901	18,412	11.8	1,432
North Dakota	3,229	2,332	2,059	3,502	8.5	737
Ohio ^{d,f}	215,186	146,723	142,616	219,658	2.1	2,573
South Dakota	5,088	3,261	3,129	5,236	2.9	933
Wisconsin	54,614	25,449	24,727	55,336	1.3	1,354
South	1,623,038	960,243	910,074	1,673,206	3.1	2,135
Alabama	39,713	15,152	15,213	39,652	-0.2	1,177
Arkansas	27,377	9,168	8,419	28,126	2.7	1,380
Delaware	20,201	13,962	15,242	18,921	-6.3	3,058
District of Columbia ^{d,f}	9,389	6,597	8,755	7,231	(e)	1,612
Florida ^{d,f}	291,315	257,539	261,212	287,641	-1.3	2,169
Georgia ^{f,g}	367,349	230,686	173,650	424,385	(e)	(e)
Kentucky ^d	24,480	16,165	11,949	28,696	17.2	921
Louisiana	36,257	13,875	13,455	36,677	1.2	1,120
Maryland	81,982	39,037	43,144	77,875	-5.0	1,890
Mississippi ^{d,h}	16,633	8,773	6,290	19,116	14.9	911
North Carolina	112,900	60,782	60,521	113,161	0.2	1,770
Oklahoma ⁱ	29,881	15,299	16,854	28,326	-5.2	1,082
South Carolina	41,574	14,760	16,287	40,047	-3.7	1,285
Tennessee ^d	42,712	24,256	24,132	42,836	0.3	968
Texas	434,486	200,450	202,947	431,989	-0.6	2,698
Virginia	40,359	30,669	29,365	41,663	3.2	743
West Virginia ^d	6,430	3,072	2,638	6,864	6.7	487
West	802,818	416,241	400,092	818,970	2.0	1,672
Alaska	5,229	973	796	5,406	3.4	1,185
Arizona ^f	66,485	39,115	39,795	65,805	-1.0	1,586
California ^f	358,121	180,636	164,059	374,701	4.6	1,441
Colorado ^{d,f}	57,328	28,954	30,985	55,297	-3.5	1,623
Hawaii	16,772	7,006	6,126	17,652	5.2	1,822
Idaho ^{f,i}	31,361	25,360	24,501	32,220	2.7	(e)
Montana	6,703	3,898	3,687	6,914	3.1	1,006
Nevada	12,290	5,869	6,000	12,159	-1.1	716
New Mexico	16,287	7,662	7,813	16,136	-0.9	1,186
Oregon	45,397	16,275	16,847	44,825	-1.3	1,662
Utah	10,646	5,429	5,696	10,379	-2.5	646
Washington ^{d,f}	171,603	93,132	91,921	172,814	0.7	3,767
Wyoming	4,596	1,932	1,866	4,662	1.4	1,255

Note: These data are from the 2003 Probation and Parole Surveys conducted by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics. Persons on probation are defined as those who have been placed under the supervision of a State, local, or Federal probation agency resulting from a court order. For information on methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 15.

^aBecause of incomplete data, the probation population for some jurisdictions on Dec. 31, 2003 does not equal the population on Jan. 1, 2003, plus entries, minus exits.

^bData are for June 30, 2002 and 2003. Some data for June 30, 2002 were estimated.

^cDue to change in reporting criteria, data are not comparable to previous reports.

^dData for entries and exits were estimated for nonreporting agencies.

^eNot calculated by the Source.

^fAll data were estimated.

^gCounts include private agency cases and may overstate the number under supervision.

^hData are for year ending Dec. 1, 2003.

ⁱData include estimates for misdemeanors based on annual admissions.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Probation and Parole in the United States, 2003*, Bulletin NCJ 205336 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, July 2004), p. 3, Table 2.

Table 6.4

Federal offenders under community supervisionBy offense, United States, fiscal year 2001^a

Most serious conviction offense	Total offenders under supervision		Type of supervision					
	Number	Percent	Probation		Supervised release ^b		Parole	
			Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All offenses	103,348	100%	30,782	100%	68,496	100%	4,070	100%
Felonies	93,113	90.3	21,104	68.9	67,945	99.3	4,064	100
Violent offenses	6,163	6.0	587	1.9	4,273	6.2	1,303	32.0
Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	410	0.4	31	0.1	211	0.3	168	4.1
Negligent manslaughter	8	(c)	0	X	6	(c)	2	(c)
Assault	627	0.6	162	0.5	401	0.6	64	1.6
Robbery	4,471	4.3	288	0.9	3,244	4.7	939	23.1
Sexual abuse ^d	403	0.4	92	0.3	277	0.4	34	0.8
Kidnaping	200	0.2	9	(c)	96	0.1	95	2.3
Threats against the President	44	(c)	5	(c)	38	0.1	1	(c)
Property offenses	28,851	28.0	11,458	37.4	17,020	24.9	373	9.2
Fraudulent	23,947	23.2	9,195	30.0	14,555	21.3	197	4.8
Embezzlement	3,174	3.1	953	3.1	2,208	3.2	13	0.3
Fraud ^e	17,993	17.4	6,918	22.6	10,915	15.9	160	3.9
Forgery	466	0.5	253	0.8	198	0.3	15	0.4
Counterfeiting	2,314	2.2	1,071	3.5	1,234	1.8	9	0.2
Other	4,904	4.8	2,263	7.4	2,465	3.6	176	4.3
Burglary	254	0.2	59	0.2	132	0.2	63	1.5
Larceny ^f	3,406	3.3	1,840	6.0	1,501	2.2	65	1.6
Motor vehicle theft	429	0.4	120	0.4	294	0.4	15	0.4
Arson and explosives	341	0.3	66	0.2	257	0.4	18	0.4
Transportation of stolen property	397	0.4	142	0.5	242	0.4	13	0.3
Other property offenses ^g	77	0.1	36	0.1	39	0.1	2	(c)
Drug offenses	42,333	41.0	3,644	11.9	36,771	53.7	1,918	47.2
Trafficking	38,001	36.8	3,301	10.8	32,968	48.2	1,732	42.6
Other drug offenses	4,332	4.2	343	1.1	3,803	5.6	186	4.6
Public-order offenses	8,773	8.5	3,720	12.1	4,747	6.9	306	7.5
Regulatory	2,604	2.5	1,481	4.8	1,089	1.6	34	0.8
Agriculture	85	0.1	54	0.2	30	(c)	1	(c)
Antitrust	24	(c)	19	0.1	5	(c)	0	X
Food and drug	73	0.1	51	0.2	22	(c)	0	X
Transportation	81	0.1	49	0.2	29	(c)	3	0.1
Civil rights	156	0.2	35	0.1	117	0.2	4	0.1
Communications	125	0.1	84	0.3	41	0.1	0	X
Customs laws	156	0.2	75	0.2	81	0.1	0	X
Postal laws	136	0.1	92	0.3	42	0.1	2	(c)
Other regulatory offenses	1,768	1.7	1,022	3.3	722	1.1	24	0.6
Other	6,169	6.0	2,239	7.3	3,658	5.3	272	6.7
Tax law violations including tax fraud	1,421	1.4	777	2.5	635	0.9	9	0.2
Bribery	415	0.4	235	0.8	176	0.3	4	0.1
Perjury, contempt, intimidation	338	0.3	129	0.4	199	0.3	10	0.2
National defense	49	(c)	17	0.1	17	(c)	15	0.4
Escape	291	0.3	48	0.2	223	0.3	20	0.5
Racketeering and extortion	2,113	2.0	436	1.4	1,518	2.2	159	3.9
Gambling offenses	195	0.2	114	0.4	81	0.1	0	X
Nonviolent sex offenses	855	0.8	214	0.7	597	0.9	44	1.1
Mail or transport of obscene material	61	0.1	27	0.1	34	(c)	0	X
Migratory birds	5	(c)	5	(c)	0	X	0	X
Other felonies	426	0.4	237	0.8	178	0.3	11	0.3
Weapons offenses	4,977	4.8	803	2.6	4,017	5.9	157	3.9
Immigration offenses	1,807	1.8	735	2.4	1,069	1.6	3	0.1
Misdemeanors ^h	10,235	9.9	9,678	31.6	551	0.8	6	0.1

Note: These data are from the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics' Federal Justice Statistics Program database. Sources of information include the Executive Office for U.S. Attorneys, the Administrative Office of the United States Courts (AO), the U.S. Sentencing Commission, the U.S. Marshals Service, the Drug Enforcement Administration, the Federal Bureau of Prisons, the Federal Pretrial Services Agency, and the Federal probation and supervision service.

Data on probation, parole, and supervision are from the Federal Probation Supervision Information System maintained by the AO. Only records with offenders under active supervision as of the end of fiscal year 2001 were selected. Corporate defendants were excluded. Total includes 209 felony offenders whose offense category could not be determined. For methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 11.

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

^bUnder the Federal Sentencing Reform Act, supervised release replaces parole for Federal offenders sentenced on or after Nov. 1, 1987.

^cLess than 0.05%.

^dIncludes only violent sex offenses.

^eExcludes tax fraud.

^fExcludes transportation of stolen property.

^gExcludes fraudulent property offenses; includes destruction of property and trespass.

^hIncludes misdemeanors, petty offenses, and unknown offense level.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 2001*, NCJ 201627 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 93.

Table 6.5

Persons received for supervision by the Federal Probation System

By type of supervision, 1975-2003^a

	Type of supervision											
	Total cases		Court probation	U.S. magistrate judge probation	Supervised release	Pretrial diversion	Parole ^b	Mandatory release	Military parole	Special parole	Bureau of Prisons custody	Received by transfer
	Number	Percent										
1975	36,061	100%	51.8%	13.5%	NA	3.2%	21.9%	6.7%	0.6%	2.4%	NA	NA
1976	35,102	100	52.3	15.3	NA	4.9	17.9	5.5	0.7	3.4	NA	NA
1977	35,098	100	50.0	16.2	NA	5.9	14.9	7.2	0.8	5.0	NA	NA
1978	34,808	100	45.0	16.7	NA	6.1	16.7	9.5	0.5	5.5	NA	NA
1979	33,839	100	41.7	15.4	NA	6.7	20.2	9.5	0.3	6.3	NA	NA
1980	31,410	100	38.8	14.6	NA	6.4	24.4	8.5	0.7	6.6	NA	NA
1981	29,575	100	40.2	18.3	NA	6.8	21.8	6.6	1.1	5.1	NA	NA
1982	31,531	100	42.1	20.5	NA	6.4	18.7	6.2	0.9	5.1	NA	NA
1983	33,784	100	43.2	21.5	NA	6.4	17.5	6.0	0.8	4.6	NA	NA
1984	34,582	100	42.3	21.9	NA	6.3	18.1	6.3	0.7	4.4	NA	NA
1985	35,199	100	42.7	21.8	NA	6.4	16.6	7.1	0.8	4.6	NA	NA
1986	37,583	100	42.0	22.8	NA	5.5	15.7	7.7	1.0	5.2	NA	NA
1987	38,486	100	43.5	21.0	NA	3.8	16.2	8.8	1.1	5.5	NA	NA
1988	37,974	100	41.6	21.5	0.1%	0.0	18.2	10.9	1.3	6.3	NA	NA
1989	38,184	100	37.3	21.8	3.1	NA	19.4	10.8	1.2	6.2	NA	NA
1990	47,546	100	27.1	17.7	10.1	NA	14.6	8.2	1.2	4.8	NA	16.3%
1991	47,720	100	26.5	15.7	18.7	NA	12.3	7.2	1.0	3.9	NA	14.5
1992	49,102	100	24.6	15.6	26.0	NA	8.6	5.3	1.0	3.2	NA	15.7
1993	48,722	100	23.0	15.0	31.1	NA	7.3	4.5	1.0	2.9	NA	15.3
1994	46,273	100	21.3	15.1	37.6	NA	5.5	3.5	0.8	2.2	NA	13.9
1995	45,163	100	19.4	15.3	41.9	NA	4.1	2.6	0.6	1.9	NA	14.2
1996	48,367	100	18.2	15.5	45.5	NA	3.6	1.9	0.5	1.4	NA	13.4
1997	46,190	100	18.5	15.0	47.9	NA	2.8	1.4	0.5	0.9	NA	13.1
1998	45,586	100	17.4	15.6	49.8	NA	2.6	1.0	0.4	0.7	NA	12.4
1999	48,035	100	17.9	14.4	52.9	NA	2.3	1.0	0.4	0.5	NA	10.6
2000	48,653	100	17.2	13.4	55.9	NA	2.3	0.7	0.3	0.4	NA	9.7
2001	50,308	100	16.4	12.4	57.5	NA	1.9	0.5	0.3	NA	1.7%	9.2
2002	54,062	100	16.1	11.5	58.6	NA	2.1	0.4	0.3	NA	2.0	8.9
2003	55,734	100	15.4	10.9	59.5	NA	1.8	0.3	0.3	NA	3.2	8.6

Note: Persons under supervision of the Federal Probation System include persons placed on probation--either by U.S. District Courts, U.S. magistrate judges, or at the request of U.S. attorneys (pretrial diversion/deferred prosecution)--and Federal offenders released from confinement on parole, supervised release, or mandatory release.

Data for 1975-90 represent persons who began supervision in the 12-month period prior to June 30 of the year noted. Beginning in 1991, data are reported for the Federal fiscal year, which is the 12-month period ending September 30. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. The Canal Zone, Guam, and the Virgin Islands began reporting data in 1977.

"Supervised release" refers to a specified term of post-release supervision enacted in November 1987 under the Federal Sentencing Guidelines.

"Pretrial diversion" was called "deferred prosecution" in years prior to 1977.

"Special parole" refers to a specified period of parole attached to a term of imprisonment at sentencing. This provision is applicable to violations of certain drug laws (see Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, Public Law 91-513, Oct. 27, 1970, 84 Stat. 1260).

"Bureau of Prisons custody" was added in fiscal year 2001 and includes persons completing incarceration under the jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Prisons but who may be in halfway houses or other facilities and supervised by probation officers (Source, 2001, p. 31).

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

^bBeginning in fiscal year 2001, this category includes "special parole."

Source: Administrative Office of the United States Courts, *Annual Report of the Director*, 1975, p. 164; 1985, p. 212; 1986, p. 43; 1995, p. 245; 1998, p. 257; 1999, p. 251 (Washington, DC: Administrative Office of the United States Courts); Administrative Office of the United States Courts, *Annual Report of the Director*, 1988, p. 39; 1990, p. 28; 1991, p. 110; 1993, p. 28; 1994, p. 245; 1996, p. 241; 1997, p. 237 (Washington, DC: USGPO); and Administrative Office of the United States Courts, *Judicial Business of the United States Courts: 2000 Annual Report of the Director*, p. 250; 2001 Annual Report of the Director, p. 240; 2002 Annual Report of the Director, p. 243; 2003 Annual Report of the Director, p. 242 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.6

Movement of persons under supervision of the Federal Probation System

Fiscal year 2003

	Number	Percent ^a
Persons under supervision on Oct. 1, 2002	108,701	X
Total received	55,734	100%
Court probation	8,605	15.4
U.S. magistrate judge probation	6,064	10.9
Supervised release	33,164	59.5
Parole/special parole	985	1.8
Mandatory release	171	0.3
Military parole	147	0.3
Bureau of Prisons custody	1,784	3.2
Received by transfer	4,814	8.6
Total removed	53,814	100%
Court probation	9,125	17.0
U.S. magistrate judge probation	6,337	11.8
Supervised release	30,571	56.8
Parole/special parole	1,234	2.3
Mandatory release	259	0.5
Military parole	170	0.3
Bureau of Prisons custody	1,425	2.6
Removed by transfer	4,693	8.7
Persons under supervision on Sept. 30, 2003	110,621	X

Note: See Note, table 6.5.

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

Source: Administrative Office of the United States Courts, *Judicial Business of the United States Courts: 2003 Annual Report of the Director* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2004), pp. 242, 243. Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.7

Persons under supervision of the Federal Probation System and authorized probation officers

United States, 1975-2003

	Number of persons under supervision	Number of probation officers
1975	64,261	1,377
1976	64,246	1,452
1977	64,427	1,578
1978	66,681	1,604
1979	66,087	1,604
1980	64,450	1,604
1981	59,016	1,534
1982	58,373	1,637
1983	60,180	1,574
1984	63,092	1,690
1985	65,999	1,758
1986	69,656	1,847
1987	73,432	1,879
1988	76,366	2,046
1989	77,284	2,146
1990	80,592	2,361
1991	83,012	2,802
1992	85,920	3,316
1993	86,823	3,516 ^a
1994	89,103	NA
1995	85,822	NA
1996	88,966	3,473
1997	91,434	3,603
1998	93,737	3,842
1999	97,190	3,913
2000	100,395	3,981
2001	104,715	4,345
2002	108,792	4,476
2003	110,621	4,560

Note: See Note, table 6.5. The "number of persons under supervision" data for 1975-87 are reported for the 12-month period ending June 30. Beginning in 1988, these data are reported for the Federal fiscal year, which is the 12-month period ending September 30. The "number of probation officers" data for 1975-90 are reported as of June 30. Beginning in 1991, these data are reported as of September 30. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aApproximate.

Source: Administrative Office of the United States Courts, *Annual Report of the Director*, 1980, p. 15; 1983, pp. 20, 38; 1985, pp. 22, 52; 1995, p. 246; 1998, p. 258; 1999, p. 252 (Washington, DC: Administrative Office of the United States Courts); Administrative Office of the United States Courts, *Annual Report of the Director*, 1982, p. 19, Table 19; 1987, pp. 38, 49; 1989, pp. 34, 45; 1990, pp. 27, 41; 1991, pp. 109, 127; 1992, pp. 85, 98; 1994, Table 8; 1996, p. 242; 1997, p. 238 (Washington, DC: USGPO); Administrative Office of the United States Courts, *Judicial Business of the United States Courts: 2000 Annual Report of the Director*, p. 251; 2001 Annual Report of the Director, p. 241; 2002 Annual Report of the Director, p. 244; 2003 Annual Report of the Director, p. 243 (Washington, DC: USGPO); and data provided by the Administrative Office of the United States Courts. Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.8

Federal probation terminations

By outcome and offense, United States, fiscal year 2001

Most serious conviction offense	Number of probation terminations	Percent terminating supervision with:					
		No violation	Technical violations ^a			New crime ^b	Administrative case closure
			Drug use	Fugitive status	Other		
All offenses	14,961	80.4%	3.1%	2.4%	6.1%	6.4%	1.6%
Felonies	7,573	82.8	2.8	2.3	4.7	5.6	1.7
Violent offenses	239	71.1	2.1	3.8	9.2	11.7	2.1
Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	12	41.7	0.0	8.3	33.3	16.7	0.0
Assault	67	62.7	3.0	4.5	10.4	13.4	6.0
Robbery	115	80.0	2.6	2.6	6.1	7.8	0.9
Sexual abuse ^c	38	65.8	0.0	5.3	10.5	18.4	0.0
Kidnaping	4	B	B	B	B	B	B
Threats against the President	3	B	B	B	B	B	B
Property offenses	4,173	83.3	2.8	2.0	5.0	5.2	1.6
Fraudulent offenses	3,380	85.3	2.3	1.7	4.5	4.5	1.6
Embezzlement	366	87.7	2.5	0.8	4.9	3.0	1.1
Fraud ^d	2,496	86.8	1.7	1.6	4.0	4.2	1.8
Forgery	90	75.6	5.6	5.6	6.7	4.4	2.2
Counterfeiting	428	76.2	5.1	2.8	7.0	7.9	0.9
Other offenses	793	75.0	4.7	3.2	7.2	8.2	1.8
Burglary	30	53.3	0.0	20.0	6.7	16.7	3.3
Larceny ^e	621	75.4	5.6	2.4	6.6	8.4	1.6
Motor vehicle theft	40	65.0	5.0	5.0	15.0	7.5	2.5
Arson and explosives	31	74.2	0.0	3.2	12.9	9.7	0.0
Transportation of stolen property	54	90.7	0.0	0.0	5.6	1.9	1.9
Other property offenses ^f	17	76.5	0.0	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9
Drug offenses	1,167	79.6	4.5	2.7	4.4	6.8	2.1
Trafficking	1,023	79.4	4.8	2.7	4.4	6.6	2.1
Possession and other	144	81.3	2.8	2.1	4.2	7.6	2.1
Public-order offenses	1,425	90.4	1.4	1.5	2.5	2.7	1.5
Regulatory offenses	552	90.2	1.6	1.8	2.4	3.1	0.9
Agriculture	35	94.3	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.9
Antitrust	5	B	B	B	B	B	B
Food and drug	22	95.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	0.0
Transportation	24	95.8	0.0	0.0	4.2	0.0	0.0
Civil rights	9	B	B	B	B	B	B
Communications	31	93.5	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2
Customs laws	33	93.9	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0
Postal laws	37	83.8	0.0	8.1	8.1	0.0	0.0
Other regulatory offenses	356	89.3	2.0	1.7	2.2	4.2	0.6
Other offenses	873	90.5	1.3	1.4	2.5	2.5	1.8
Tax law violations including tax fraud	390	93.6	0.3	0.8	2.3	1.3	1.8
Bribery	90	95.6	0.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Perjury, contempt, intimidation	68	92.6	0.0	0.0	1.5	2.9	2.9
National defense	12	83.3	0.0	8.3	0.0	8.3	0.0
Escape	24	62.5	12.5	0.0	12.5	12.5	0.0
Racketeering and extortion	137	87.6	2.9	0.7	3.6	2.9	2.2
Gambling offenses	52	94.2	0.0	1.9	0.0	1.9	1.9
Nonviolent sex offenses	34	76.5	0.0	5.9	2.9	11.8	2.9
Mail or transport of obscene material	6	B	B	B	B	B	B
Migratory birds	3	B	B	B	B	B	B
Other felonies	57	82.5	5.3	5.3	3.5	1.8	1.8
Weapons offenses	255	73.3	3.9	4.7	6.3	10.2	1.6
Immigration offenses	261	73.6	1.9	6.1	5.0	11.9	1.5
Misdemeanors ^g	7,388	77.9	3.5	2.5	7.5	7.1	1.4

Note: See Note, table 6.4. Only records with one or more terminations of active supervision during fiscal year 2001 were selected. Each termination was counted separately. Technical violations and terminations for new crimes are shown only if supervision terminated with incarceration or removal from active supervision for reason of a violation. The data exclude corporate offenders. Total includes 53 felony offenders whose offense category could not be determined. For methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 11.

^cIncludes only violent sex offenses.

^dExcludes tax fraud.

^eExcludes transportation of stolen property.

^fExcludes fraudulent property offenses; includes destruction of property and trespass.

^gIncludes misdemeanors, petty offenses, and unknown offense level.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 2001*, NCJ 201627 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 95.

^aSupervision terminated with incarceration or removal to inactive status for violation of supervision conditions other than charges for new offenses.

^bSupervision terminated with incarceration or removal to inactive status after arrest for a "major" or "minor" offense.

Table 6.9

Number and rate (per 100,000 juveniles age 10 through upper age of jurisdiction) of juveniles in public and private residential custody facilities

By State, 1997, 1999, and 2001^a

State	Juvenile offenders in public and private residential custody facilities					
	Oct. 29, 1997		Oct. 27, 1999		Oct. 24, 2001	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
United States, total ^b	105,790	359	108,931	361	104,413	336
Alabama	1,685	329	1,589	313	1,617	317
Alaska	352	430	382	445	349	386
Arizona	1,868	349	1,901	328	1,884	300
Arkansas	603	192	705	225	652	209
California	19,899	529	19,072	490	18,145	436
Colorado	1,748	377	1,979	406	1,772	346
Connecticut	1,326	502	1,466	521	630	210
Delaware	311	377	347	402	305	350
District of Columbia	265	560	259	545	171	368
Florida	5,975	385	6,813	416	6,776	388
Georgia	3,622	464	3,729	455	2,942	338
Hawaii	134	102	118	91	103	78
Idaho	242	143	360	213	530	309
Illinois	3,425	279	3,885	312	3,560	279
Indiana	2,485	354	2,650	373	3,235	450
Iowa	1,064	305	1,017	294	1,105	330
Kansas	1,242	380	1,254	381	1,116	344
Kentucky	1,079	235	1,188	264	990	227
Louisiana	2,776	555	2,745	560	2,456	507
Maine	318	219	242	165	227	158
Maryland	1,498	264	1,579	264	1,198	191
Massachusetts	1,065	191	1,188	202	1,324	223
Michigan	3,710	369	4,324	422	3,504	334
Minnesota	1,522	259	1,760	293	1,946	326
Mississippi	756	210	784	220	693	199
Missouri	1,401	245	1,161	202	1,392	243
Montana	302	265	246	218	266	243
Nebraska	741	351	720	341	718	348
Nevada	857	460	789	378	901	380
New Hampshire	186	153	216	168	203	155
New Jersey	2,251	263	2,386	268	2,079	220
New Mexico	778	329	855	363	837	356
New York	4,661	309	4,813	311	4,593	287
North Carolina	1,204	197	1,429	222	1,318	192
North Dakota	272	331	235	292	180	243
Ohio	4,318	329	4,531	344	4,554	344
Oklahoma	808	193	1,123	270	870	215
Oregon	1,462	382	1,549	400	1,508	382
Pennsylvania	3,962	294	3,819	278	4,066	297
Rhode Island	426	394	310	271	311	276
South Carolina	1,583	405	1,650	416	1,398	350
South Dakota	528	535	603	620	496	523
Tennessee	2,118	346	1,534	247	1,655	261
Texas	6,898	317	7,954	356	8,524	364
Utah	768	239	985	310	1,015	328
Vermont	49	68	67	92	62	87
Virginia	2,879	391	3,085	404	2,811	352
Washington	2,216	333	2,094	306	2,054	293
West Virginia	398	198	388	201	475	254
Wisconsin	2,013	356	1,924	338	1,941	343
Wyoming	340	507	310	481	327	531

Note: These data are from the Census of Juveniles in Residential Placement, conducted biennially by the U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. Public and private facilities, secure and nonsecure, that hold alleged or adjudicated juvenile delinquents or status offenders are asked to provide information on each juvenile in residence on a specified reference date. Facilities are asked to include all juveniles under 21 years of age assigned a bed in the residential facility on the reference date as a result of being charged or court adjudicated for an offense. The reference date for the 1997 census was October 29 and the facility response rate was 96%; for the 1999 census it was October 27 and 100%; and for the 2001 census it was October 24 and 89%.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

^bTotals include 3,401 juveniles in 1997, 2,645 juveniles in 1999, and 2,435 juveniles in 2001 in private facilities for whom the State where the offense was committed was not reported; and 174 juveniles in 1999 and 194 juveniles in 2001 in tribal facilities.

Source: Melissa Sickmund, T.J. Sladky, and Wei Kang, "Census of Juveniles in Residential Placement Databook" [Online]. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. Available: <http://www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/cjrp/> [May 17, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.10

Juveniles in public and private residential custody facilitiesBy race, ethnicity, and offense, United States, on Oct. 24, 2001^a

Most serious offense	Total	Race and ethnicity					
		White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic	American Indian	Asian	Other
Total	104,413	41,342	40,751	18,012	2,177	1,510	621
Delinquency offenses	99,297	38,775	39,117	17,436	1,980	1,449	537
Violent offenses	34,915	12,897	14,469	6,051	729	555	216
Index offenses ^b	23,696	7,932	10,290	4,452	522	393	105
Other violent	11,219	4,965	4,179	1,599	207	162	108
Property offenses	29,373	12,468	10,809	4,887	609	447	156
Index offenses ^c	24,467	10,362	9,045	4,053	513	381	114
Other property	4,906	2,106	1,764	834	96	63	42
Drug offenses	9,086	2,889	4,353	1,608	114	75	48
Public-order offenses	10,451	4,101	3,960	1,986	204	144	57
Technical violation	15,472	6,420	5,526	2,907	324	231	63
Status offenses ^d	5,116	2,568	1,632	576	198	60	84

Note: See Note, table 6.9.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bIncludes criminal homicide, violent sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault.^cIncludes burglary, theft, auto theft, and arson.^dStatus offenses include running away, underage drinking, truancy, curfew violations, and other offenses that are illegal for juveniles but not adults. Care should be exercised when interpreting status offense data because States differ in what they classify as an adjudicable status offense.

Source: Melissa Sickmund, T.J. Sladky, and Wei Kang, "Census of Juveniles in Residential Placement Databook" [Online]. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. Available: <http://www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/cjrp/> [May 17, 2004].

Table 6.11

Juveniles in public and private residential custody facilitiesBy age and sex, United States, on Oct. 24, 2001^a

Age	Total		Sex			
			Male		Female	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	104,413	100%	89,271	85%	15,142	15%
Less than 13 years	1,852	2	1,563	84	288	16
13 years	4,448	4	3,492	79	957	22
14 years	10,499	10	8,205	78	2,295	22
15 years	19,565	19	15,825	81	3,741	19
16 years	26,992	26	23,061	85	3,930	15
17 years	24,988	24	22,131	89	2,856	11
18 years and older	16,069	15	14,994	93	1,074	7

Note: See Note, table 6.9.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

Source: Melissa Sickmund, T.J. Sladky, and Wei Kang, "Census of Juveniles in Residential Placement Databook" [Online]. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. Available: <http://www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/cjrp/> [May 17, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.12

Juveniles in public and private residential custody facilitiesBy sex, race, ethnicity, and State, on Oct. 24, 2001^a

State	Total	Sex		Race and ethnicity						Type of facility	
		Male	Female	White,		Black,		American		Public	Private
				non-Hispanic	non-Hispanic	non-Hispanic	non-Hispanic	Hispanic	Indian		
United States, total ^b	104,413	89,271	15,142	41,342	40,751	18,012	2,177	1,510	621	73,328	30,891
Alabama	1,617	1,314	303	711	882	15	0	0	6	840	777
Alaska	349	294	54	135	30	12	147	18	6	252	96
Arizona	1,884	1,545	339	759	177	828	102	21	0	1,602	282
Arkansas	652	519	132	297	321	24	0	3	6	354	297
California	18,145	16,152	1,992	3,846	5,757	7,557	330	600	54	16,548	1,596
Colorado	1,772	1,515	255	882	237	612	33	6	3	942	828
Connecticut	630	525	105	267	198	156	3	6	3	291	339
Delaware	305	267	39	90	189	24	0	0	0	222	84
District of Columbia	171	162	9	6	159	6	0	0	0	90	81
Florida	6,776	5,820	957	2,931	3,327	477	3	21	15	2,880	3,894
Georgia	2,942	2,451	489	909	1,935	81	0	12	3	2,259	681
Hawaii	103	81	24	9	9	12	0	63	12	84	18
Idaho	530	435	96	429	3	81	12	3	3	453	78
Illinois	3,560	3,171	390	1,224	1,929	303	9	84	9	3,003	558
Indiana	3,235	2,514	720	1,989	1,068	144	3	12	21	2,313	924
Iowa	1,105	903	201	837	162	57	24	15	9	372	735
Kansas	1,116	957	159	597	315	114	24	12	57	810	306
Kentucky	990	825	165	690	279	9	3	3	6	771	219
Louisiana	2,456	2,049	408	660	1,767	15	3	6	3	1,968	489
Maine	227	186	42	213	9	3	3	0	0	180	48
Maryland	1,198	1,068	129	459	702	30	0	3	3	597	603
Massachusetts	1,324	1,149	174	576	357	336	3	33	18	540	783
Michigan	3,504	2,871	633	1,788	1,482	150	21	15	48	1,572	1,932
Minnesota	1,946	1,638	306	1,050	447	93	222	111	24	1,005	942
Mississippi	693	555	138	171	516	3	0	0	3	678	15
Missouri	1,392	1,206	186	711	636	27	3	6	6	1,356	36
Montana	266	228	36	183	6	12	60	6	0	162	102
Nebraska	718	525	192	372	198	96	39	6	9	510	210
Nevada	901	732	168	468	231	171	15	12	6	819	84
New Hampshire	203	174	27	144	15	39	3	6	0	132	72
New Jersey	2,079	1,875	204	315	1,371	378	3	9	6	2,022	57
New Mexico	837	708	129	162	63	519	90	3	0	753	84
New York	4,593	3,675	918	1,482	2,607	321	90	42	54	2,517	2,076
North Carolina	1,318	1,140	180	462	759	51	15	18	15	948	369
North Dakota	180	153	27	102	6	3	63	0	3	93	87
Ohio	4,554	4,005	549	2,391	1,947	108	3	12	96	4,050	504
Oklahoma	870	777	93	435	252	54	126	3	0	531	339
Oregon	1,508	1,314	195	1,143	126	150	66	21	6	1,293	213
Pennsylvania	4,066	3,570	495	1,641	1,863	480	3	33	45	1,239	2,826
Rhode Island	311	282	30	123	90	84	9	3	3	183	129
South Carolina	1,398	1,212	186	468	924	3	0	0	0	1,035	363
South Dakota	496	351	147	267	12	6	207	3	3	333	165
Tennessee	1,655	1,338	318	819	786	27	0	12	12	1,149	504
Texas	8,524	7,512	1,011	2,424	2,742	3,294	15	51	0	6,900	1,623
Utah	1,015	846	171	747	42	183	24	15	3	486	528
Vermont	62	57	3	48	6	9	0	0	0	30	33
Virginia	2,811	2,379	432	1,053	1,614	99	3	30	9	2,595	216
Washington	2,054	1,761	291	1,260	345	261	102	84	0	1,905	150
West Virginia	475	399	78	393	72	0	0	0	6	219	255
Wisconsin	1,941	1,620	321	981	771	63	54	60	12	1,272	669
Wyoming	327	186	141	246	12	45	21	3	0	174	153

Note: See Note, table 6.9. These data reflect the State where the offense was committed rather than the State in which the holding facility is located.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

^bTotal includes 2,435 juvenile offenders in private facilities for whom the State where the offense was committed was not reported and 194 juvenile offenders in tribal facilities.

Source: Melissa Sickmund, T. J. Sladky, and Wei Kang, "Census of Juveniles in Residential Placement Databook" [Online]. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. Available: <http://www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/cjrp/> [May 17, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCE-BOOK staff.

Table 6.13

Number and rate (per 100,000 residents) of persons in State and Federal prisons and local jails

United States, 1985, 1990-2003

	Total	Prisoners in custody		Inmates in	Incarceration
	in custody	Federal	State	local jails	rate ^a
1985	744,208	35,781	451,812	256,615	313
1990	1,148,702	58,838	684,544	405,320	458
1991	1,219,014	63,930	728,605	426,479	481
1992	1,295,150	72,071	778,495	444,584	505
1993	1,369,185	80,815	828,566	459,804	528
1994	1,476,621	85,500	904,647	486,474	564
1995	1,585,586	89,538	989,004	507,044	601
1996	1,646,020	95,088	1,032,440	518,492	618
1997	1,743,643	101,755	1,074,809	567,079	648
1998	1,816,931	110,793	1,113,676	592,462	669
1999 ^b	1,893,115	125,682	1,161,490	605,943	691
2000	1,937,482 ^c	133,921	1,176,269	621,149	684
2001	1,961,247 ^c	143,337	1,180,155	631,240	685
2002	2,033,022 ^c	151,618	1,209,331	665,475	701
2003	2,085,620 ^c	161,673	1,226,175	691,301	714
<u>Percent change</u>					
2002 to 2003	2.6%	6.6%	1.4%	3.9%	X
<u>Annual average</u>					
<u>percent increase</u>					
1995 to 2003	3.5%	7.7%	2.7%	4.0%	X

Note: Jail counts are for June 30; counts for 1994-2003 exclude persons who were supervised outside of a jail facility. State and Federal prisoner counts are for December 31. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For information on methodology and explanatory notes, see Appendix 4 and Appendix 15.

^aNumber of prison and jail inmates per 100,000 U.S. residents at yearend.

^bIn 1999, 15 States expanded their reporting criteria to include prisoners held in privately operated correctional facilities. For comparisons with previous years, the State count 1,137,544 and the total 1,869,169 should be used for 1999.

^cIncludes Federal prisoners in non-secure privately operated facilities (6,143 in 2000, 6,515 in 2001, 6,598 in 2002, and 6,471 in 2003).

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prison and Jail Inmates at Midyear 1998*, Bulletin NCJ 173414 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, March 1999), p. 2, Table 1; U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in 2002*, Bulletin NCJ 200248, p. 2; and *2003*, Bulletin NCJ 205335, p. 2, Table 1 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.14

Number of jail inmates, average daily population, and rated capacity

By legal status and sex, United States, 1983-2003

By legal status and sex: United States, 1983-2003								Percent of
	1-day counts ^a					Average daily population ^c	Rated capacity of jails ^d	rated capacity occupied ^e
	All inmates	Adults			Juvenile ^b			
		Total	Male	Female				
1983	223,551	221,815	206,163	15,652	1,736	227,541	261,556	85%
1984	234,500	233,018	216,275	16,743	1,482	230,641	261,432	90
1985	256,615	254,986	235,909	19,077	1,629	265,010	272,830	94
1986	274,444	272,736	251,235	21,501	1,708	265,517	285,726	96
1987	295,873	294,092	270,172	23,920	1,781	290,300	301,198	98
1988	343,569	341,893	311,594	30,299	1,676	336,017	339,633	101
1989	395,553	393,303	356,050	37,253	2,250	386,845	367,769	108
1990	405,320	403,019	365,821	37,198	2,301	408,075	389,171	104
1991	426,479	424,129	384,628	39,501	2,350	422,609	421,237	101
1992	444,584	441,780	401,106	40,674	2,804	441,889	449,197	99
1993 ^f	459,804	455,500	411,500	44,100	4,300	466,155	475,224	97
1994 ^f	486,474	479,800	431,300	48,500	6,700	479,757	504,324	96
1995 ^f	507,044	499,300	448,000	51,300	7,800	509,828	545,763	93
1996 ^f	518,492	510,400	454,700	55,700	8,100	515,432	562,971	92
1997	567,079	557,974	498,678	59,296	9,105	556,586	586,564	97
1998	592,462	584,372	520,581	63,791	8,090	593,808	612,780	97
1999	605,943	596,485	528,998	67,487	9,458	607,978	652,321	93
2000	621,149	613,534	543,120	70,414	7,615	618,319	677,787	92
2001	631,240	623,628	551,007	72,621	7,613	625,966	699,309	90
2002	665,475	658,228	581,411	76,817	7,248	652,082	713,899	93
2003	691,301	684,431	602,781	81,650	6,869	680,760	735,518	94

Note: Data for 1983, 1988, 1993, and 1999 are from the National Jail Census. Data for 1984-87, 1989-92, 1994-98, and 2000-2003 are from the Annual Survey of Jails taken during noncensus years. Both the censuses and the surveys are conducted for the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics by the U.S. Census Bureau. The data from the annual surveys are estimates and therefore are subject to sampling variation. A jail is defined as a locally administered confinement facility that holds inmates beyond arraignment, usually for more than 48 hours, and is administered and staffed by municipal or county employees. Excluded from the censuses and surveys were temporary holding facilities, such as physically separate drunk tanks and police lockups, and other holding facilities that did not hold persons after they were formally charged in court. Also excluded for all years were Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Rhode Island, and Vermont because these States have integrated jail-prison systems. Alaska also was excluded as an integrated system; however, beginning in 1988, locally operated jails in Alaska are included. For methodology and survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 4.

^aData for years prior to 1994 include an unknown number of persons who were under jail supervision but not confined. Beginning in 1994, data are based on the number of inmates held in jail facilities.

^bJuveniles are persons defined by State statute as being under a certain age, usually 18, and subject initially to juvenile court authority even if tried as adults in criminal court. In 1994, the definition was changed to include all persons under age 18.

^cThe average daily population is the sum of the number of inmates in a jail each day for a year, divided by the number of days in the year.

^dRated capacity is the number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to facilities within each jurisdiction.

^eThe number of inmates divided by rated capacity times 100. Prior to 1994, this ratio may include some inmates not in physical custody, but under the jurisdiction of a local jail, such as inmates on electronic monitoring, under house arrest, or in day reporting or other community supervision programs. Beginning in 1994, the ratio includes only those held in jail.

^fDetailed data for 1-day counts are estimated and rounded to the nearest 100.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Jail Inmates, 1985*, NCJ-105586 (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1987), p. 5, Table 1 and p. 7, Table 5; U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Jail Inmates 1987*, Bulletin NCJ-114319, p. 2, Table 1 and p. 3, Table 5; *1990*, Bulletin NCJ-129756, p. 1, Table 1 and p. 2, Table 5; *1991*, Bulletin NCJ-134726, p. 2, Table 1 and p. 3, Table 5; *1992*, Bulletin NCJ-143284, p. 2, Table 1 and p. 3, Table 6; *Jails and Jail Inmates 1993-94*, Bulletin NCJ-151651, p. 3 and p. 6, Table 7; *Prison and Jail Inmates at Midyear 1997*, Bulletin NCJ-167247, p. 6, Table 6 and p. 7, Table 8; *1998*, Bulletin NCJ 173414, p. 6, Table 6 and p. 7, Table 8; *1999*, Bulletin NCJ 181643, p. 6, Table 6 and p. 7, Table 9; *2002*, Bulletin NCJ 198877, p. 8, Table 9 and p. 9; *2003*, Bulletin NCJ 203947, p. 8, Table 9 and p. 9 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.15

Persons under jail supervision

By confinement status and type of program, United States, 1995-2003

Confinement status and type of program	Persons under jail supervision								
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total	541,913	591,469	637,319	664,847	687,973	687,033	702,044	737,912	762,672
Held in jail	507,044	518,492	567,079	592,462	605,943	621,149	631,240	665,475	691,301
Supervised outside a jail facility ^a	34,869	72,977	70,239	72,385	82,030	65,884	70,804	72,437	71,371
Electronic monitoring	6,788	7,480	8,699	10,827	10,230	10,782	10,017	9,706	12,678
Home detention ^b	1,376	907	1,164	370	518	332	539	1,037	594
Day reporting	1,283	3,298	2,768	3,089	5,080	3,969	3,522	5,010	7,965
Community service	10,253	17,410	15,918	17,518	20,139	13,592	17,561	13,918	17,102
Weekender programs	1,909	16,336	17,656	17,249	16,089	14,523	14,381	17,955	12,111
Other pretrial supervision	3,229	2,135	7,368	6,048	10,092	6,279	6,632	8,702	11,452
Other work programs ^c	9,144	14,469	6,631	7,089	7,780	8,011	5,204	5,190	4,498
Treatment programs ^d	NA	10,425	6,693	5,702	8,500	5,714	5,219	1,256	1,891
Other	887	517	3,342	4,493	3,602	2,682	7,729	9,663	3,080

Note: See Note, table 6.14. For methodology and survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 4.

^aExcludes persons supervised by a probation or parole agency.

^bIncludes only those without electronic monitoring.

^cIncludes persons in work release programs, work gangs/crews, and other work alternative programs.

^dIncludes persons under drug, alcohol, mental health, and other medical treatment.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prison and Jail Inmates at Midyear 2000*, Bulletin NCJ 185989, p. 6; *2003*, Bulletin NCJ 203947, p. 7 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice).

Table 6.16

Jail inmates

By confinement status, region, and jurisdiction, June 30, 1999

Region and jurisdiction	Persons under jail supervision ^a		Confinement status		
	Number	Rate per 100,000 U.S. residents ^b	Jail population under community supervision		
			Confined	Nonconfined ^c	Serving weekend sentences ^d
United States, total	699,182	256	617,152	65,941	16,089
Federal	11,209	4	11,209	0	0
State	687,973	252	605,943	65,941	16,089
Northeast	95,045	202	90,716	2,519	1,810
Maine	1,291	104	1,113	46	132
Massachusetts	11,125	180	10,774	324	27
New Hampshire	1,705	142	1,592	45	68
New Jersey	18,349	225	16,830	965	554
New York	34,265	188	33,411	208	646
Pennsylvania	28,310	236	26,996	931	383
Midwest	109,976	174	97,652	10,541	1,783
Illinois	19,366	160	16,880	2,121	365
Indiana	14,270	240	12,787	1,180	303
Iowa	3,162	110	2,998	33	131
Kansas	4,524	170	4,378	46	100
Michigan	18,679	190	15,629	2,789	261
Minnesota	6,445	135	5,002	1,337	106
Missouri	7,490	137	6,940	347	203
Nebraska	2,368	142	2,189	147	32
North Dakota	668	105	588	52	28
Ohio	18,703	167	16,638	1,849	216
South Dakota	1,100	149	1,064	17	19
Wisconsin	13,201	252	12,559	623	19
South	321,328	335	284,742	29,307	7,279
Alabama	11,803	269	11,418	103	282
Arkansas	5,398	211	4,832	394	172
District of Columbia	1,660	322	1,653	0	7
Florida	57,685	381	51,080	5,769	836
Georgia	34,861	447	32,835	1,528	498
Kentucky	15,680	396	10,373	5,024	283
Louisiana	26,976	615	25,631	1,260	85
Maryland	21,363	413	10,945	10,131	287
Mississippi	9,018	325	8,886	35	97
North Carolina	14,315	187	13,279	288	748
Oklahoma	7,100	211	6,743	195	162
South Carolina	9,427	243	8,780	203	444
Tennessee	20,557	374	19,629	52	876
Texas	61,182	304	57,930	1,809	1,443
Virginia	21,482	314	18,235	2,290	957
West Virginia	2,821	156	2,493	226	102
West	161,624	269	132,833	23,574	5,217
Alaska	68	11	68	0	0
Arizona	10,737	224	10,320	47	370
California	94,136	284	77,142	12,841	4,153
Colorado	16,094	397	9,004	6,870	220
Idaho	3,102	248	2,809	195	98
Montana	1,550	176	1,521	13	16
Nevada	5,681	313	4,898	718	65
New Mexico	5,439	311	5,217	164	58
Oregon	7,528	227	6,283	1,176	69
Utah	4,514	211	4,024	393	97
Washington	11,691	203	10,542	1,126	23
Wyoming	1,084	225	1,005	31	48

Note: These data are from the 1999 Census of Jails conducted for the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics by the U.S. Census Bureau. The 1999 census included all locally administered jails that held inmates beyond arraignment (usually more than 72 hours) and were staffed by municipal or county employees. Excluded from the census were physically separate temporary holding facilities, such as drunk tanks and police lockups, that do not hold persons after they are formally charged in court. Also excluded were Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Rhode Island, and Vermont because these jurisdictions have State-operated integrated jail/prison systems. Alaska also was excluded for this reason, however, 15 independently operated jails in Alaska were included. For additional information on the Census of Jails, see Appendix 4.

^aIncludes persons confined in jail facilities and those under community supervision.

^bBased on U.S. Census Bureau estimates of the U.S. resident population for July 1, 1999.

^cIncludes all persons in community-based programs run by jail authorities (e.g., electronic monitoring, house arrest, community service, day reporting, pretrial supervision, and other alternative work programs).

^dDuring the weekend prior to June 30, 1999. Includes all persons who serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday to Sunday).

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Census of Jails, 1999*, NCJ 186633 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2001), pp. 14, 19. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.17

Jail inmatesBy sex, race, Hispanic origin, and conviction status, United States, 1990-2003^a

Percent of jail inmates															
	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996 ^b	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
<u>Sex</u>															
Male	90.8	90.7	90.8	90.4	90.0	89.8	89.2	89.4	89.2	88.8	88.6	88.4	88.4	88.1	
Female	9.2	9.3	9.2	9.6	10.0	10.2	10.8	10.6	10.8	11.2	11.4	11.6	11.6	11.9	
<u>Race, Hispanic origin</u>															
White, non-Hispanic	41.8	41.1	40.1	39.3	39.1	40.1	41.6	40.6	41.3	41.3	41.9	43.0	43.8	43.6	
Black, non-Hispanic	42.5	43.4	44.1	44.2	43.9	43.5	41.1	42.0	41.2	41.5	41.3	40.6	39.8	39.2	
Hispanic	14.3	14.2	14.5	15.1	15.4	14.7	15.6	15.7	15.5	15.5	15.1	14.7	14.7	15.4	
Other ^c	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.8	
<u>Conviction status^d</u>															
Convicted	48.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	44.0	NA	NA	43.2	45.9	44.0	41.5	40.0	39.4	
Male	44.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	39.7	NA	NA	38.4	40.8	39.0	36.6	35.4	34.7	
Female	4.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.3	NA	NA	4.8	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.6	4.7	
Unconvicted	51.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	56.0	NA	NA	56.8	54.1	56.0	58.5	59.9	60.6	
Male	46.7	NA	NA	NA	NA	50.0	NA	NA	50.6	48.0	50.0	51.9	53.0	53.5	
Female	4.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	6.0	NA	NA	6.1	6.1	6.0	6.6	6.9	7.1	

Note: See Note, table 6.14. For methodology and survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 4.

^aPercents may not add to total because of rounding.^bBased on all persons under jail supervision; not limited to inmates confined in jail facilities.^cIncludes Asians, American Indians, Alaska Natives, Native Hawaiians, and other Pacific Islanders.^dData for conviction status include adults only with the exception of 1999, which includes adults and juveniles.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, **Prison and Jail Inmates at Midyear 1998**, Bulletin NCJ 173414, p. 6, Table 7 and p. 7; **2000**, Bulletin NCJ 185989, p. 7, Table 9; **2002**, Bulletin NCJ 198877, p. 8, Table 10; **2003**, Bulletin NCJ 203947, p. 8, Table 10 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.18

Characteristics of jail inmates

By conviction status, United States, 1983, 1989, 1996, and 2002

	Percent of jail inmates						
	1983	1989	1996	2002			
				Total	Convicted	Unconvicted	Both ^a
Number of jail inmates	223,552	395,554	507,026	631,241	394,039	182,754	100,495
Sex							
Male	92.9%	90.5%	89.8%	88.4%	87.7%	89.2%	89.6%
Female	7.1	9.5	10.2	11.6	12.3	10.8	10.4
Race, Hispanic origin^b							
White, non-Hispanic	46.4	38.6	37.4	36.0	39.4	31.0	33.3
Black, non-Hispanic	37.5	41.7	40.9	40.1	37.3	43.0	44.1
Hispanic	14.3	17.4	18.5	18.5	18.5	19.6	16.6
American Indian, Alaska Native	NA	NA	2.4	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.6
Asian, Pacific Islander	NA	NA	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.7	0.9
Other ^c	1.8	2.3	NA	3.0	2.6	3.3	3.6
Age							
17 years and younger	1.3	1.5	2.3	1.8	1.2	2.9	1.6
18 to 24 years	40.4	32.6	28.5	28.1	28.3	28.9	26.4
25 to 34 years	38.6	42.9	37.4	31.9	31.0	31.8	35.4
35 to 44 years	12.4	16.7	23.9	26.0	27.1	24.2	25.2
45 to 54 years	4.9	4.6	6.3	10.0	10.2	9.4	10.4
55 years and older	2.4	1.7	1.5	2.2	2.2	2.8	1.0
Marital status							
Married	21.0	19.0	15.7	16.2	15.8	16.5	17.3
Widowed	1.4	1.0	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.1
Divorced	15.7	15.1	15.6	15.7	16.3	14.7	15.5
Separated	7.9	8.2	8.7	6.7	7.5	5.6	6.3
Never married	54.1	56.7	58.6	60.1	59.3	61.7	59.8
Education^d							
8th grade or less	17.7	15.6	13.1	12.3	11.8	14.3	10.6
Some high school	41.3	38.2	33.4	31.6	30.6	32.7	33.4
GED	NA	NA	14.1	17.1	18.2	14.1	18.6
High school diploma	29.2	33.1	25.9	25.9	26.1	26.2	24.6
Some college	11.8	13.1	10.3	10.1	10.5	9.7	9.6
College graduate or more	NA	NA	3.2	2.9	2.8	2.9	3.1
Military service							
Veteran	21.2	15.5	11.7	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nonveteran	78.8	84.5	88.3	NA	NA	NA	NA
U.S. citizenship							
Citizen	NA	NA	91.8	92.2	92.6	89.5	95.8
Noncitizen	NA	NA	8.2	7.8	7.4	10.5	4.2

Note: These data are from the Survey of Inmates in Local Jails conducted for the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics by the U.S. Census Bureau in 1983, 1989, 1996, and 2002. For the 2002 survey, a nationally representative sample of 6,982 inmates in 417 local jails were interviewed between January and April 2002. A jail is defined as a locally operated correctional facility that confines a person before or after adjudication. Inmates sentenced to jail usually have a sentence of 1 year or less, but jails also incarcerate persons in a wide variety of other categories. Jails may also house inmates awaiting transfer to other correctional or mental health facilities, those awaiting trials or sentencing, and those being held in protective custody, for contempt, or as court witnesses. These data are estimates derived from a sample and therefore subject to sampling variation. For information on methodology and survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 4.

^aIncludes inmates with a prior conviction, but no new conviction for the current charge.

^bExcludes 0.3% of inmates in 1996 and 2002 who did not specify a race.

^cPrior to 1996, category includes Asians, Pacific Islanders, American Indians, Alaska Natives, and other racial groups. After 1996, category includes inmates specifying more than one race.

^dBeginning with the 1996 survey, inmates with less than a high school diploma were asked specifically if they had a GED. Those reporting that they had a GED or high school equivalency certificate were classified as high school graduates. Prior to the 1996 survey, GED was a volunteered response.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Profile of Jail Inmates, 1996*, Special Report NCJ-164620, p. 3; *2002*, Special Report NCJ 201932, p. 2, Table 1 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.19

Most serious current offense of jail inmates

By conviction status, United States, 1983, 1989, 1996, and 2002

Most serious offense	Percent of jail inmates						
	1983	1989	1996	2002			
				Total	Convicted	Unconvicted	Both ^a
Number of jail inmates	219,573	380,160	496,752	623,492	342,372	178,035	100,348
Violent offenses	30.7%	22.5%	26.3%	25.4%	21.6%	34.4%	22.3%
Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	4.1	2.8	2.8	2.0	0.9	5.3	NA
Negligent manslaughter	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.3
Kidnaping	1.3	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.4	1.4	0.6
Rape	1.5	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.4
Other sexual assault	2.0	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.7	3.6	1.5
Robbery	11.2	6.7	6.5	5.6	3.9	8.7	5.5
Assault	8.6	7.2	11.6	11.7	10.9	12.5	12.7
Other violent ^b	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.1
Property offenses	38.6	30.0	26.9	24.4	24.9	21.5	27.4
Burglary	14.3	10.7	7.6	6.7	6.4	6.8	8.0
Larceny/theft	11.7	7.9	8.0	7.0	7.6	5.3	7.6
Motor vehicle theft	2.3	2.8	2.6	2.0	2.0	1.6	2.6
Arson	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.1
Fraud	5.0	4.0	4.6	4.9	5.3	4.2	4.7
Stolen property	2.5	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.6	1.4	2.5
Other property ^c	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.9
Drug offenses	9.3	23.0	22.0	24.7	24.0	23.4	30.2
Possession	4.7	9.7	11.5	10.8	10.0	10.4	14.6
Trafficking	4.0	12.0	9.2	12.1	12.6	10.6	13.5
Other drug	0.6	1.3	1.3	1.8	1.5	2.3	2.1
Public-order offenses	20.6	22.8	24.4	24.9	29.1	20.2	19.2
Weapons	2.3	1.9	2.3	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.2
Obstruction of justice	2.0	2.8	4.9	3.9	3.5	5.4	2.7
Traffic violations	2.2	2.7	3.2	3.7	4.7	2.3	2.5
Driving while intoxicated ^d	7.0	8.8	7.4	6.4	8.9	2.3	5.1
Drunkenness, morals ^e	3.4	1.7	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.8
Violation of parole, probation ^f	2.3	3.0	2.6	2.9	3.5	1.5	3.3
Immigration violations	NA	NA	0.2	1.8	1.8	2.5	0.3
Other public-order ^g	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.5	2.8	2.8	1.2
Other offenses ^h	0.8	1.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.9

Note: See Note, table 6.18. Data exclude inmates for whom offense was unknown. Some data for 1996 have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCE-BOOK. For information on methodology and survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 4.

^aIncludes inmates with a prior conviction, but no new conviction for the current charge.

^bIncludes blackmail, extortion, hit-and-run driving with bodily injury, child abuse, and criminal endangerment.

^cIncludes destruction of property, vandalism, hit-and-run driving without bodily injury, trespassing, and possession of burglary tools.

^dIncludes driving while intoxicated and driving under the influence of drugs or alcohol.

^eIncludes drunkenness, vagrancy, disorderly conduct, unlawful assembly, morals, and commercialized vice.

^fIncludes parole or probation violations, escape, absence without leave (AWOL), and flight to avoid prosecution.

^gIncludes rioting, abandonment, nonsupport, invasion of privacy, liquor law violations, and tax evasion.

^hIncludes juvenile offenses and other unspecified offenses.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Profile of Jail Inmates, 1996*, Special Report NCJ-164620, p. 4; *2002*, Special Report NCJ 201932, p. 3 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.20

Most serious current offense of jail inmates

By sex, race, and Hispanic origin, United States, 2002

Most serious offense	Percent of jail inmates				
	Sex		Race, Hispanic origin		
	Male	Female	White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic
Number of jail inmates	551,186	72,306	223,292	249,304	114,562
Violent offenses	26.5%	17.1%	21.8%	26.9%	27.1%
Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	2.1	1.4	1.2	2.4	2.5
Negligent manslaughter	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6
Rape	0.7	NA	0.6	0.5	0.6
Other sexual assault	3.1	0.9	4.0	1.7	2.5
Robbery	5.8	3.6	2.8	7.7	6.0
Assault	12.2	8.0	10.6	11.8	13.0
Other violent ^a	1.3	2.5	1.6	1.3	1.0
Property offenses	23.3	32.4	28.1	24.0	17.5
Burglary	7.2	2.9	8.3	6.3	4.8
Larceny/theft	6.5	10.3	8.1	7.3	4.2
Motor vehicle theft	2.0	1.4	2.2	1.8	2.1
Fraud	3.7	14.0	6.2	4.6	2.9
Stolen property	1.7	1.6	1.6	2.1	1.1
Other property ^b	1.9	1.5	1.3	1.9	2.1
Drug offenses	24.1	29.2	18.5	30.6	27.5
Possession	10.3	14.5	8.6	12.7	12.4
Trafficking	12.3	10.9	7.7	16.3	13.9
Other/unspecified drug	1.5	3.8	2.2	1.6	1.1
Public-order offenses	25.5	20.8	31.0	18.0	27.5
Weapons	2.2	0.6	1.8	2.4	1.9
Obstruction of justice	3.8	4.4	4.4	3.7	3.1
Driving while intoxicated ^c	6.6	4.9	10.9	1.8	7.7
Drunkenness, morals ^d	1.5	3.3	1.9	1.5	1.8
Violation of parole, probation ^e	2.9	3.1	3.6	2.6	2.3
Immigration violations	1.9	0.5	NA	0.6	6.6
Other public-order ^f	2.7	1.5	3.5	2.3	1.5
Other offenses ^g	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.4	NA

Note: See Note, table 6.18. The table excludes inmates for whom offense was unknown but includes offenses for which estimates are not shown separately. For information on methodology and survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 4.

^aIncludes blackmail, extortion, kidnaping, hit-and-run driving with bodily injury, child abuse, and criminal endangerment.

^bIncludes destruction of property, vandalism, arson, hit-and-run driving without bodily injury, trespassing, and possession of burglary tools.

^cIncludes driving while intoxicated and driving under the influence of drugs or alcohol.

^dIncludes drunkenness, vagrancy, disorderly conduct, unlawful assembly, morals, and commercialized vice.

^eIncludes parole or probation violations, escape, absence without leave (AWOL), and flight to avoid prosecution.

^fIncludes rioting, abandonment, nonsupport, invasion of privacy, liquor law violations, and tax evasion.

^gIncludes juvenile offenses and other unspecified offenses.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Profile of Jail Inmates, 2002*, Special Report NCJ 201932 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, July 2004), p. 4, Table 4. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.21

Percent of jail inmates reporting drug use

By type of drug and frequency of use, United States, 1996 and 2002

Type of drug	All inmates				Convicted inmates ^a			
	Ever used drugs		Ever used drugs regularly ^b		Used drugs in the month before the offense		Used drugs at the time of the offense	
	1996	2002	1996	2002	1996	2002	1996	2002
Any drug	82.4%	82.2%	64.2%	68.7%	54.0%	52.6%	34.9%	28.8%
Marijuana or hashish	78.2	75.7	54.9	57.6	36.0	37.5	18.0	13.6
Cocaine or crack	50.4	48.1	31.0	30.5	22.8	20.7	14.3	10.6
Heroin or opiates	23.9	20.7	11.8	11.9	7.9	7.8	5.1	4.1
Depressants ^c	29.9	21.6	10.4	10.6	5.3	6.1	2.2	2.4
Stimulants ^d	33.6	27.8	16.5	16.8	9.6	11.4	5.6	5.2
Hallucinogens ^e	32.2	32.4	10.5	13.2	4.2	5.9	1.4	1.6
Inhalants	16.8	12.7	4.8	4.1	0.9	1.0	0.3	0.2

Note: See Note, table 6.18. For information on methodology and survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 4.

^aIncludes all inmates with a current conviction or with a prior conviction, but no new conviction for the current charge.

^bUsed drugs at least once a week for at least a month.

^cIncludes barbiturates, tranquilizers, and Quaaludes.

^dIncludes amphetamines and methamphetamine.

^eIncludes LSD, ecstasy, and PCP.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Profile of Jail Inmates, 2002*, Special Report NCJ 201932 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, July 2004), p. 8, Table 12. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.22

Percent of jail inmates reporting alcohol use

By sex, race, Hispanic origin, and most serious offense, United States, 1996 and 2002

	Percent of jail inmates who drank alcohol			
	Regularly ^a		At the time of the offense ^b	
	1996	2002	1996	2002
Total	66.3%	66.0%	40.8%	34.5%
Sex				
Male	67.7	67.4	41.9	35.7
Female	54.5	55.4	31.1	25.5
Race, Hispanic origin^c				
White, non-Hispanic	76.5	75.3	48.2	39.5
Black, non-Hispanic	61.0	62.2	33.6	30.5
Hispanic	56.9	56.1	38.2	31.3
Most serious offense				
Violent	67.7	65.7	40.7	37.6
Property	64.3	65.9	33.1	28.5
Drug	59.8	62.9	28.9	22.4
Public-order, excluding driving while intoxicated	68.6	65.0	32.7	32.3

Note: See Note, table 6.18. For information on methodology and survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 4.

^aIncludes inmates who reported ever drinking at least once a week for a month, as well as drinking daily or at least once a week during the year before the current offense.

^bIncludes all inmates with a current conviction or prior conviction.

^cJail inmates who identified more than one race are not shown.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Profile of Jail Inmates, 2002*, Special Report NCJ 201932 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, July 2004), p. 7, Table 11.

Table 6.23

Family background of jail inmates while growing up

United States, 1996 and 2002

	Percent of jail inmates	
	1996	2002
Person(s) lived with most of the time		
Both parents	39.7%	43.6%
Mother only	43.3	39.2
Father only	4.9	4.4
Grandparents	7.0	10.3
Other	5.2	2.5
Ever lived in a foster home, agency, or institution	13.6	11.5
Family member ever incarcerated		
Total ^a	46.1	46.3
Father	17.1	18.6
Mother	4.4	7.1
Brother	30.3	31.4
Sister	6.2	8.9
Spouse	3.3	1.8
Child	1.3	3.5
Parent or guardian ever abused alcohol or drugs while inmate was growing up		
Alcohol only	23.1	19.9
Drugs only	1.3	2.1
Both	6.9	8.6

Note: See Note, table 6.18. For information on methodology and survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 4.

^aDetail may not add to total because more than one response was possible.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Profile of Jail Inmates, 2002*, Special Report NCJ 201932 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, July 2004), p. 10, Table 15.

Table 6.24

Jail inmatesBy sex, race, Hispanic origin, region, and jurisdiction, June 30, 1999^a

Region and jurisdiction	Total	Sex		Race and Hispanic origin			
		Male	Female	White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic	Other ^b
National estimate ^c	617,200	548,300	68,900	257,500	255,100	93,600	11,000
United States, total	617,152	548,276	68,876	222,314	220,167	80,795	9,494
Federal	11,209	10,455	754	7,080	3,559	(d)	570
State	605,943	537,821	68,122	215,234	216,608	80,795	8,924
Northeast	90,716	82,023	8,693	29,029	40,140	15,978	841
Maine	1,113	1,013	100	1,009	43	37	24
Massachusetts	10,774	10,291	483	4,761	2,973	2,879	158
New Hampshire	1,592	1,488	104	1,030	156	207	47
New Jersey	16,830	15,053	1,777	3,920	9,554	3,182	78
New York	33,411	30,118	3,293	6,912	15,144	7,114	202
Pennsylvania	26,996	24,060	2,936	11,397	12,270	2,559	332
Midwest	97,652	86,858	10,794	42,457	26,167	3,298	1,814
Illinois	16,880	15,167	1,713	3,118	2,487	415	119
Indiana	12,787	11,692	1,095	6,962	3,113	327	18
Iowa	2,998	2,668	330	1,525	431	192	55
Kansas	4,378	3,950	428	2,216	910	269	34
Michigan	15,629	13,910	1,719	7,125	5,763	539	105
Minnesota	5,002	4,505	497	2,576	1,201	322	416
Missouri	6,940	6,028	912	2,881	1,459	119	33
Nebraska	2,189	1,966	223	1,110	520	354	102
North Dakota	588	537	51	354	16	28	179
Ohio	16,638	14,478	2,160	7,882	6,726	306	24
South Dakota	1,064	879	185	435	22	48	288
Wisconsin	12,559	11,078	1,481	6,273	3,519	379	441
South	284,742	252,569	32,173	95,291	127,765	21,215	1,197
Alabama	11,418	10,227	1,191	3,825	5,959	179	39
Arkansas	4,832	4,210	622	2,582	1,894	248	22
District of Columbia	1,653	1,586	67	57	1,525	71	0
Florida	51,080	44,803	6,277	19,659	21,073	3,843	27
Georgia	32,835	29,458	3,377	8,059	16,749	604	62
Kentucky	10,373	9,331	1,042	6,073	2,832	165	3
Louisiana	25,631	22,937	2,694	4,859	15,367	408	221
Maryland	10,945	9,729	1,216	3,491	7,044	292	48
Mississippi	8,886	8,201	685	1,572	4,057	85	20
North Carolina	13,279	12,063	1,216	3,028	5,740	473	52
Oklahoma	6,743	5,805	938	3,514	2,143	245	442
South Carolina	8,780	7,974	806	2,103	5,117	108	11
Tennessee	19,629	16,978	2,651	8,126	9,945	276	16
Texas	57,930	51,057	6,873	20,364	17,578	13,680	133
Virginia	18,235	16,001	2,234	6,186	10,257	510	97
West Virginia	2,493	2,209	284	1,793	485	28	4
West	132,833	116,371	16,462	48,457	22,536	40,304	5,072
Alaska	68	65	3	11	0	3	32
Arizona	10,320	9,018	1,302	4,204	1,060	2,928	399
California	77,142	67,441	9,701	22,392	16,561	29,664	2,661
Colorado	9,004	8,028	976	3,162	885	2,060	149
Idaho	2,809	2,469	340	1,441	22	376	94
Montana	1,521	1,385	136	852	29	39	173
Nevada	4,898	4,250	648	2,599	1,235	818	183
New Mexico	5,217	4,654	563	942	356	2,058	361
Oregon	6,283	5,449	834	3,782	663	490	134
Utah	4,024	3,516	508	1,655	94	463	97
Washington	10,542	9,206	1,336	6,762	1,602	1,290	715
Wyoming	1,005	890	115	655	29	114	74

Note: See Note, table 6.16. These data represent inmates confined in jail facilities and exclude those under community supervision. For additional information on the Census of Jails, see Appendix 4.

^aDetail may not add to total because some reporting units could not report data on sex or race/Hispanic origin of inmates.

^bIncludes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians, and other Pacific Islanders

^cNational estimates were calculated by summing the item values from reporting jail jurisdictions and then multiplying by a nonresponse adjustment factor. All estimates for inmates were rounded to the nearest 100.

^dThe Federal system did not report data on Hispanic origin of inmates.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Census of Jails, 1999*, NCJ 186633 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2001), p. 22.

Table 6.25

Jails and jail inmates in Indian country

By selected characteristics, United States, midyear 1998-2002

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Number of jails	69	69	69	68	70
Rated capacity, total	1,945	2,065	2,076	2,101	2,177
Percent occupied on survey date	76%	78%	86%	91%	92%
Percent occupied on peak day in June	119%	111%	118%	126%	126%
Number of inmates	1,567	1,693	1,853	2,030	2,080
In custody	1,479	1,621	1,775	1,912	2,006
Adults	1,176	1,354	1,498	1,600	1,699
Male	988	1,131	1,214	1,366	1,399
Female	188	223	284	234	300
Juveniles	303	267	277	312	307
Male	227	197	207	212	219
Female	76	70	70	100	88
Under community supervision	88	72	78	118	74
<u>Conviction status</u> ^a					
Convicted	NA	NA	1,072	1,062	1,120
Unconvicted	NA	NA	689	836	857
<u>Offense</u> ^a					
Felony	NA	NA	97	113	107
Misdemeanor	NA	NA	1,560	1,738	1,725
Other	NA	NA	71	61	174
Violent offense	NA	NA	NA	NA	699
Domestic violence	NA	NA	NA	NA	291
DWI/DUI ^b	NA	NA	274	181	226
Drug law violation	NA	NA	133	130	126

Note: These data are from the Survey of Jails in Indian Country (SJIC) sponsored by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS). The SJIC was initiated in 1998 as a component of the Annual Survey of Jails, a sample survey of the Nation's local jails also sponsored by BJS. Data were collected by mail questionnaires and through followup phone calls and facsimiles. The SJIC included all confinement facilities, detention centers, jails, and other correctional facilities located in Indian country and operated by tribal authorities or by the Bureau of Indian Affairs. Special jail facilities such as medical, treatment, or release centers; halfway houses; and work farms also are included. "Indian country" is a statutory term that includes all lands within an Indian reservation, dependent Indian communities, and Indian trust allotments. Tribal authority to imprison Indian offenders is limited by statute to 1 year per offense.

^aSome facilities did not report complete data for conviction status or offense, therefore, these categories may not add to total in custody.

^bIncludes driving while intoxicated and driving while under the influence of drugs or alcohol.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Jails in Indian Country, 1998 and 1999*, NCJ 173410, p. 2, Tables 2 and 3; p. 4, Table 8; pp. 7, 22; *2001*, Bulletin NCJ 193400, pp. 1, 2, 4; *2002*, Bulletin NCJ 198997, pp. 1, 2, 4 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.26

Jail inmates known to be positive for the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)

By region and State, June 30, 1993 and 1999

Region and State	1993		1999	
	Total known to be HIV positive	HIV/AIDS cases as a percent of total jail population ^a	Total known to be HIV positive	HIV/AIDS cases as a percent of total jail population ^a
Total	6,711	1.8%	8,615	1.7%
Northeast	2,759	5.3	3,105	3.8
Maine	10	1.4	25	2.3
Massachusetts	420	5.4	426	4.0
New Hampshire	3	0.3	11	0.7
New Jersey	758	9.3	366	2.9
New York	1,296	6.4	1,359	4.3
Pennsylvania	272	1.9	918	3.8
Midwest	556	0.9	612	0.8
Illinois	304	2.2	250	1.6
Indiana	36	0.4	32	0.4
Iowa	14	0.9	17	0.6
Kansas	10	0.4	27	0.8
Michigan	44	0.4	55	0.4
Minnesota	12	0.4	13	0.4
Missouri	23	0.7	61	1.0
Nebraska	7	0.4	8	0.4
North Dakota	1	0.3	NA	NA
Ohio	57	0.5	86	0.7
South Dakota	1	0.2	6	0.8
Wisconsin	47	0.7	57	0.7
South	2,732	1.5	3,822	1.6
Alabama	75	1.3	86	0.9
Arkansas	33	1.2	32	0.9
District of Columbia ^b	169	10.0	126	7.6
Florida	1,027	3.1	936	2.4
Georgia	199	1.0	549	1.8
Kentucky	17	0.3	40	0.5
Louisiana	126	1.2	311	1.4
Maryland	123	1.4	383	3.5
Mississippi	43	1.0	108	1.6
North Carolina	54	0.8	156	1.8
Oklahoma	11	0.4	42	0.6
South Carolina	78	1.6	83	1.1
Tennessee	76	0.6	301	1.7
Texas	521	1.1	333	0.8
Virginia	176	1.4	324	1.8
West Virginia	4	0.3	12	0.5
West	664	0.8	1,076	1.0
Alaska	0	X	2	3.2
Arizona	24	0.6	16	0.6
California	422	0.7	693	1.0
Colorado	23	0.6	38	0.6
Idaho	7	0.6	34	1.3
Montana	8	1.3	11	0.8
Nevada	28	1.1	20	0.4
New Mexico	44	1.6	37	0.7
Oregon	28	0.8	30	0.6
Utah	32	1.7	6	0.2
Washington	47	0.7	168	2.0
Wyoming	1	0.2	21	2.2

Note: These data were collected by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics through the 1993 and 1999 Census of Jails. The 1999 Census of Jails included 3,365 locally administered confinement facilities that held inmates beyond arraignment and were staffed by municipal or county employees. The census also included 47 jails that were privately operated under contract to local governments. Excluded from the census were temporary holding facilities, such as drunk tanks and police lockups, that do not hold persons after being formally charged in court (usually within 72 hours of arrest). Also excluded were State-operated facilities in Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Rhode Island, and Vermont, which have integrated jail-prison systems.

^aBased on the number of inmates held in local jails on June 30, excluding those that did not report the number of HIV/AIDS cases.

^bThe District of Columbia jail, part of an integrated system, was included in the 1999 Census. Other district facilities were excluded.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *HIV in Prisons and Jails, 1999*, Bulletin NCJ 187456 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, July 2001), p. 8.

Table 6.27

Deaths and AIDS-related deaths among local jail inmates

By region and State, July 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999

Region and State	Deaths from all causes		AIDS-related deaths		
	Total	Rate per 100,000 jail inmates ^a	Total	Rate per 100,000 jail inmates ^a	As a percent of all deaths
Total	919	155	78	13	8.5%
Northeast	152	169	26	29	17.1
Maine	3	342	0	X	X
Massachusetts	16	163	3	28	18.8
New Hampshire	4	264	2	132	50.0
New Jersey	18	109	5	33	27.8
New York	66	192	11	32	16.7
Pennsylvania	45	169	5	19	11.1
Midwest	137	144	3	3	2.2
Illinois	15	92	1	6	6.7
Indiana	20	166	0	X	X
Iowa	3	102	0	X	X
Kansas	6	134	0	X	X
Michigan	11	70	0	X	X
Minnesota	9	168	0	X	X
Missouri	14	203	0	X	X
Nebraska	4	262	0	X	X
North Dakota	2	342	0	X	X
Ohio	27	164	2	12	7.4
South Dakota	7	583	0	X	X
Wisconsin	19	163	0	X	X
South	428	156	47	17	11.0
Alabama	20	182	0	X	X
Arkansas	7	184	0	X	X
District of Columbia	18	1,084	5	301	27.8
Florida	61	120	15	30	24.6
Georgia	47	139	11	33	23.4
Kentucky	11	105	0	X	X
Louisiana	19	111	3	17	15.8
Maryland	32	289	2	18	6.3
Mississippi	13	148	0	X	X
North Carolina	20	153	1	8	5.0
Oklahoma	10	149	0	X	X
South Carolina	17	193	1	11	5.9
Tennessee	39	191	3	15	7.7
Texas	76	134	3	5	3.9
Virginia	31	175	3	17	9.7
West Virginia	7	282	0	X	X
West	202	151	2	1	1.0
Alaska	0	X	X	X	X
Arizona	14	132	0	X	X
California	100	129	2	3	2.0
Colorado	17	191	0	X	X
Idaho	3	118	0	X	X
Montana	7	489	0	X	X
Nevada	8	154	0	X	X
New Mexico	8	150	0	X	X
Oregon	15	237	0	X	X
Utah	3	74	0	X	X
Washington	23	219	0	X	X
Wyoming	4	409	0	X	X

Note: See Note, table 6.26.

^aBased on the number of inmates held in local jails on June 30, 1999.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *HIV in Prisons and Jails, 1999*, Bulletin NCJ 187456 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, July 2001), p. 10.

Table 6.28

Number and rate (per 100,000 resident population in each group) of sentenced prisoners under jurisdiction of State and Federal correctional authorities on December 31

By sex, United States, 1925-2003

(Rate per 100,000 resident population in each group)

	Total	Rate	Male		Female			Total	Rate	Male		Female	
			Number	Rate	Number	Rate				Number	Rate	Number	Rate
1925	91,669	79	88,231	149	3,438	6	1970	196,429	96	190,794	191	5,635	5
1926	97,991	83	94,287	157	3,704	6	1971	198,061	95	191,732	189	6,329	6
1927	109,983	91	104,983	173	4,363	7	1972	196,092	93	189,823	185	6,269	6
1928	116,390	96	111,836	182	4,554	8	1973	204,211	96	197,523	191	6,004	6
1929	120,496	98	115,876	187	4,620	8	1974	218,466	102	211,077	202	7,389	7
							1975	240,593	111	231,918	220	8,675	8
1930	129,453	104	124,785	200	4,668	8	1976	262,833	120	252,794	238	10,039	9
1931	137,082	110	132,638	211	4,444	7	1977 ^a	278,141	126	267,097	249	11,044	10
1932	137,997	110	133,573	211	4,424	7	1977 ^b	285,456	129	274,244	255	11,212	10
1933	136,810	109	132,520	209	4,290	7	1978	294,396	132	282,813	261	11,583	10
1934	138,316	109	133,769	209	4,547	7	1979	301,470	133	289,465	264	12,005	10
1935	144,180	113	139,278	217	4,902	8							
1936	145,038	113	139,990	217	5,048	8	1980	315,974	139	303,643	275	12,331	11
1937	152,741	118	147,375	227	5,366	8	1981	353,673	154	339,375	304	14,298	12
1938	160,285	123	154,826	236	5,459	8	1982	395,516	171	379,075	337	16,441	14
1939	179,818	137	173,143	263	6,675	10	1983	419,346	179	401,870	354	17,476	15
							1984	443,398	188	424,193	370	19,205	16
1940	173,706	131	167,345	252	6,361	10	1985	480,568	202	459,223	397	21,345	17
1941	165,439	124	159,228	239	6,211	9	1986	522,084	217	497,540	426	24,544	20
1942	150,384	112	144,167	217	6,217	9	1987	560,812	231	533,990	453	26,822	22
1943	137,220	103	131,054	202	6,166	9	1988	603,732	247	573,587	482	30,145	24
1944	132,456	100	126,350	200	6,106	9	1989	680,907	276	643,643	535	37,264	29
1945	133,649	98	127,609	193	6,040	9							
1946	140,079	99	134,075	191	6,004	8	1990	739,980	297	699,416	575	40,564	32
1947	151,304	105	144,961	202	6,343	9	1991	789,610	313	745,808	606	43,802	34
1948	155,977	106	149,739	205	6,238	8	1992	846,277	332	799,776	642	46,501	36
1949	163,749	109	157,663	211	6,086	8	1993	932,074	359	878,037	698	54,037	41
							1994	1,016,691	389	956,566	753	60,125	45
1950	166,123	109	160,309	211	5,814	8	1995	1,085,022	411	1,021,059	789	63,963	47
1951	165,680	107	159,610	208	6,070	8	1996	1,137,722	427	1,068,123	819	69,599	51
1952	168,233	107	161,994	208	6,239	8	1997	1,194,581	444	1,120,787	853	73,794	54
1953	173,579	108	166,909	211	6,670	8	1998	1,245,402	461	1,167,802	885	77,600	57
1954	182,901	112	175,907	218	6,994	8	1999	1,304,074	463 ^c	1,221,611	913	82,463	59
1955	185,780	112	178,655	217	7,125	8							
1956	189,565	112	182,190	218	7,375	9	2000	1,331,278	469 ^c	1,246,234	915	85,044	59
1957	195,414	113	188,113	221	7,301	8	2001	1,345,217	470	1,260,033	896	85,184	58
1958	205,643	117	198,208	229	7,435	8	2002	1,380,516	476	1,291,450	906	89,066	60
1959	208,105	117	200,469	228	7,636	8	2003 ^d	1,409,280	482	1,316,495	915	92,785	62
1960	212,953	117	205,265	230	7,688	8							
1961	220,149	119	212,268	234	7,881	8							
1962	218,830	117	210,823	229	8,007	8							
1963	217,283	114	209,538	225	7,745	8							
1964	214,336	111	206,632	219	7,704	8							
1965	210,895	108	203,327	213	7,568	8							
1966	199,654	102	192,703	201	6,951	7							
1967	194,896	98	188,661	195	6,235	6							
1968	187,914	94	182,102	187	5,812	6							
1969	196,007	97	189,413	192	6,594	6							

Note: Prison population data are compiled by a yearend census of prisoners in State and Federal institutions. Data for 1925 through 1939 include sentenced prisoners in State and Federal prisons and reformatories whether committed for felonies or misdemeanors. Data for 1940 through 1970 include all adult felons serving sentences in State and Federal institutions. Since 1971, the census has included all adults or youthful offenders sentenced to a State or Federal correctional institution with maximum sentences of over 1 year.

Beginning on Dec. 31, 1978, a distinction was made between prisoners "in custody" and prisoners "under jurisdiction." As defined in a 1978 report (U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in State and Federal Institutions on December 31, 1978*, NPS Bulletin SD-NPS-PSF-6 (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1980)), "in custody" refers to the direct physical control and responsibility for the body of a confined person. "Under jurisdiction" is defined as follows: A State or Federal prison system has jurisdiction over a person if it retains the legal power to incarcerate the person in one of its own prisons. Jurisdiction is not determined by the prisoner's physical location; jurisdiction is determined by the legal authority to hold the prisoner. Examples of prisoners under the jurisdiction of a given system, but not in its custody, are those housed in local jails, in other States, or in hospitals (including mental health facilities) outside the correctional system; prisoners on work release, furlough, or bail; and State prisoners held in Federal prisons or vice versa. Both custody and jurisdiction figures are shown for 1977 to facilitate year-to-year comparison. The rates for the period

before 1980 are based on the civilian population. The civilian population represents the resident population less the armed forces stationed in the United States. Since 1980, the rates are based on the total resident population provided by the U.S. Census Bureau. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For information on methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 15.

^aCustody counts.

^bJurisdiction counts.

^cRates have been revised and are now based on population estimates from the 2000 decennial census.

^dPreliminary; subject to revision.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners 1925-81*, Bulletin NCJ-85861, p. 2; *Prisoners in 1998*, Bulletin NCJ 175687, p. 3, Table 3 and p. 5, Table 6; *2000*, Bulletin NCJ 188207, p. 5, Table 6; *2001*, Bulletin NCJ 195189, p. 5 and p. 6, Table 7; *2002*, Bulletin NCJ 200248, p. 4 and p. 5, Table 5; *2003*, Bulletin NCJ 205335, p. 4 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice); and U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Correctional Populations in the United States, 1994*, NCJ-160091, Tables 1.8 and 1.9; *1997*, NCJ 177613, Tables 1.8 and 1.9 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.29

Rate (per 100,000 resident population) of sentenced prisoners under jurisdiction of State and Federal correctional authorities on December 31

By region and jurisdiction, 1980, 1984-2003

Region and jurisdiction		Rate per 100,000 resident population																					
		1980	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	
United States, total		139	188	200	216	228	244	271	292	310	330	350	389	411	427	445	461	476	478	470	476	482	
Federal		9	12	14	15	16	17	19	20	22	26	28	30	32	33	35	38	42	45	48	49	52	
State		130	176	187	201	211	227	253	272	287	305	322	358	379	393	410	423	434	432	422	427	430	
Northeast		87	136	145	157	169	186	215	232	248	261	272	286	301	308	317	328	330	320	304	304	300	
Connecticut ^a		68	119	127	135	144	146	194	238	263	268	320	321	318	314	397	372	397	398	387	405	389	
Maine		61	72	83	106	106	100	116	118	123	121	116	113	107	108	124	125	133	129	127	141	149	
Massachusetts ^b		56	84	88	92	102	109	122	132	143	161	154	174	170	178	278	275	266	252	243	234	233	
New Hampshire		35	57	68	76	81	93	103	117	132	160	157	177	174	176	184	182	187	185	188	192	188	
New Jersey		76	138	149	157	177	219	251	271	301	290	301	311	340	343	351	382	384	362	331	322	314	
New York		123	187	195	216	229	248	285	304	320	340	354	367	378	383	386	397	400	383	355	346	339	
Pennsylvania		68	109	119	128	136	149	169	183	192	207	216	235	268	286	291	303	305	307	310	325	330	
Rhode Island ^a		65	92	99	103	100	118	146	157	173	170	172	186	186	205	213	220	193	197	181	191	184	
Vermont ^a		67	74	82	81	91	98	109	117	124	151	154	168	179	136	140	188	198	218	213	214	226	
Midwest		109	144	161	173	184	200	225	239	255	273	282	299	310	327	346	360	367	371	370	373	375	
Illinois		94	149	161	168	171	181	211	234	247	271	294	310	317	327	342	357	368	371	355	336	342	
Indiana		114	165	175	181	192	202	217	223	226	242	250	258	275	286	301	321	324	335	341	348	370	
Iowa		86	97	98	98	101	107	126	139	144	160	174	192	207	222	243	258	252	276	272	284	290	
Kansas		106	173	192	217	233	232	222	227	231	238	226	248	274	301	304	310	321	312	318	327	334	
Michigan		163	161	196	227	259	298	340	366	388	413	414	427	429	440	457	466	472	480	488	501	489	
Minnesota		49	52	56	58	60	64	71	72	78	85	92	100	105	110	113	117	125	128	132	141	155	
Missouri		112	175	194	203	218	236	269	287	305	311	308	338	358	409	442	457	477	494	509	529	529	
Nebraska		89	95	108	116	123	129	141	140	145	151	153	164	183	194	200	215	217	228	225	228	228	
North Dakota		28	54	55	53	57	62	62	67	68	67	70	78	85	101	112	128	137	158	161	161	181	
Ohio		125	174	194	209	219	243	279	289	324	347	365	387	400	413	429	432	417	406	398	398	391	
South Dakota		88	127	146	160	160	143	175	187	191	208	216	236	252	284	303	329	339	353	370	378	393	
Wisconsin		85	105	113	119	126	130	138	149	157	176	166	187	201	238	283	334	375	376	383	391	392	
South		188	231	236	248	255	266	292	316	333	355	380	454	483	490	506	520	543	539	526	536	542	
Alabama		149	256	267	283	307	300	328	370	394	407	431	450	471	492	500	519	549	549	584	612	635	
Arkansas		128	188	195	198	227	230	261	277	317	340	327	345	361	357	392	415	443	458	447	479	476	
Delaware ^a		183	263	281	311	326	331	333	323	344	390	394	400	413	428	443	429	493	513	504	453	501	
District of Columbia ^{a,c}		426	649	738	753	905	1,078	1,132	1,148	1,221	1,287	1,549	1,782	1,650	1,611	1,682	1,913	1,314	971	(c)	(c)	(c)	
Florida		208	242	247	272	265	278	307	336	344	355	384	406	447	439	437	447	456	462	437	450	463	
Georgia		219	254	251	265	282	281	300	327	342	365	387	456	470	462	472	502	532	550	542	552	539	
Kentucky		99	128	133	142	147	191	222	241	262	274	274	288	311	331	372	379	385	373	371	380	392	
Louisiana		211	310	308	316	346	370	396	427	462	484	522	556	578	615	672	736	776	801	800	794	801	
Maryland		183	285	279	280	282	291	323	348	366	381	383	395	404	412	413	418	427	429	422	425	420	
Mississippi		132	229	237	249	256	277	293	307	330	327	361	395	452	482	531	574	626	688	715	743	768	
North Carolina		244	246	254	257	250	249	250	265	269	290	305	323	384	376	370	358	345	347	335	345	348	
Oklahoma		151	236	250	288	296	323	361	381	416	459	506	508	552	591	617	622	662	685	658	667	636	
South Carolina		238	284	294	324	344	369	416	451	473	486	488	494	515	532	536	550	543	532	529	555	551	
Tennessee		153	154	149	157	156	157	213	207	227	234	250	276	287	292	309	325	408	399	411	430	433	
Texas		210	226	226	228	231	240	257	290	297	344	385	637	677	686	717	724	762	730	711	692	702	
Virginia		161	185	204	215	217	230	263	279	311	327	346	406	410	404	407	399	447	422	431	460	472	
West Virginia		64	82	89	77	77	78	84	85	83	92	98	106	136	149	174	192	196	211	231	250	260	
West		105	166	176	197	214	234	256	277	287	299	319	334	358	384	405	417	421	423	408	415	419	
Alaska ^a		143	252	288	306	339	355	361	348	345	327	446	317	338	383	420	413	374	341	300	396	401	
Arizona		160	247	256	268	307	328	350	375	396	409	430	459	473	479	484	507	495	515	492	513	525	
California		98	162	181	212	231	257	283	311	318	339	368	384	416	446	475	483	481	474	453	452	455	
Colorado		96	104	103	115	145	174	207	209	249	256	262	289	292	322	342	357	383	403	391	415	430	
Hawaii ^a		65	124	134	142	141	136	142	150	153	164	198	202	217	249	288	307	320	302	298	308	325	
Idaho		87	127	133	144	144	157	180	190	205	209	234	245	283	319	323	330	385	430	451	461	427	
Montana		94	121	136	135	147	158	165	176	183	180	182	204	228	259	255	310	335	348	368	361	393	
Nevada		230	380	397	447	432	452	438	444	439	448	434	468	493	515	518	542	509	518	474	483	462	
New Mexico		106	133	144	154	174	180	178	196	191	197	206	211	231	261	256	271	270	279	295	309	314	
Oregon		120	170	165	176	200	215	235	223	228	174	166	191	206	226	232	260	293	316	327	342	354	
Utah		64	84	98	108	110	115	137	142	149	146	152	157	174	195	205	205	245	254	230	233	240	
Washington		106	156	156	147	134	124	142	162	182	192	196	201	212	225	233	247	251	251	249	261	260	
Wyoming		113	143	148	168	190	199	216	237	237	226	238	254	289	310	326	327	355	349	340	348	372	

Note: See Note, table 6.28. Sentenced prisoners are defined as those serving sentences of more than 1 year under the jurisdiction of State and Federal correctional authorities. Population estimates are provided by the U.S. Census Bureau. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For information on methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 15.

^aPrisons and jails form an integrated system. Data include total jail and prison population.

^bBeginning in 1998, the incarceration rate includes an estimated 6,200 prisoners sentenced to more than 1 year but held in local jails or houses of correction.

^cAs of Dec. 31, 2001, the transfer of responsibility for sentenced felons from the District of Columbia to the Federal Bureau of Prisons was completed. The District of Columbia no longer operates a prison system.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in State and Federal Institutions*, SD-NPS-PSF-8, NCJ-80520 (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1982), p. 16; U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in 1984*, Bulletin NCJ-97118, p. 2; **1997**, Bulletin NCJ 170014, p. 3, Table 3; **1998**, Bulletin NCJ 175687, p. 3, Table 3; **1999**, Bulletin NCJ 183476, p. 3, Table 5; **2000**, Bulletin NCJ 188207, p. 3, Table 3; **2001**, Bulletin NCJ 195189, p. 4; **2002**, Bulletin NCJ 200248, p. 4; **2003**, Bulletin NCJ 205335, p. 4, Table 4 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice); and U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Correctional Populations in the United States, 1985*, NCJ-103957, Table 5.4; **1986**, NCJ-111611, Table 5.4; **1987**, NCJ-118762, Table 5.4; **1988**, NCJ-124280, Table 5.4; **1989**, NCJ-130445, Table 5.4; **1990**, NCJ-135946, Table 5.4; **1991**, NCJ-142729, Table 5.4; **1992**, NCJ-146413, Table 5.4; **1993**, NCJ-156241, Table 5.4; **1994**, NCJ-160091, Table 5.4; **1995**, NCJ-163916, Table 5.4; **1996**, NCJ 170013, p. 79 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.30

Prisoners under jurisdiction of State and Federal correctional authorities

By region and jurisdiction, Dec. 31, 2002 and 2003

Region and jurisdiction	Total		Percent change Dec. 31, 2002 to Dec. 31, 2003
	2002	2003	
United States, total	1,440,144	1,470,045	2.1%
Federal	163,528	173,059	5.8
State	1,276,616	1,296,986	1.6
Northeast	175,907	173,330	-1.5
Connecticut ^a	20,720	19,846	-4.2
Maine	1,900	2,013	5.9
Massachusetts	10,329	10,232	-0.9
New Hampshire	2,451	2,434	-0.7
New Jersey	27,891	27,246	-2.3
New York	67,065	65,198	-2.8
Pennsylvania	40,168	40,890	1.8
Rhode Island ^a	3,520	3,527	0.2
Vermont ^a	1,863	1,944	4.3
Midwest	245,303	247,388	0.8
Illinois	42,693	43,418	1.7
Indiana	21,611	23,069	6.7
Iowa ^b	8,398	8,546	1.8
Kansas	8,935	9,132	2.2
Michigan	50,591	49,358	-2.4
Minnesota	7,129	7,865	10.3
Missouri	30,099	30,303	0.7
Nebraska	4,058	4,040	-0.4
North Dakota	1,112	1,239	11.4
Ohio	45,646	44,778	-1.9
South Dakota	2,918	3,026	3.7
Wisconsin	22,113	22,614	2.3
South	575,048	587,814	2.2
Alabama	27,947	29,253	4.7
Arkansas	13,091	13,084	-0.1
Delaware ^a	6,778	6,794	0.2
Florida ^{b,c}	75,210	79,594	5.8
Georgia ^b	47,445	47,208	-0.5
Kentucky	15,820	16,622	5.1
Louisiana	36,032	36,047	0.0
Maryland	24,162	23,791	-1.5
Mississippi	22,705	23,182	2.1
North Carolina	32,832	33,560	2.2
Oklahoma	22,802	22,821	0.1
South Carolina	23,715	23,719	0.0
Tennessee	24,989	25,403	1.7
Texas	162,003	166,911	3.0
Virginia	34,973	35,067	0.3
West Virginia	4,544	4,758	4.7
West	280,358	288,454	2.9
Alaska ^a	4,398	4,527	2.9
Arizona ^b	29,359	31,170	6.2
California	161,361	164,487	1.9
Colorado	18,833	19,671	4.4
Hawaii ^a	5,423	5,828	7.5
Idaho	5,746	5,887	2.5
Montana	3,323	3,620	8.9
Nevada	10,478	10,543	0.6
New Mexico	5,991	6,223	3.9
Oregon	12,085	12,715	5.2
Utah	5,562	5,763	3.6
Washington	16,062	16,148	0.5
Wyoming	1,737	1,872	7.8

Note: See Note, table 6.28. The data in this table represent all prisoners under jurisdiction of State and Federal correctional authorities including unsentenced prisoners and those sentenced to less than 1 year.

As of Dec. 31, 2001, the transfer of responsibility for sentenced felons from the District of Columbia to the Federal Bureau of Prisons was completed. The District of Columbia no longer operates a prison system. For information on methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 15.

^aPrisons and jails form an integrated system. Data include total jail and prison population.

^bPopulation figures are based on custody counts.

^cJurisdiction counts reported by Florida totaled 82,012 on Dec. 31, 2003.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in 2003*, Bulletin NCJ 205335 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, November 2004), p. 3. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.31

Prisoners in Federal, State, and private adult correctional facilities

By type of facility and sex of prisoner, United States, June 30, 1995 and 2000

	All facilities			Type of facility					
	1995	2000	Percent change	Confinement		Percent change	Community-based		Percent change
				1995	2000		1995	2000	
Total	1,023,572	1,305,253	27.5%	992,333	1,244,574	25.4%	31,239	60,679	94.2%
Male	961,210	1,219,225	26.8	932,641	1,166,141	25.0	28,569	53,084	85.8
Female	62,362	86,028	37.9	59,692	78,433	31.4	2,670	7,595	184.5
Federal	80,960	110,974	37.1	80,221	110,974	38.3	739	0	X
Male	75,489	102,737	36.1	74,750	102,737	37.4	739	0	X
Female	5,471	8,237	50.6	5,471	8,237	50.6	0	0	X
State	925,949	1,101,202	18.9	899,376	1,055,746	17.4	26,573	45,456	71.1
Male	871,191	1,031,131	18.4	846,841	990,625	17.0	24,350	40,506	66.3
Female	54,758	70,071	28.0	52,535	65,121	24.0	2,223	4,950	122.7
Private	16,663	93,077	458.6	12,736	77,584	511.3	3,927	15,223	287.6
Male	14,530	85,357	487.5	11,050	72,779	558.6	3,480	12,578	261.4
Female	2,133	7,720	261.9	1,686	5,075	201.0	447	2,645	491.7

Note: These data are from the 2000 Census of State and Federal Adult Correctional Facilities sponsored by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics. Facilities were included in the census if they were staffed with Federal, State, local, or private employees; housed primarily State or Federal prisoners; were physically, functionally, and administratively separate from other facilities; and were operational on June 30, 2000. Also included were 264 private facilities under contract to State governments or the Federal Bureau of Prisons to house prisoners. Facilities included were prisons and prison farms; reception, diagnostic, and classification centers; road camps; forestry and conservation camps; youthful offender facilities (except those in California); vocational training facilities; drug and alcohol treatment facilities; and State-operated local detention facilities in Alaska, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Rhode Island, and Vermont. Excluded from the census were jails and other local regional detention facilities; private facilities not exclusively for State or Federal prisoners; facilities for the military, the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Bureau

of Indian Affairs, and the U.S. Marshals Service; and correctional hospital wards not operated by correctional authorities. The "private" facilities included in the census are those with 50% or more of their inmates held for State or Federal authorities. Private facilities with more than 50% of their inmates held for local authorities were classified as jails and excluded from the census.

Correctional facilities were classified as "community-based" if 50% or more of the residents were regularly permitted to leave, unaccompanied, to work or study. These included halfway houses, restitution centers, and prerelease, work release, and study centers. Facilities in which less than 50% of the prisoners regularly left the facility unaccompanied were classified as "confinement" institutions.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Census of State and Federal Correctional Facilities, 2000*, NCJ 198272 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 1. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.32

State and Federal prisoners housed in private facilities and local jails

By jurisdiction, on Dec. 31, 2002 and 2003

Jurisdiction	Private facilities			Local jails		
	Number		Percent of all prisoners, 2003 ^a	Number		Percent of all prisoners, 2003 ^a
	2002	2003		2002	2003	
United States, total	93,912	95,522	6.5%	72,550	73,343	5.0%
Federal ^b	20,274	21,865	12.6	3,377	3,278	1.9
State	73,638	73,657	5.7	69,173	70,065	5.4
Northeast	3,146	3,201	1.8	2,234	1,911	1.1
Connecticut	0	0	X	(c)	(c)	(c)
Maine	8	30	1.5	0	0	X
Massachusetts	0	0	X	375	361	3.5
New Hampshire	0	0	X	11	7	0.3
New Jersey ^d	2,601	2,636	9.7	1,528	1,542	5.7
New York	0	0	X	320	1	X
Pennsylvania	537	535	1.3	0	0	X
Rhode Island ^d	0	0	X	(c)	(c)	(c)
Vermont ^d	0	0	X	(c)	(c)	(c)
Midwest	6,748	4,957	2.0	1,801	2,386	1.0
Illinois	0	0	X	0	0	X
Indiana	843	652	2.8	1,262	1,724	7.5
Iowa	0	0	X	0	0	X
Kansas	0	0	X	0	0	X
Michigan	460	480	1.0	30	42	0.1
Minnesota	0	0	X	221	283	3.6
Missouri	0	0	X	0	0	X
Nebraska	0	0	X	0	0	X
North Dakota	23	0	X	9	44	3.6
Ohio	1,927	1,901	4.2	0	0	X
South Dakota	32	25	0.8	12	29	1.0
Wisconsin	3,463	1,899	8.4	267	264	1.2
South	46,091	48,222	8.2	60,036	60,810	10.3
Alabama	0	1,698	5.8	2,449	1,340	4.6
Arkansas	0	0	X	1,172	1,016	7.8
Delaware	0	0	X	(c)	(c)	(c)
Florida	4,173	4,330	5.4	47	48	0.1
Georgia	4,573	4,589	9.7	4,975	4,949	10.5
Kentucky	1,635	1,640	9.9	3,657	3,969	23.9
Louisiana	2,929	2,918	8.1	16,022	16,549	45.9
Maryland	127	122	0.5	168	234	1.0
Mississippi	3,435	3,463	14.9	4,550	4,724	20.4
North Carolina	186	215	0.6	0	0	X
Oklahoma	6,470	6,022	26.4	1,497	1,869	8.2
South Carolina	21	44	0.2	415	424	1.8
Tennessee	4,200	5,049	19.9	6,717	6,283	24.7
Texas	16,773	16,570	9.9	12,375	13,331	8.0
Virginia	1,569	1,562	4.5	5,024	5,106	14.6
West Virginia	0	0	X	968	968	20.3
West	17,653	17,277	6.0	5,102	4,958	1.7
Alaska	1,360	1,386	30.6	(c)	(c)	(c)
Arizona	1,965	2,323	7.5	232	174	0.6
California	4,649	3,507	2.1	2,591	2,415	1.5
Colorado	2,452	3,013	15.3	160	221	1.1
Hawaii	1,347	1,478	25.4	(c)	(c)	(c)
Idaho	1,266	1,267	21.5	295	239	4.1
Montana	963	1,059	29.3	419	567	15.7
Nevada	434	0	X	177	190	1.8
New Mexico	2,690	2,751	44.2	0	0	X
Oregon	0	0	X	0	0	X
Utah	0	0	X	1,170	1,065	18.5
Washington ^d	0	0	X	0	0	X
Wyoming	527	493	26.3	58	87	4.6

Note: See Notes, tables 6.28 and 6.30. For information on methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 15.

^aBased on the total number of prisoners under State and Federal jurisdiction.

^bIncludes Federal prisoners in non-secure privately operated facilities (6,598 in 2002 and 6,471 in 2003).

^cNot applicable; prisons and jails form an integrated system.

^dPrisoners held in other State facilities include interstate compact cases.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in 2003*, Bulletin NCJ 205335 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, November 2004), p. 6. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.33

Rate (per 100,000 U.S. resident population in each group) of sentenced prisoners under jurisdiction of State and Federal correctional authorities

By sex, race, Hispanic origin, and age group, United States, 2003

Age group	Rate of sentenced prisoners per 100,000 residents of each group ^a							
	Male				Female			
	Total ^b	White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic	Total ^b	White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic
Total	915	465	3,405	1,231	62	38	185	84
18 to 19 years	597	266	2,068	692	28	15	80	39
20 to 24 years	1,996	932	7,017	2,267	112	71	286	138
25 to 29 years	2,380	1,090	9,262	2,592	147	99	406	152
30 to 34 years	2,074	1,042	7,847	2,440	164	109	456	181
35 to 39 years	1,895	1,017	6,952	2,226	170	106	491	209
40 to 44 years	1,584	873	5,854	1,995	133	82	386	192
45 to 54 years	899	501	3,500	1,329	60	36	190	97
55 years and older	208	141	747	397	8	5	22	16

Note: See Note, table 6.28. For information on methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 15.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in 2003*, Bulletin NCJ 205335 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, November 2004), p. 9, Table 12.

^aBased on estimates of the U.S. resident population on July 1, 2003, using intercensal estimates for July 1, 2002 (by sex, race, and Hispanic origin) and adjusted to the July 1, 2003 estimates by sex.

^bIncludes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians, and other Pacific Islanders.

Table 6.34

Prisoners in Federal, State, and private adult correctional facilities

By race and Hispanic origin of prisoner, and region, United States, June 30, 2000

	Total	White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic	American Indian	Asian/Pacific Islander ^a	Not reported
Total	1,305,253	453,300	587,300	203,700	13,240	9,670	37,930
Federal ^b	110,974	29,800	44,800	33,200	1,640	1,480	0
State	1,101,202	395,637	506,408	151,810	9,968	6,527	30,852
Private	93,077	27,905	36,066	18,728	1,634	1,662	7,082
Region^c							
Northeast	171,999	44,367	86,207	37,872	435	885	2,233
Midwest	233,993	103,374	115,423	10,165	2,721	849	1,461
South	518,912	177,688	279,531	49,417	2,006	759	9,511
West	269,375	98,113	61,313	73,084	6,440	5,696	24,729

Note: See Note, table 6.31.

^aIncludes Native Hawaiians.

^bFederal total was estimated based on Federal Justice Statistics data for Sept. 30, 2000, and rounded to the nearest 100 for whites, blacks, and Hispanics, and to the nearest 10 for American Indians/Alaska Natives, Asian/Pacific Islanders, and not reported categories.

^cRegional breakdowns exclude prisoners in Federal prisons.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Census of State and Federal Correctional Facilities, 2000*, NCJ 198272 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 3, Table 4.

Table 6.35

State and Federal prisoners reporting prior possession of firearms

By type of firearm, United States, 1997

Type of firearm	Percent of prisoners					
	Armed during current offense		Ever armed while committing offense		Ever used or possessed firearm	
	State	Federal	State	Federal	State	Federal
Firearm ^a	18.4%	14.8%	25.1%	20.0%	46.9%	48.9%
Handgun	15.3	12.8	21.3	17.2	36.0	38.6
Rifle	1.3	1.3	2.0	1.9	12.4	14.6
Shotgun	2.4	2.0	3.5	3.0	13.7	15.6
Other	0.5	0.6	1.1	0.9	2.7	2.3
No firearm	81.6	85.2	74.9	80.0	53.1	51.1

Note: Data for State prisoners are from the 1997 Survey of Inmates in State Correctional Facilities (SISCF), conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS). Data for Federal prisoners are from the 1997 Survey of Inmates in Federal Correctional Facilities (SIFCF), conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for BJS and the Federal Bureau of Prisons. From June through October 1997, prisoners were interviewed about their current offenses and sentences, criminal histories, family and personal backgrounds, gun possession and use, prior drug and alcohol use and treatment, educational programs, and other services provided while in prison. Similar surveys of State prisoners were conducted in 1974, 1979, 1986, and 1991; Federal prisoners were surveyed for the first time in 1991. The samples for the 1997 surveys were taken from a universe of 1,409 State prisons and 127 Federal prisons enumerated in the 1995 Census of State and Federal Adult Correctional Facilities or opened between completion of the census and June 30, 1996. The sample design for both surveys was a stratified two-stage selection process; first selecting prisons, and second, selecting prisoners in those prisons. A total of 14,285 interviews were completed for the State survey, and 4,041 for the Federal survey, for overall response rates of 92.5% and 90.2% respectively.

^aDetail does not add to total with firearms because prisoners may have possessed more than one firearm.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Firearm Use by Offenders*, Special Report NCJ 189369 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, November 2001), p. 2, Table 1.

Table 6.36

State and Federal prisoners reporting possession of firearms during current offense

By type of offense, United States, 1991 and 1997

Current offense	Prisoners			
	1991		1997	
	Number	Percent who possessed a firearm during current offense	Number	Percent who possessed a firearm during current offense
State				
All prisoners	700,050	16.3%	1,037,241	18.4%
Violent offense	323,653	29.1	483,713	30.2
Property offense	171,749	3.2	227,726	3.1
Drug offense	148,743	4.1	213,974	8.1
Public-order offense	47,001	16.1	99,396	19.1
Federal				
All prisoners	53,348	11.8	87,466	14.8
Violent offense	9,113	38.0	12,604	35.4
Property offense	7,011	2.1	5,811	2.9
Drug offense	30,788	3.9	54,561	8.7
Public-order offense	4,964	28.5	12,708	27.3

Note: See Note, table 6.35. For a list of offenses included in each category, see table 6.37.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Firearm Use by Offenders*, Special Report NCJ 189369 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, November 2001), p. 3, Table 3.

Table 6.37

State and Federal prisoners reporting possession of firearms during current offense

By offense, United States, 1997

Current offense	Prisoners			
	State		Federal	
	Number	Percent who possessed a firearm during current offense	Number	Percent who possessed a firearm during current offense
Violent offense	483,713	30.2%	12,604	35.4%
Homicide	135,493	42.9	1,273	39.3
Sexual assault	87,687	2.9	679	0
Robbery	145,318	34.5	8,554	40.3
Assault	95,756	31.2	1,108	26.0
Other violent	19,459	27.1	989	22.4
Property offense	227,726	3.1	5,811	2.9
Burglary	111,198	4.0	279	10.1
Other property	116,528	2.3	5,531	2.5
Drug offense	213,974	8.1	54,561	8.7
Possession	91,511	7.8	9,959	7.0
Trafficking	116,578	8.6	39,769	9.1
Other drug	5,885	3.1	4,834	8.7
Public-order offense	99,396	19.1	12,708	27.3
Weapons	25,257	64.9	5,905	51.9
Other public-order	74,139	3.5	6,803	5.9

Note: See Note, table 6.35.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Firearm Use by Offenders*, Special Report NCJ 189369 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, November 2001), p. 3, Table 4.

Table 6.38

Source of firearms possessed by State prisoners during current offense

United States, 1991 and 1997

Source of firearms	Percent of State prisoners who possessed a firearm during current offense	
	1991	1997
Total	100%	100%
Purchased or traded from retail outlet	20.8	13.9
Retail store	14.7	8.3
Pawnshop	4.2	3.8
Flea market	1.3	1.0
Gun show	0.6	0.7
Family or friend	33.8	39.6
Purchased or traded	13.5	12.8
Rented or borrowed	10.1	18.5
Other	10.2	8.3
Street/illegal source	40.8	39.2
Theft or burglary	10.5	9.9
Drug dealer/off street	22.5	20.8
Fence/black market	7.8	8.4
Other	4.6	7.4

Note: See Note, table 6.35.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Firearm Use by Offenders*, Special Report NCJ 189369 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, November 2001), p. 6, Table 8.

Table 6.39

Prisoners under age 18 in State prisons

By sex, United States, midyear 1990, 1995, and 1999-2003

	Prisoners under age 18		
	Total	Male	Female
1990	3,600	NA	NA
1995	5,309	NA	NA
1999	4,194	4,027	167
2000	3,896	3,721	175
2001	3,147	3,010	137
2002	3,038	2,927	111
2003	3,006	2,880	126

Note: See Note, table 6.28. Federal prisons held 39 prisoners under age 18 in 1990, but none in 1995 and 1999 to 2003. For information on methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 15.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prison and Jail Inmates at Midyear 2003*, Bulletin NCJ 203947 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, May 2004), p. 5, Table 5. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.40

Prisoners under age 18 in State and private adult correctional facilities

By type of facility, security level, and region, United States, June 30, 2000

Type of facility										
	All facilities				Confinement facilities			Community-based facilities		
	Total	Maximum ^a	Medium	Minimum/ low	Maximum ^a	Medium	Minimum/ low	Maximum	Medium	Minimum/ low
Total	4,095	2,008	1,582	505	2,008	1,490	444	X	92	61
State	3,927	2,007	1,441	479	2,007	1,427	437	X	14	42
Private	168	1	141	26	1	63	7	X	78	19
Region										
Northeast	760	461	233	66	461	231	66	X	2	0
Midwest	699	244	225	230	244	234	197	X	1	33
South	2,150	1,132	819	199	1,132	730	175	X	89	24
West	486	171	305	10	171	305	6	X	0	4

Note: See Note, table 6.31. As of June 30, 2000, there were no persons under age 18 in Federal facilities. Age information was not available for 1,471 State prisoners.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Census of State and Federal Correctional Facilities, 2000*, NCJ 198272 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 17.

^aIncludes facilities with the security designations super maximum, close, or high.

Table 6.41

Female prisoners under jurisdiction of State and Federal correctional authorities

By region and jurisdiction, on Dec. 31, 1990, 1995, 2000-2003

	Female prisoners						Percent change 2002 to 2003	Average annual percent change 1995 to 2003	Incarcera- tion rate, 2003 ^a
	Number								
	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003			
United States, total	44,065	68,468	93,234	92,979	97,631	101,179	3.6%	5.0%	62
Federal	5,011	7,398	10,245	10,973	11,234	11,635	3.6	5.8	6
State	39,054	61,070	82,989	82,066	86,397	89,544	3.6	4.9	56
Northeast	6,293	8,401	9,082	9,108	9,381	9,108	-2.9	1.0	28
Connecticut	683	975	1,406	1,447	1,694	1,548	-8.6	5.9	46
Maine	44	36	66	59	90	124	37.8	16.7	18
Massachusetts ^b	582	656	663	713	704	708	0.6	1.0	12
New Hampshire	44	109	120	129	144	117	-18.8	0.9	18
New Jersey	1,041	1,307	1,650	1,628	1,586	1,517	-4.4	1.9	34
New York	2,691	3,615	3,280	3,133	2,996	2,914	-2.7	-2.7	29
Pennsylvania	1,006	1,502	1,579	1,711	1,821	1,823	0.1	2.5	29
Rhode Island	166	157	238	193	214	222	3.7	4.4	10
Vermont	36	44	80	95	132	135	2.3	15.0	27
Midwest	7,521	10,864	14,598	14,872	15,306	15,682	2.5	4.7	47
Illinois	1,183	2,196	2,849	2,747	2,520	2,700	7.1	2.6	42
Indiana ^b	681	892	1,452	1,542	1,583	1,758	11.1	8.9	56
Iowa	212	425	592	635	703	716	1.8	6.7	48
Kansas	284	449	504	497	537	629	17.1	4.3	46
Michigan ^b	1,688	1,842	2,131	2,149	2,267	2,198	-3.0	2.2	43
Minnesota	159	217	368	383	455	435	-4.4	9.1	17
Missouri	777	1,174	1,993	2,124	2,274	2,239	-1.5	8.4	76
Nebraska	145	211	266	342	352	323	-8.2	5.5	35
North Dakota	20	29	68	101	103	113	9.7	18.5	34
Ohio	1,947	2,793	2,808	2,829	2,929	2,897	-1.1	0.5	49
South Dakota	77	134	200	220	227	269	18.5	9.1	69
Wisconsin	348	502	1,367	1,303	1,356	1,405	3.6	13.7	47
South	15,366	27,366	39,652	39,135	41,801	43,389	3.8	5.9	74
Alabama	955	1,295	1,826	1,783	1,697	2,003	18.0	5.6	82
Arkansas	435	523	772	851	854	887	3.9	6.8	63
Delaware	226	358	597	591	542	508	-6.3	4.5	53
District of Columbia ^c	606	494	356	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Florida	2,664	3,660	4,105	4,282	4,595	5,068	10.3	4.2	58
Georgia	1,243	2,036	2,758	2,834	3,129	3,145	0.5	5.6	71
Kentucky	479	734	1,061	1,138	1,269	1,411	11.2	8.5	63
Louisiana	775	1,424	2,219	2,362	2,298	2,405	0.3	6.8	104
Maryland	877	1,079	1,219	1,207	1,264	1,248	-1.3	1.8	42
Mississippi	448	791	1,669	1,823	2,082	2,163	3.9	13.4	134
North Carolina ^b	945	1,752	1,903	2,042	2,173	2,256	3.8	3.2	37
Oklahoma	1,071	1,815	2,394	2,290	2,338	2,320	-0.8	3.1	127
South Carolina	1,053	1,045	1,420	1,509	1,671	1,576	-5.7	5.3	68
Tennessee ^b	390	637	1,369	1,468	1,735	1,826	5.2	14.1	61
Texas	2,196	7,935	13,622	12,369	13,051	13,487	3.3	6.9	98
Virginia	927	1,659	2,059	2,240	2,641	2,681	1.5	6.2	71
West Virginia	76	129	303	346	362	405	11.9	15.4	42
West	9,874	14,439	19,657	18,891	19,909	21,365	7.3	5.0	61
Alaska	128	243	284	359	349	392	12.3	6.2	55
Arizona	835	1,432	1,964	2,168	2,428	2,656	9.4	8.0	85
California ^b	6,502	9,082	11,161	9,921	9,987	10,656	6.7	2.0	57
Colorado	433	713	1,333	1,375	1,566	1,736	10.9	11.8	77
Hawaii	171	312	561	616	669	685	2.4	10.3	68
Idaho	120	212	493	541	592	592	0.0	13.7	86
Montana	76	112	306	363	345	419	21.4	17.9	91
Nevada	406	530	846	841	851	880	3.4	6.5	79
New Mexico	193	278	511	517	518	576	11.2	9.5	56
Oregon	362	465	596	661	812	883	8.7	8.3	49
Utah	125	161	381	315	371	427	15.1	13.0	35
Washington	435	793	1,065	1,079	1,254	1,288	2.7	6.3	41
Wyoming ^b	88	106	156	135	167	175	4.8	6.5	70

Note: See Note, table 6.28. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For information on methodology, definitions of terms, and jurisdictional explanatory notes, see Appendix 15.

^aThe number of female prisoners with sentences of more than 1 year per 100,000 female U.S. residents.

^bAverage annual percent change from 1995 to 2003 may be slightly overestimated due to a change in reporting from custody to jurisdiction counts.

^cAs of Dec. 31, 2001, the transfer of responsibility for sentenced felons from the District of Columbia to the Federal Bureau of Prisons was completed. The District of Columbia no longer operates a prison system.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in 2000*, Bulletin NCJ 188207, p. 6; *2001*, Bulletin NCJ 195189, p. 7; *2002*, Bulletin NCJ 200248, p. 5, Table 6; *2003*, Bulletin NCJ 205335, p. 5 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.42

Noncitizens in State and Federal prisons

United States, at midyear 1998-2003

	Noncitizen prisoners		
	Total	Federal	State
1998	77,099	27,682	49,417
1999	88,811	33,765	55,046
2000	89,676	36,090	53,586
2001	87,917	33,886	54,031
2002	88,677	33,873	54,804
2003	90,700	34,456	56,244

Note: See Note, table 6.28. New York reports foreign-born prisoners rather than noncitizens. For information on methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 15.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prison and Jail Inmates at Midyear 2003*, Bulletin NCJ 203947 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, May 2004), p. 5, Table 6. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.43

Mean maximum sentence, mean time served, and percent of sentence served for violent offenders^a

By State, 1993, 1996, and 1999

	Mean maximum sentence (in months) ^b			Mean time served (in months)			Percent of sentence served ^c		
	1993	1996	1999	1993	1996	1999	1993	1996	1999
All States	108	99	103	46	50	53	46%	52%	56%
Truth-in-sentencing States ^d	89	88	93	41	46	50	50	54	58
Arizona	69	71	60	43	48	49	62	68	81
California	58	63	60	33	36	37	57	57	61
Connecticut	71	74	80	38	49	64	54	65	80
Delaware	NA	NA	NA	42	42	46	NA	NA	NA
Florida	74	84	91	31	45	53	42	54	58
Georgia	150	134	117	63	67	76	42	50	65
Illinois	91	99	107	40	45	48	44	45	45
Iowa	192	135	146	39	48	58	20	36	40
Kansas	NA	NA	NA	29	33	41	NA	NA	NA
Louisiana	104	98	96	67	68	45	64	69	48
Maine	NA	NA	NA	43	44	39	NA	NA	NA
Michigan	43	50	52	46	53	59	(e)	(e)	(e)
Minnesota	50	56	60	34	37	39	68	67	65
Mississippi	106	118	128	45	58	57	43	49	44
Missouri	96	98	99	74	78	85	77	80	86
New Jersey	121	108	120	47	46	53	39	43	44
New Mexico	70	67	77	38	37	57	54	56	74
New York	94	96	98	50	53	66	53	56	68
North Carolina	136	121	120	33	44	52	24	36	44
North Dakota	47	60	38	31	47	29	66	78	76
Ohio	237	226	165	61	71	64	26	32	39
Oregon	111	65	62	43	37	42	39	58	67
Pennsylvania	117	119	140	54	61	80	46	51	57
South Carolina	100	90	104	44	44	46	44	48	44
Tennessee	130	121	131	48	58	65	37	48	50
Utah	121	90	100	43	36	35	36	40	36
Virginia	107	97	113	41	50	62	38	51	55
Washington	41	47	49	31	34	38	76	72	78
Wisconsin	84	82	80	41	43	51	49	52	64
Other States	129	113	104	53	54	55	42	48	54
Alabama	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Alaska	115	124	88	65	71	63	57	57	72
Arkansas	131	109	157	35	37	56	27	34	36
Colorado	98	89	96	39	40	50	40	45	52
Hawaii	138	124	125	64	57	59	47	46	47
Idaho	104	90	98	59	80	36	57	89	37
Indiana	108	111	102	54	56	46	50	51	45
Kentucky	242	156	196	77	71	(e)	32	45	(e)
Maryland	118	106	99	63	59	57	53	56	58
Massachusetts	123	110	98	51	61	61	42	55	63
Montana	89	119	NA	61	54	60	69	46	NA
Nebraska	118	123	140	55	49	61	47	40	44
Nevada	NA	86	107	NA	34	41	NA	40	39
New Hampshire	98	89	100	36	39	48	37	44	48
Oklahoma	104	110	111	34	42	47	33	38	42
Rhode Island	80	80	68	44	50	46	55	63	67
South Dakota	101	78	72	36	37	29	35	48	40
Texas	157	123	97	48	57	59	31	46	61
Vermont	100	113	121	29	56	54	29	50	45
West Virginia	171	108	139	76	50	62	44	46	45
Wyoming	140	123	137	69	69	55	49	56	40

Note: These data are from the Violent Offender Incarceration and Truth-in-Sentencing Incentive Grant Program. The data include only offenders with a sentence of more than 1 year that have been released for the first time on the current sentence. Excludes persons released from prison by transfer, appeal, or detainer, as well as escapees and deceased prisoners. "Truth-in-sentencing States" include the 29 States and the District of Columbia that had adopted the Federal truth-in-sentencing standard by yearend 2000. This standard requires that Part I violent offenders (defined as the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reporting Program offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault) serve not less than 85% of their prison sentence before becoming eligible for release. The result of truth-in-sentencing practices has been to reduce discretionary release of offenders by parole boards in favor of mandatory release according to statutory provisions.

^aViolent offenders include those serving sentences for murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^bExcludes sentences of life or death.

^cBased on States that reported both mean maximum sentence and mean time served.

^dThese States met Federal truth-in-sentencing standards. The District of Columbia is excluded.

^eNot calculated by the Source.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Trends in State Parole, 1990-2000*, Special Report NCJ 184735 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, October 2001), p. 6.

Table 6.44

Mean sentence length and mean time served for first releases from State prison

By offense, United States, 1990 and 1999

	Mean sentence length (in months) ^a		Mean time served (in months)				Total time served (in months) ^c		Percent of sentence served ^d	
	1990	1999	Jail ^b		Prison		1990	1999	1990	1999
			1990	1999	1990	1999				
All offenses	69	65	6	5	22	29	28	34	38.0%	48.7%
Violent offenses	99	87	7	6	39	45	46	51	43.8	55.0
Murder ^e	209	192	9	10	83	96	92	106	43.1	53.1
Manslaughter	88	102	5	6	31	49	37	56	41.0	52.5
Rape	128	124	7	6	55	73	62	79	45.5	58.3
Other sexual assault	77	76	5	6	30	42	36	47	43.8	57.0
Robbery	104	97	7	6	41	48	48	55	42.8	51.6
Assault	64	62	6	6	23	33	30	39	43.9	58.7
Property offenses	65	58	6	5	18	25	24	29	34.4	45.6
Burglary	79	73	6	5	22	31	29	36	33.9	44.3
Larceny/theft	52	45	6	4	14	19	20	24	35.5	46.9
Motor vehicle theft	56	44	7	5	13	20	20	25	33.1	52.5
Fraud	56	49	6	4	14	19	20	23	33.2	41.7
Drug offenses	57	59	6	5	14	22	20	27	32.9	42.8
Possession	61	56	6	5	12	20	18	25	29.0	42.4
Trafficking	60	64	6	5	16	24	22	29	34.8	42.0
Public-order offenses	40	42	5	4	14	19	18	23	42.6	51.1

Note: See Note, table 6.43.

^aMaximum sentence length for the most serious offense. Excludes sentences of life, life without parole, life plus additional years, and death.^bTime served in jail and credited toward the current sentence.^cBased on time served in jail and in prison. Detail may not add to total because of rounding.^dBased on total sentence length (not shown) for all consecutive sentences.^eIncludes nonnegligent manslaughter.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Trends in State Parole, 1990-2000*, Special Report NCJ 184735 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, October 2001), p. 5, Table 5.

Table 6.45

Educational attainment for those in State and Federal prisons, in local jails, on probation, and in the general populationUnited States, selected years^a

Educational attainment	Prisoners				Local jail inmates		Probationers,	General
	State		Federal		1989	1996	1995	population, 1997 ^b
8th grade or less	14.3%	14.2%	11.0%	12.0%	15.6%	13.1%	8.4%	7.2%
Some high school	26.9	25.5	12.3	14.5	38.2	33.4	22.2	11.2
GED ^c	24.6	28.5	22.6	22.7	9.2	14.1	11.0	NA
High school diploma	21.8	20.5	25.9	27.0	24.0	25.9	34.8	33.2
Postsecondary/some college	10.1	9.0	18.8	15.8	10.3	10.3	18.8	26.4
College graduate or more	2.3	2.4	9.3	8.1	2.8	3.2	4.8	22.0
Total population	706,173	1,055,495	53,677	88,705	393,111	503,599	2,029,866	192,352,084

Note: These data are from several U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics surveys. The data for prisoners are from the Survey of Inmates in State and Federal Correctional Facilities conducted in 1991 and 1997. The data for local jail inmates are from the Survey of Inmates in Local Jails conducted in 1989 and 1996. The data for probationers are from the Survey of Adults on Probation conducted in 1995.

Data for the general population are from the Bureau of Labor Statistics' Current Population Survey, March 1997 supplement.

^aPercentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.^bIncludes the noninstitutionalized population age 18 and older; probationers have been excluded.^cGeneral Educational Development certificate.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Education and Correctional Populations*, Special Report NCJ 195670 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, January 2003), p. 2.

Table 6.46

Participation in education programs for those in State and Federal prisons, in local jails, and on probation

By type of program, United States, selected years^a

Education program	Prisoners				Local jail	
	State		Federal		inmates,	Probationers,
	1991	1997	1991	1997	1996	1995
Total	56.6%	51.9%	67.0%	56.4%	14.1%	22.9%
Basic	5.3	3.1	10.4	1.9	0.8	0.4
GED ^b /high school	27.3	23.4	27.3	23.0	8.6	7.8
College courses	13.9	9.9	18.9	12.9	1.0	6.1
English as a second language	NA	1.2	NA	5.7	NA	NA
Vocational	31.2	32.2	29.4	31.0	4.8	7.0
Other	2.6	2.6	8.4	5.6	2.1	3.4
Total population	709,042	1,046,136	53,753	87,624	501,159	2,055,942

Note: See Note, table 6.45.

^aDetail may not add to total due to rounding or inmates' participation in more than one educational program.

^bGeneral Educational Development certificate.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, **Education and Correctional Populations**, Special Report NCJ 195670 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, January 2003), p. 4, Table 4.

Table 6.47

Characteristics of prisoners released in 1994 from prisons in 15 States	
	Percent of released prisoners
Sex	
Male	91.3%
Female	8.7
Race	
White	50.4
Black	48.5
Other	1.1
Ethnicity	
Hispanic	24.5
Non-Hispanic	75.5
Age at release	
17 years and younger	0.4
18 to 24 years	21.0
25 to 29 years	22.8
30 to 34 years	22.7
35 to 39 years	16.2
40 to 44 years	9.4
45 years and older	7.5
Offense for which prisoner was serving sentence	
Violent	22.5
Property	33.5
Drugs	32.6
Public-order	9.7
Other	1.7
Sentence length (in months)^a	
Mean	58.9
Median	48.0
Time served before release (in months)^{a,b}	
Mean	20.6
Median	13.3
Percent of sentence served before release ^b	38.0
Prior arrest ^c	93.1
Prior conviction ^c	81.4
Prior prison sentence ^c	43.6

Note: These data are from a recidivism study conducted by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics. The data represent 272,111 prisoners released in 1994 from prisons in 15 States: Arizona, California, Delaware, Florida, Illinois, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Texas, and Virginia. The 272,111 are an estimated two-thirds of all prisoners released during 1994 in the United States with sentences greater than 1 year. The data presented are based on weighted estimates from a sample of 33,796 prisoners meeting four selection criteria: 1) a RAP sheet was found for the prisoner in the State criminal history repository, 2) the released prisoner was alive during the 3-year followup period, 3) the prisoner's total maximum sentence length was greater than 1 year (missing sentences were treated as greater than 1 year), and 4) the prisoner's 1994 release was not recorded by the State department of corrections as a release to custody/detainer/warrant, absent without leave, escape, transfer, administrative release, or release on appeal. The sample cases were tracked for 3 years from the date of release from prison. Any rearrest, reconviction, or reimprisonment occurring after the 3-year followup period was not included.

^aCalculation of sentence length and time served is based on "first releases" only and excludes Michigan (which reported minimum sentence) and Ohio (which did not report data to identify "first releases").

^bExcludes credited jail time.

^cDoes not include the arrest, conviction, or prison sentence for which prisoners were released in 1994.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Recidivism of Prisoners Released in 1994*, Special Report NCJ 193427 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, June 2002), p. 2. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.48

Recidivism rates of prisoners released in 1994 from prisons in 15 States			
By amount of time after release recidivism occurred and outcome			
Time after release	Cumulative percent of released prisoners who were:		
	Rearrested	Reconvicted ^a	Returned to prison with new prison sentence ^b
6 months	29.9%	10.6%	5.0%
1 year	44.1	21.5	10.4
2 years	59.2	36.4	18.8
3 years	67.5	46.9	25.4

Note: See Note, table 6.47.

^aBecause of missing data, prisoners released in Ohio were excluded from the calculation of percent reconvicted.

^bIncludes new sentences to State or Federal prisons but not to local jails. Because of missing data, prisoners released in Ohio and Virginia were excluded from the calculation of percent returned to prison with new sentence.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Recidivism of Prisoners Released in 1994*, Special Report NCJ 193427 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, June 2002), p. 3.

Table 6.49

Recidivism rates of prisoners released in 1994 from prisons in 15 States

By selected prisoner characteristics

Prisoner characteristics	Percent of all released prisoners	Percent of released prisoners who, within 3 years, were:			
		Rearrested	Reconvicted ^a	Returned to prison with new prison sentence ^b	Returned to prison with or without a new prison sentence ^c
Total	100%	67.5%	46.9%	25.4%	51.8%
<u>Sex</u>					
Male	91.3	68.4	47.6	26.2	53.0
Female	8.7	57.6	39.9	17.3	39.4
<u>Race</u>					
White	50.4	62.7	43.3	22.6	49.9
Black	48.5	72.9	51.1	28.5	54.2
Other	1.1	55.2	34.2	13.3	49.5
<u>Ethnicity</u>					
Hispanic	24.5	64.6	43.9	24.7	51.9
Non-Hispanic	75.5	71.4	50.7	26.8	57.3
<u>Age at release</u>					
17 years and younger	0.3	82.1	55.7	38.6	56.6
18 to 24 years	21.0	75.4	52.0	30.2	52.0
25 to 29 years	22.8	70.5	50.1	26.9	52.5
30 to 34 years	22.7	68.8	48.8	25.9	54.8
35 to 39 years	16.2	66.2	46.3	24.0	52.0
40 to 44 years	9.4	58.4	38.0	18.3	50.0
45 years and older	7.6	45.3	29.7	16.9	40.9

Note: See Note, table 6.47. Of 272,111 released prisoners, data on sex were reported for 100%, race for 97.6%, Hispanic origin for 81.9%, and age at release for 99.9%.

^aBecause of missing data, prisoners released in Ohio were excluded from the calculation of percent reconvicted.

^bIncludes new sentences to State or Federal prisons but not to local jails. Because of missing data, prisoners released in Ohio and Virginia were excluded from the calculation of percent returned to prison with new sentence.

^cIncludes both prisoners with new sentences to State or Federal prisons plus prisoners returned for technical violations. Because of missing data, prisoners released in Arizona, Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey, Ohio, and Virginia were excluded from the calculation of percent returned to prison with or without a new prison sentence. New York State custody records did not always distinguish prison returns from jail returns. Consequently, some persons received in New York jails were probably mistakenly classified as prison returns. Also, California, with a relatively high return-to-prison rate, affects the overall rate of 51.8%. When California is excluded, the return-to-prison rate falls to 40.1%.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Recidivism of Prisoners Released in 1994*, Special Report NCJ 193427 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, June 2002), p. 7.

Table 6.50

Recidivism rates of prisoners released in 1994 from prisons in 15 States

By most serious offense for which released

Most serious offense for which released	Percent of all released prisoners	Percent of released prisoners who, within 3 years, were:			
		Rearrested	Reconvicted ^a	Returned to prison with new prison sentence ^b	Returned to prison with or without a new prison sentence ^c
Total	100%	67.5%	46.9%	25.4%	51.8%
Violent offenses	22.5	61.7	39.9	20.4	48.8
Homicide	1.7	40.7	20.5	10.8	31.4
Kidnaping	0.4	59.4	37.8	25.1	29.5
Rape	1.2	46.0	27.4	12.6	43.5
Other sexual assault	2.4	41.4	22.3	10.5	36.0
Robbery	9.9	70.2	46.5	25.0	54.7
Assault	6.5	65.1	44.2	21.0	51.2
Other violent	0.4	51.7	29.8	12.7	40.9
Property offenses	33.5	73.8	53.4	30.5	56.4
Burglary	15.2	74.0	54.2	30.8	56.1
Larceny/theft	9.7	74.6	55.7	32.6	60.0
Motor vehicle theft	3.5	78.8	54.3	31.3	59.1
Arson	0.5	57.7	41.0	20.1	38.7
Fraud	2.9	66.3	42.1	22.8	45.4
Stolen property	1.4	77.4	57.2	31.8	62.1
Other property	0.3	71.1	47.6	28.5	40.0
Drug offenses	32.6	66.7	47.0	25.2	49.2
Possession	7.5	67.5	46.6	23.9	42.6
Trafficking	20.2	64.2	44.0	24.8	46.1
Other/unspecified	4.9	75.5	60.5	28.8	71.8
Public-order offenses	9.7	62.2	42.0	21.6	48.0
Weapons	3.1	70.2	46.6	24.3	55.5
Driving under the influence	3.3	51.5	31.7	16.6	43.7
Other public-order	3.3	65.1	48.0	24.4	43.6
Other offenses	1.7	64.7	42.1	20.7	66.9

Note: See Note, table 6.47.

^aBecause of missing data, prisoners released in Ohio were excluded from the calculation of percent reconvicted.^bIncludes new sentences to State or Federal prisons but not to local jails. Because of missing data, prisoners released in Ohio and Virginia were excluded from the calculation of percent returned to prison with new sentence.^cIncludes both prisoners with new sentences to State or Federal prisons plus prisoners returned for technical violations. Because of missing data, prisoners released in Arizona, Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey, Ohio, and Virginia were excluded from the calculation of percent returned to prison with or without a new prison sentence. New York State custody records did not always distinguish prison returns from jail returns. Consequently, some persons received in New York jails were probably mistakenly classified as prison returns. Also, California, with a relatively high return-to-prison rate, affects the overall rate of 51.8%. When California is excluded, the return-to-prison rate falls to 40.1%.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Recidivism of Prisoners Released in 1994*, Special Report NCJ 193427 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, June 2002), p. 8.

Table 6.51

Rearrest rates of prisoners released in 1994 from prisons in 15 States

By most serious offense for which released and charge at rearrest

Rearrest charge	Percent of prisoners rearrested within 3 years of release whose most serious offense at time of release was:												
	Violent offenses						Property offenses						
	All offenses ^a	Total ^b	Homicide ^c	Rape ^d	Robbery	Assault ^d	Total ^e	Burglary	Larceny/ theft	Motor vehicle theft	Fraud	Drug offense ^f	Public- order offense ^g
Number of released prisoners	272,111	61,107	4,443	3,138	26,862	17,708	91,061	41,257	26,259	9,478	7,853	88,516	26,329
All charges ^a	67.5%	61.7%	40.7%	46.0%	70.2%	65.1%	73.8%	74.0%	74.6%	78.8%	66.3%	66.7%	62.2%
Violent offenses ^b	21.6	27.5	16.7	18.6	29.6	31.4	21.9	21.9	22.3	26.5	14.8	18.4	18.5
Homicide ^c	0.8	1.1	1.2	0.7	1.1	1.6	0.8	0.7	0.6	2.4	0.5	0.7	0.6
Rape ^d	0.6	1.1	0.0	2.5	1.2	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.5	1.6	0.3	0.3	0.4
Robbery	6.2	8.5	3.4	3.9	13.4	6.1	6.3	5.9	7.3	8.4	3.3	4.9	4.6
Assault ^d	13.7	16.4	11.9	8.7	15.1	22.0	13.7	13.8	14.4	16.1	9.0	12.4	12.1
Property offenses ^e	31.9	25.5	10.8	14.8	32.9	25.6	46.3	45.4	47.8	45.7	44.8	24.0	22.9
Burglary	9.9	6.9	2.0	4.4	8.7	7.7	17.6	23.4	13.9	11.1	9.1	5.5	5.0
Larceny/theft	16.3	12.0	4.1	6.2	16.5	10.6	26.1	23.0	33.9	18.9	23.4	11.5	8.9
Motor vehicle theft	4.5	3.9	1.0	2.3	5.3	4.4	6.0	5.5	4.7	11.5	4.5	3.5	4.1
Fraud	4.7	3.2	2.1	1.8	4.0	3.2	7.1	5.1	6.8	6.6	19.0	3.3	5.1
Drug offenses ^f	30.3	22.6	13.0	11.2	29.4	21.5	27.2	27.6	27.1	33.9	18.5	41.2	22.1
Public-order offenses ^g	28.3	27.4	17.7	20.5	29.3	31.1	29.2	30.3	25.5	33.5	26.3	27.7	31.2

Note: See Note, table 6.47. The numerator for each percent is the number of persons rearrested for a new charge and the denominator is the number released for each type of offense. Detail may not add to totals because persons may be rearrested for more than one type of charge.

^aIncludes any offense type listed in footnotes b through g plus "other" and "unknown" offenses.

^bIncludes homicide, kidnaping, rape, other sexual assault, robbery, assault, and other forms of violence.

^cIncludes murder, voluntary manslaughter, vehicular manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, nonnegligent manslaughter, unspecified manslaughter, and unspecified homicide.

^dDoes not include sexual assault.

^eIncludes burglary, larceny/theft, motor vehicle theft, fraud, forgery, embezzlement, arson, stolen property, and other forms of property offenses.

^fIncludes drug trafficking, drug possession, and other forms of drug offenses.

^gIncludes traffic offenses, weapon offenses, probation and parole violations, court-related offenses, disorderly conduct, and other such offenses.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, **Recidivism of Prisoners Released in 1994**, Special Report NCJ 193427 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, June 2002), p. 9.

Table 6.52

Recidivism rates of State prisoners released in 1983 and 1994

By offense type

Most serious offense for which released	Percent of prisoners released in:		Percent rearrested within 3 years, among prisoners released in:		Percent reconvicted within 3 years, among prisoners released in:	
	1983	1994	1983	1994	1983	1994
All released prisoners	100%	100%	62.5%	67.5%	46.8%	46.9%
Violent	34.6	22.5	59.6	61.7	41.9	39.9
Property	48.3	33.5	68.1	73.8	53.0	53.4
Drug	9.5	32.6	50.4	66.7	35.3	47.0
Public-order	6.4	9.7	54.6	62.2	41.5	42.0
Other	1.1	1.7	76.8	64.7	62.9	42.1

Note: See Note, table 6.47. These data represent 272,111 prisoners released in 1994 from prisons in 15 States, and 108,580 prisoners released in 1983 from prisons in 11 States. All 11 States from 1983 are among the 15 States represented in 1994.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, **Recidivism of Prisoners Released in 1994**, Special Report NCJ 193427 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, June 2002), p. 11.

Table 6.53

Characteristics of Federal prisonersUnited States, yearend 1995, 1999-2003^a

	1995		1999		2000		2001		2002		2003	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	100,250	100%	135,246	100%	145,416	100%	156,993	100%	163,528	100%	173,059	100%
Sex												
Male	92,852	92.6	125,333	93.0	135,171	93.0	146,020	93.0	152,294	93.1	161,424	93.3
Female	7,398	7.4	9,913	7.0	10,245	7.1	10,973	7.0	11,234	6.9	11,635	6.7
Race												
White	60,261	60.1	77,719	57.5	83,732	57.6	87,873	56.0	91,851	56.2	97,598	56.4
Black	37,055	37.0	53,048	39.2	57,028	39.2	64,277	40.9	66,504	40.7	69,923	40.4
Other ^b	2,934	2.9	4,479	3.3	4,656	3.2	4,843	3.1	5,173	3.2	5,538	3.2
Ethnicity												
Hispanic	27,559	27.5	42,527	31.4	47,023	32.3	49,722	31.7	52,174	31.9	55,417	32.0
Non-Hispanic	72,691	72.5	92,719	68.6	98,393	67.7	107,271	68.3	111,354	68.1	117,642	68.0
Age												
Less than 18 years	79	0.1	106	0.1	101	0.1	102	0.1	87	0.1	70	(c)
18 to 25 years	13,655	13.6	17,843	13.2	18,688	12.8	19,870	12.7	19,755	12.1	20,085	11.6
26 to 30 years	18,156	18.1	26,818	19.8	28,827	19.8	30,241	19.3	30,738	18.8	31,892	18.4
31 to 35 years	18,907	18.9	25,654	19.0	27,922	19.2	30,571	19.5	32,563	19.9	35,236	20.4
36 to 40 years	16,767	16.7	22,022	16.3	23,882	16.4	25,667	16.4	26,966	16.5	28,526	16.5
41 to 45 years	12,844	12.8	16,698	12.3	18,051	12.4	19,801	12.6	20,812	12.7	22,374	12.9
46 to 50 years	9,129	9.1	11,505	8.5	12,209	8.4	13,462	8.6	14,371	8.8	15,326	8.9
51 to 55 years	5,410	5.4	7,314	5.4	7,868	5.4	8,702	5.5	9,042	5.5	9,442	5.5
56 to 60 years	2,879	2.9	3,980	3.0	4,330	3.0	4,654	3.0	5,039	3.1	5,484	3.2
61 to 65 years	1,441	1.4	1,682	1.2	1,845	1.3	2,056	1.3	2,160	1.3	2,407	1.4
66 years and older	981	1.0	1,624	1.2	1,693	1.2	1,867	1.2	1,995	1.2	2,217	1.3
Region												
Northeast	19,640	19.6	21,082	15.5	24,702	17.0	28,577	18.2	29,078	17.8	28,765	16.6
North Central	14,684	14.6	17,604	13.0	17,421	12.0	21,942	14.0	21,742	13.3	22,630	13.1
Mid-Atlantic	15,267	15.2	23,083	17.0	24,487	16.8	22,176	14.1	23,097	14.1	25,477	14.7
Southeast	17,076	17.0	23,719	17.5	24,801	17.1	26,367	21.5	27,121	16.6	29,207	16.9
South Central	18,967	18.9	31,132	23.0	33,384	23.0	33,791	16.8	35,690	21.8	38,845	22.4
West	14,616	14.6	18,626	14.0	20,621	14.2	24,140	15.4	26,800	16.4	28,135	16.3
Security level												
High	10,322	10.3	13,248	10.0	13,610	9.4	14,873	9.5	18,559	11.4	NA	NA
Medium	25,738	25.7	33,329	24.6	35,160	24.2	39,467	25.1	41,028	25.1	NA	NA
Low	21,710	21.7	34,848	25.7	35,959	24.7	40,188	25.6	41,450	25.4	NA	NA
Minimum	18,570	18.5	20,265	14.9	20,659	14.2	20,215	12.9	20,631	12.6	NA	NA
Administrative ^d	13,198	13.2	16,302	12.1	19,152	13.2	23,968	15.3	25,081	15.3	NA	NA
Contract	10,712	10.7	17,254	12.7	20,876	14.4	18,282	11.6	16,779	10.2	NA	NA
Citizenship												
U.S. citizen	72,765	72.6	94,508	69.8	100,883	69.4	110,539	70.4	115,562	70.7	123,145	71.2
Non-U.S. citizen	25,444	25.4	39,094	29.0	43,474	29.9	45,110	28.7	46,539	28.5	48,739	28.2
Unavailable	2,041	2.0	1,644	1.2	1,059	0.7	1,344	0.9	1,427	0.9	1,175	0.7

Note: These data represent all prisoners under Federal Bureau of Prisons (BOP) jurisdiction, which includes those in BOP-operated facilities and those in contract facilities. Contract facility figures include prisoners housed in secure facilities where the BOP had a direct contract with a private operator and those in secure facilities where there was a sub-contract with a private provider at a local government facility. In addition, prisoners housed in facilities operated by a locality to house short-term detention and juvenile cases are counted here, as well as prisoners in facilities operated by a State that is either under contract or under an intergovernmental agreement with the BOP. Also included are prisoners in community corrections centers and those on home confinement. Subcategories may not add to the total because of missing data for some prisoners.

^aPercents may not add to total because of rounding.

^bIncludes Asians and Native Americans.

^cLess than 0.05%.

^dIncludes special populations such as individuals requiring medical treatment or those in pretrial status regardless of security level.

Source: Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff from tables provided by the U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Prisons.

Table 6.54

Characteristics of Federal prisonersBy type of facility, United States, yearend 2003^a

	Prisoners confined in:					
	Total		Bureau of Prisons facilities		Contract facilities	
			Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	173,059	100%	146,279	100%	26,780	100%
Sex						
Male	161,424	93.3	135,928	92.9	25,496	95.2
Female	11,635	6.7	10,351	7.1	1,284	4.8
Race						
White	97,598	56.4	77,745	53.2	19,853	74.1
Black	69,923	40.4	64,014	43.8	5,909	22.1
Other ^b	5,538	3.2	4,520	3.1	1,018	3.8
Ethnicity						
Hispanic	55,417	32.0	40,236	27.5	15,181	56.7
Non-Hispanic	117,642	68.0	106,043	72.5	11,599	43.3
Age						
Less than 18 years	70	(c)	0	X	70	0.3
18 to 25 years	20,085	11.6	16,505	11.3	3,580	13.4
26 to 30 years	31,892	18.4	26,997	18.5	4,895	18.3
31 to 35 years	35,236	20.4	29,845	20.4	5,391	20.1
36 to 40 years	28,526	16.5	23,885	16.3	4,641	17.3
41 to 45 years	22,374	12.9	18,854	12.9	3,520	13.1
46 to 50 years	15,326	8.9	13,080	8.9	2,246	8.4
51 to 55 years	9,442	5.5	8,139	5.6	1,303	4.9
56 to 60 years	5,484	3.2	4,844	3.3	640	2.4
61 to 65 years	2,407	1.4	2,142	1.5	265	1.0
66 years and older	2,217	1.3	1,988	1.4	229	0.9
Region						
Northeast	28,765	16.6	27,629	18.9	1,136	4.2
North Central	22,630	13.1	20,803	14.2	1,827	6.8
Mid-Atlantic	25,477	14.7	22,751	15.6	2,726	10.2
Southeast	29,207	16.9	26,234	17.9	2,973	11.1
South Central	38,845	22.4	30,157	20.6	8,688	32.4
West	28,135	16.3	18,705	12.8	9,430	35.2
Citizenship						
U.S. citizen	123,145	71.2	112,069	76.6	11,076	41.4
Non-U.S. citizen	48,739	28.2	33,063	22.6	15,676	58.5
Unavailable	1,175	0.7	1,147	0.8	28	0.1

Note: See Note, table 6.53.

^aPercents may not add to total because of rounding.^bIncludes Asians and Native Americans.^cLess than 0.05%.

Source: Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff from table provided by the U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Prisons.

Table 6.55

Security level of facilities housing Federal prisonersBy sex and race of prisoner, United States, yearend 2002^a

	Total		Male						Female					
			White		Black		Other ^b		White		Black		Other ^b	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	163,528	100.0%	85,038	100.0%	62,531	100.0%	4,725	100.0%	6,813	100.0%	3,973	100.0%	448	100.0%
Security level														
High ^c	18,559	11.4	7,323	8.6	10,572	16.9	664	14.0	X	X	X	X	X	X
Medium ^d	41,028	25.1	20,073	23.6	19,657	31.4	1,247	26.4	X	X	X	X	X	X
Low	41,450	25.4	21,928	25.8	15,298	24.5	994	21.0	1,865	27.4	1,251	31.5	114	25.4
Minimum	20,631	12.6	9,153	10.8	7,079	11.3	326	6.9	2,431	35.7	1,545	38.9	97	21.6
Administrative ^e	25,081	15.3	15,205	17.9	6,572	10.5	950	20.1	1,578	23.2	691	17.4	136	30.4
Contract	16,779	10.2	11,356	13.4	3,353	5.4	544	11.5	939	13.8	486	12.2	101	22.5

Note: See Note, table 6.53.

^aPercents may not add to total because of rounding.^bIncludes Asians and Native Americans.^cThere are no high security facilities for female prisoners. High security level females are housed in a special unit.^dThere are no female prisoners classified as medium security and no medium security level facilities for females.^eIncludes special populations such as individuals requiring medical treatment or those in pretrial status regardless of security level.

Source: Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff from table provided by the U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Prisons.

Table 6.56

Type of commitment offense among Federal prisonersBy sex and race of prisoner, United States, yearend 2003^a

Offense	Male								Female					
	Total		White		Black		Other ^b		White		Black		Other ^b	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	156,702	100%	80,811	100%	60,986	100%	4,235	100%	6,539	100%	3,716	100%	415	100%
Drug	85,800	54.8	41,139	50.9	36,662	60.1	1,164	27.5	4,282	65.5	2,353	63.3	200	48.2
Robbery	10,168	6.5	4,298	5.3	5,349	8.8	154	3.6	167	2.6	194	5.2	6	1.4
Property	7,058	4.5	3,646	4.5	2,369	3.9	403	9.5	408	6.2	198	5.3	34	8.2
Extortion, fraud, bribery	6,915	4.4	3,768	4.7	1,679	2.8	198	4.7	702	10.7	515	13.9	53	12.8
Violent ^c	5,210	3.3	1,190	1.5	2,848	4.7	935	22.1	49	0.8	111	3.0	77	18.6
Weapons, explosives, arson	18,022	11.5	7,689	9.5	9,545	15.6	425	10.0	178	2.7	174	4.7	11	2.6
White collar ^d	1,040	0.7	499	0.6	272	0.4	33	0.8	162	2.5	66	1.8	8	1.9
Immigration	16,582	10.6	15,423	19.1	673	1.1	73	1.7	388	5.9	14	0.4	11	2.6
Court, corrections ^e	712	0.4	367	0.4	187	0.3	16	0.4	92	1.4	44	1.2	6	1.4
Sex offenses	1,617	1.0	397	0.5	475	0.8	730	17.2	9	0.1	4	0.1	2	0.5
National security	86	0.1	59	0.1	11	(f)	4	0.1	7	0.1	5	0.1	0	X
Continuing criminal enterprise	621	0.4	320	0.4	278	0.5	8	0.2	12	0.2	3	0.1	0	X
Other	2,871	1.8	2,016	2.5	638	1.1	92	2.2	83	1.3	35	0.9	7	1.7

Note: See Note, table 6.53. These data include prisoners under Federal Bureau of Prisons jurisdiction for whom offense information was available.

^aIncludes crimes such as harboring a fugitive, possessing or bringing contraband into a prison, and perjury.

^fLess than 0.05%.

^aPercents may not add to total because of rounding.

^bIncludes Asians and Native Americans.

^cIncludes crimes such as homicide, aggravated assault, and kidnapping.

^dIncludes banking, insurance, counterfeiting, and embezzlement.

Source: Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff from table provided by the U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Prisons.

Table 6.57

Federal prison population, and number and percent sentenced for drug offenses

United States, 1970-2004

	Total sentenced and unsentenced population	Sentenced population		
		Drug offenses		
		Total	Number	Percent of total
1970	21,266	20,686	3,384	16.3%
1971	20,891	20,529	3,495	17.0
1972	22,090	20,729	3,523	16.9
1973	23,336	22,038	5,652	25.6
1974	23,690	21,769	6,203	28.4
1975	23,566	20,692	5,540	26.7
1976	27,033	24,135	6,425	26.6
1977	29,877	25,673	6,743	26.2
1978	27,674	23,501	5,981	25.4
1979	24,810	21,539	5,468	25.3
1980	24,252	19,023	4,749	24.9
1981	26,195	19,765	5,076	25.6
1982	28,133	20,938	5,518	26.3
1983	30,214	26,027	7,201	27.6
1984	32,317	27,622	8,152	29.5
1985	36,042	27,623	9,491	34.3
1986	37,542	30,104	11,344	37.7
1987	41,609	33,246	13,897	41.8
1988	41,342	33,758	15,087	44.7
1989	47,568	37,758	18,852	49.9
1990	54,613	46,575	24,297	52.2
1991	61,026	52,176	29,667	56.9
1992	67,768	59,516	35,398	59.5
1993	76,531	68,183	41,393	60.7
1994	82,269	73,958	45,367	61.3
1995	85,865	76,947	46,669	60.7
1996	89,672	80,872	49,096	60.7
1997	95,513	87,294	52,059	59.6
1998	104,507	95,323	55,984	58.7
1999	115,024	104,500	60,399	57.8
2000	123,141	112,329	63,898	56.9
2001	131,419	120,829	67,037	55.5
2002	139,183	128,090	70,009	54.7
2003	148,731	137,536	75,801	55.1
2004 ^a	154,706	143,864	77,867	54.1

Note: These data represent prisoners housed in Federal Bureau of Prisons facilities; prisoners housed in contract facilities are not included. Data for 1970-76 are for June 30; beginning in 1977, data are for September 30. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aAs of November 2004.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Prisons [Online]. Available: <http://www.bop.gov/fact0598.html> [Sept. 9, 2003]; and data provided by the U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Prisons.

Table 6.58

Time served to first release by Federal prisoners

By offense, United States, fiscal year 2001

(In months)

	All prisoners			Prisoners with sentences of 1 year or less			Prisoners with sentences over 1 year			Percent of sentence served
	Number of prisoners released	Mean time served	Median time served	Number of prisoners released	Mean time served	Median time served	Number of prisoners released	Mean time served	Median time served	
Most serious conviction offense										
All offenses	39,428	29.3	20.8	11,083	4.9	4.9	28,345	38.9	27.0	87.8%
Violent offenses	2,006	54.8	43.5	147	5.6	5.9	1,859	58.7	45.9	87.0
Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	82	80.8	48.9	7	B	B	75	87.8	52.3	84.1
Assault	282	27.9	23.5	72	5.0	5.2	210	35.7	28.3	88.9
Robbery	1,417	59.3	49.7	47	6.4	5.9	1,370	61.1	50.4	87.0
Sexual abuse ^a	163	42.1	26.1	17	4.9	6.0	146	46.4	28.7	87.3
Kidnaping	51	84.3	66.2	2	B	B	49	87.5	67.9	83.4
Threats against the President	11	21.5	22.1	2	B	B	9	B	B	B
Property offenses	6,666	16.1	12.0	2,587	5.1	5.0	4,079	23.0	18.2	88.5
Fraudulent offenses	5,487	15.8	12.0	2,072	5.2	5.0	3,415	22.2	17.4	88.4
Embezzlement	426	9.0	5.0	263	3.9	4.0	163	17.3	13.1	87.6
Fraud ^b	4,435	16.5	12.0	1,588	5.4	5.0	2,847	22.7	18.2	88.5
Forgery	150	12.7	10.2	75	4.3	4.0	75	21.1	15.7	89.2
Counterfeiting	476	15.9	12.2	146	6.2	6.0	330	20.2	15.7	88.4
Other offenses	1,179	17.5	12.0	515	4.5	4.0	664	27.6	20.9	88.9
Burglary	63	21.5	15.7	14	6.0	5.0	49	26.0	18.3	87.7
Larceny ^c	555	11.9	10.0	300	5.3	5.0	255	19.7	15.6	89.7
Motor vehicle theft	88	16.8	13.0	24	7.0	7.8	64	20.5	15.7	88.2
Arson and explosives	42	46.3	34.1	5	B	B	37	51.8	44.8	88.2
Transportation of stolen property	109	22.1	16.6	18	5.4	5.0	91	25.4	20.8	90.3
Other property offenses ^d	322	21.2	12.5	154	2.1	1.3	168	38.7	31.8	87.5
Drug offenses	14,393	41.8	31.4	1,446	6.5	6.0	12,947	45.8	33.3	87.4
Trafficking	14,185	42.3	32.1	1,298	6.7	6.0	12,887	45.8	33.5	87.4
Possession and other	208	11.9	6.0	148	4.3	4.0	60	30.7	18.3	91.0
Public-order offenses	2,978	24.2	15.7	918	4.4	4.2	2,060	33.0	23.6	87.5
Regulatory offenses	646	19.8	13.1	205	5.9	5.0	441	26.2	20.9	88.0
Other offenses	2,332	25.4	15.7	713	3.9	4.0	1,619	34.9	26.1	87.4
Tax law violations including tax fraud	347	15.9	12.0	127	5.2	5.0	220	22.1	15.7	87.7
Bribery	64	12.8	10.4	29	5.6	5.9	35	18.7	13.1	87.0
Perjury, contempt, intimidation	67	18.0	12.2	28	5.4	5.0	39	26.9	20.1	88.5
National defense	20	33.9	23.4	6	B	B	14	45.2	29.2	84.9
Escape	180	17.4	13.1	65	6.0	6.0	115	23.8	18.0	88.7
Racketeering and extortion	966	40.7	32.3	72	6.3	5.9	894	43.5	35.7	86.9
Gambling offenses	2	B	B	2	B	B	0	X	X	X
Nonviolent sex offenses	60	29.1	23.6	8	B	B	52	33.1	26.1	88.5
Mail or transport of obscene material	193	22.8	20.9	14	5.3	6.0	179	24.1	23.5	87.4
Traffic offenses	308	2.4	1.0	294	1.8	0.9	14	16.4	13.9	90.6
Migratory birds	12	16.2	10.2	6	B	B	6	B	B	B
Other	113	13.2	9.0	62	4.5	5.0	51	23.8	18.3	91.5
Weapons offenses	2,171	43.7	34.8	169	6.2	5.3	2,002	46.9	40.0	88.1
Immigration offenses	10,653	15.2	10.0	5,533	4.5	4.0	5,120	26.8	24.8	88.6
Other offenses ^e	561	13.5	10.4	283	3.9	3.0	278	23.4	20.8	88.9

Note: See Note, table 6.4. These data are from the Federal Bureau of Prisons data files. Prisoners and the length of their sentences are classified according to the offense associated with the longest single sentence actually imposed. Prisoners serving consecutive sentences may have total imposed sentences exceeding the longest single sentence length. Accordingly, the time actually served may exceed the longest single imposed sentence. "Time served" is the number of months from the prisoner's arrival into jurisdiction of the Bureau of Prisons until first release from prison, plus any jail time served and credited. The total reported for "all offenses" includes prisoners whose offense category could not be determined. These data exclude prisoners who left Federal prison by extraordinary means, such as death, sentence commutation, and treaty transfer: 4,375 prisoners in fiscal year 2001. For methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 11.

^aIncludes only violent sex offenses.

^bExcludes tax fraud.

^cExcludes transportation of stolen property.

^dExcludes fraudulent property offenses; includes destruction of property and trespass.

^eOffenses not classifiable or not a violation of the U.S. Code.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 2001*, NCJ 201627 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 104.

Table 6.59

Mean time served to first release by Federal prisoners

By offense and characteristics, United States, fiscal year 2001

(In months)

	Number of prisoners released	Mean time served for:								
		All	Violent	Property offenses		Drug	Public-order offenses		Weapons	Immigration
Prisoner characteristics		offenses	offenses	Fraudulent	Other	offenses	Regulatory	Other	offenses	offenses
All releases	39,428	29.3	54.8	15.8	17.5	41.8	19.8	25.4	43.7	15.2
<u>Sex</u>										
Male	34,908	30.3	56.8	16.9	18.9	43.5	20.5	26.1	44.0	15.6
Female	4,474	20.9	31.3	11.4	10.6	30.6	15.7	18.8	32.6	8.1
<u>Race</u>										
White	29,479	25.4	57.8	15.8	18.2	36.3	19.0	24.2	40.7	14.9
Black	8,603	42.0	55.3	15.5	16.0	55.4	22.5	27.8	47.5	27.5
Native American	524	35.5	44.6	16.0	17.4	31.1	11.1	18.1	27.9	13.8
Asian/Pacific Islander	776	30.7	39.1	16.2	19.5	51.9	21.7	30.6	37.2	20.0
<u>Ethnicity</u>										
Hispanic	19,036	23.4	59.6	13.1	13.8	36.0	17.4	29.0	37.1	14.7
Non-Hispanic	20,346	34.8	54.2	16.3	18.2	47.2	20.5	24.6	44.8	21.8
<u>Age</u>										
Less than 19 years	329	22.2	41.5	11.3	17.4	24.8	12.9	63.1	58.1	5.5
19 to 20 years	1,894	25.6	51.2	12.2	15.7	32.8	20.5	22.2	42.4	8.2
21 to 30 years	16,172	28.5	53.5	13.7	18.9	40.3	21.4	27.1	43.6	13.8
31 to 40 years	12,030	31.0	61.0	15.9	20.3	44.4	20.5	25.8	45.2	18.1
Over 40 years	8,957	29.2	51.1	17.5	14.3	44.1	18.0	23.7	41.5	16.8
<u>Citizenship</u>										
U.S. citizen	20,627	34.4	55.1	16.4	17.0	43.8	21.4	24.3	44.6	11.9
Not U.S. citizen	18,614	23.7	46.6	13.7	24.2	39.2	14.9	32.4	35.3	15.4

Note: See Notes, tables 6.4 and 6.58. Totals include prisoners whose offense category could not be determined and exclude prisoners released by extraordinary means such as commutation and death. For methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 11.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 2001*, NCJ 201627 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 106, Table 7.16.

Table 6.60

Immigration offenders in Federal prison and average time to be served

United States, 1985-2000

	Immigration offenders in Federal prison	
	Number	Average time to be served (in months) ^a
1985	1,593	NA
1986	1,799	3.6
1987	1,667	3.6
1988	1,631	4.1
1989	1,729	3.7
1990	1,673	3.6
1991	1,667	4.6
1992	1,654	5.4
1993	2,198	7.3
1994	2,486	9.5
1995	3,420	11.0
1996	4,476	13.9
1997	5,454	15.1
1998	7,430	16.5
1999	10,156	20.0
2000	13,676	20.6

Note: These data are from the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics' (BJS) Federal Justice Statistics Program, a database comprised of information from various Federal agencies. Immigration offenses are defined according to the BJS filing offense classification procedure followed by the Administrative Office of the United States Courts. The category is composed largely of the following offense types: smuggling, transporting, and harboring aliens; unlawful entry and reentry of aliens; and misuse of visa and other documents. (Source, p. 8.) The data presented are for offenders for whom an immigration offense was the most serious offense.

^aEstimates of time to be served are subject to change. Once committed to the Federal Bureau of Prisons, the term an offender is required to serve may be adjusted for reasons such as assistance to Federal prosecutors and appellate review.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Immigration Offenders in the Federal Criminal Justice System, 2000*, Special Report NCJ 191745 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, August 2002), p. 10, Appendix for figure 5 and Appendix for figure 6. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.61

Detainees under Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) jurisdiction^a

By type of facility, Dec. 31, 1995, 2000-2003

Type of facility	Number of detainees					Percent change 2002 to 2003
	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	
Total ^b	8,177	19,528	19,137	21,065	23,514	11.6%
ICE-operated facilities	3,776	4,785	4,550	5,087	5,109	0.4
Private facilities under exclusive contract to ICE	652	1,829	1,947	1,936	1,935	-0.1
Federal Bureau of Prisons	1,282	1,444	1,276	1,100	1,338	21.6
Other Federal facilities	181	178	162	130	88	-32.3
Intergovernmental agreements	2,286	11,281	11,201	12,812	15,044	17.4
State prisons	8	369	419	453	477	5.3
Local jails	1,984	8,886	8,681	9,764	11,376	16.5
Other facilities	294	2,026	2,101	2,595	3,191	23.0

Note: See Note, table 6.28.

^aOn Mar. 1, 2003, functions of several border and security agencies including the U.S. Customs Service and the Immigration and Naturalization Service were transferred to the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement.

^bDetail does not add to total because facility type was unknown for one detainee in 2000 and 2001.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in 2001*, Bulletin NCJ 195189, p. 10, Table 12; *2003*, Bulletin NCJ 205335, p. 9 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.62

Drug and alcoholism treatment facilities and clients in treatment

By type of care received and jurisdiction, on Mar. 29, 2002

Jurisdiction ^a	Treatment facilities	Clients in treatment								
		All clients				Clients under age 18				
		Type of care received				Type of care received				
		Total	Out-patient	Residential	Hospital inpatient	Total	Out-patient	Residential	Hospital inpatient	Percent
Total	13,720	1,136,287	1,020,214	102,394	13,679	91,851	80,383	10,342	1,126	8.1%
Alabama	118	10,934	10,047	790	97	557	486	69	2	5.1
Alaska	87	3,004	2,527	464	13	229	202	27	0	7.6
Arizona	212	26,115	24,132	1,763	220	1,650	1,416	231	3	6.3
Arkansas	59	3,789	3,079	667	43	218	184	34	0	5.8
California	1,772	158,653	139,530	18,067	1,056	12,033	11,084	902	47	7.6
Colorado	389	32,764	31,279	1,283	202	2,762	2,483	271	8	8.4
Connecticut	247	20,874	18,532	1,961	381	875	703	140	32	4.2
Delaware	42	4,106	3,896	187	23	210	208	1	1	5.1
District of Columbia	60	5,900	5,232	547	121	196	119	50	27	3.3
Federated States of Micronesia	3	179	167	1	11	13	12	0	1	7.3
Florida	612	47,849	41,906	5,212	731	4,017	3,350	609	58	8.4
Georgia	263	18,973	16,872	1,778	323	986	838	122	26	5.2
Guam	1	253	253	0	0	30	30	0	0	11.9
Hawaii	91	3,642	3,164	422	56	774	690	54	30	21.3
Idaho	67	4,149	3,952	166	31	1,050	1,001	44	5	25.3
Illinois	608	45,375	41,065	3,943	367	3,974	3,398	547	29	8.8
Indiana	288	27,291	26,445	676	170	2,524	2,502	18	4	9.2
Iowa	119	8,262	7,592	617	53	1,151	968	182	1	13.9
Kansas	182	9,311	8,459	805	47	1,055	943	98	14	11.3
Kentucky	308	18,440	17,002	1,096	342	1,081	922	61	98	5.9
Louisiana	167	12,653	10,761	1,607	285	738	528	202	8	5.8
Maine	177	6,621	6,190	295	136	822	783	39	0	12.4
Maryland	345	36,114	33,936	2,043	135	2,835	2,629	182	24	7.9
Massachusetts	352	35,919	31,679	3,622	618	1,485	1,413	65	7	4.1
Michigan	562	44,166	41,014	2,927	225	3,239	3,132	97	10	7.3
Minnesota	263	9,936	6,690	2,914	332	947	608	309	30	9.5
Mississippi	121	5,310	4,163	948	199	268	169	74	25	5.0
Missouri	253	18,507	16,846	1,590	71	1,291	969	296	26	7.0
Montana	52	2,531	2,330	170	31	490	418	65	7	19.4
Nebraska	104	5,397	4,636	670	91	857	792	65	0	15.9
Nevada	77	7,266	6,805	441	20	387	350	37	0	5.3
New Hampshire	64	3,160	2,861	254	45	185	151	32	2	5.9
New Jersey	315	31,696	28,625	2,491	580	2,827	2,460	333	34	8.9
New Mexico	120	10,634	9,880	661	93	870	809	46	15	8.2
New York	1,260	139,434	124,520	12,174	2,740	7,698	7,012	640	46	5.5
North Carolina	283	27,758	26,088	1,353	317	2,484	2,426	53	5	8.9
North Dakota	47	1,878	1,543	285	50	269	208	50	11	14.3
Ohio	515	38,919	35,561	2,865	493	4,304	3,819	485	0	11.1
Oklahoma	149	8,815	7,250	1,488	77	1,067	877	166	24	12.1
Oregon	232	24,290	23,096	1,144	50	2,455	2,236	219	0	10.1
Palau	1	70	66	0	4	1	0	0	1	1.4
Pennsylvania	488	38,734	33,385	4,840	509	3,540	2,861	676	3	9.1
Puerto Rico	111	8,228	5,582	2,580	66	962	709	249	4	11.7
Rhode Island	56	6,173	5,851	308	14	264	223	41	0	4.3
South Carolina	93	12,216	11,650	311	255	1,276	1,261	2	13	10.4
South Dakota	61	2,520	1,861	607	52	483	330	133	20	19.2
Tennessee	190	9,838	8,383	1,223	232	904	716	162	26	9.2
Texas	555	37,274	30,734	5,969	571	2,854	1,826	882	146	7.7
Utah	134	9,079	7,585	1,377	117	1,628	864	709	55	17.9
Vermont	40	2,426	2,187	206	33	466	422	40	4	19.2
Virgin Islands	4	156	113	43	0	14	11	3	0	9.0
Virginia	228	23,734	22,322	1,206	206	2,315	2,150	165	0	9.8
Washington	310	37,353	35,415	1,674	264	3,502	3,163	218	121	9.4
West Virginia	85	4,954	4,430	452	72	562	519	33	10	11.3
Wisconsin	324	20,648	19,247	1,073	328	1,935	1,784	100	51	9.4
Wyoming	54	2,017	1,798	138	81	242	216	14	12	12.0

Note: These data are from the National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (N-SSATS), which is conducted annually by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. The survey includes both public and private treatment facilities in the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and U.S. territories and protectorates. The reference date for the 2002 N-SSATS was Mar. 29, 2002. A total of 15,459 facilities were eligible for the 2002 survey; data were received for 14,756 facilities for a response rate of 95.5%. After exclusion of responding facilities deemed out of the scope of the survey focus, there were 13,720 eligible respondents for the 2002 N-SSATS. "Clients in treatment" include hospital inpatient and residential clients receiving treatment (and not discharged) on the survey reference date, and outpatient clients enrolled on the reference date who received a substance abuse treatment service during the month prior to the survey.

^aData for facilities operated by Federal agencies are included in the States in which the facilities are located.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (N-SSATS): 2002* (Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2003), pp. 65, 124, 125. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.63

Offenders in State sex offender registries

By State, 1998 and 2001

State	Offenders in registry		Percent change 1998 to 2001
	1998	2001	
Total	263,166	386,112	47%
Alabama	440	3,338	659
Alaska ^a	3,535	4,107	16
Arizona	9,200	11,500	25
Arkansas	958	2,935	206
California ^a	78,000	88,853	14
Colorado	4,326	8,804	104
Connecticut	(b)	2,030	X
Delaware	800	1,688	111
District of Columbia	50	303	506
Florida	9,000	20,000	122
Georgia	1,200	4,564	280
Hawaii	1,000	1,500	50
Idaho	1,710	1,778	4
Illinois ^a	14,300	16,551	16
Indiana	9,500	11,656	23
Iowa	2,240	3,921	75
Kansas	1,200	1,794	50
Kentucky	800	2,000	150
Louisiana	3,455	5,708	65
Maine	275	473	72
Maryland	400	1,400	250
Massachusetts	7,004	(c)	X
Michigan	19,000	26,850	41
Minnesota	7,300	10,610	45
Mississippi	1,063	1,512	42
Missouri	2,800	7,500	168
Montana ^d	1,739	2,088	20
Nebraska	640	1,120	75
Nevada	1,500	2,519	68
New Hampshire	1,500	2,168	45
New Jersey	5,151	7,495	46
New Mexico	450	1,171	160
New York	7,200	11,575	61
North Carolina	2,200	5,922	169
North Dakota	683	766	12
Ohio	1,294	5,423	319
Oklahoma	2,303	4,020	75
Oregon	7,400	9,410	27
Pennsylvania	2,400	4,533	89
Rhode Island	273	1,424	422
South Carolina	2,500	4,924	97
South Dakota	800	1,182	48
Tennessee	2,800	4,561	63
Texas	18,000	29,494	64
Utah	4,733	5,192	10
Vermont	877	1,509	72
Virginia	6,615	9,306	41
Washington	1,400	15,304	993
West Virginia	600	950	58
Wisconsin	10,000	11,999	20
Wyoming	552	682	24

Note: In March 1998, the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS) established the National Sex Offender Registry Assistance Program (NSOR-AP). As part of BJS' National Criminal History Improvement Program, NSOR-AP assists States in meeting the requirements of the Wetterling Act as amended by Megan's Law and the Pam Lychner Act. The program also provides assistance to allow States to participate in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's permanent National Sex Offender Registry. Readers should be aware that several factors in each State's authorizing legislation significantly influence the size of a State's registry. Among these factors are the number of different offenses requiring registration, the date that triggers the registration mandate, and the duration of the registration requirement.

^aNumber includes more than just registered offenders (for example, never registered but required to do so, offenders in jail, registered but not in compliance).

^bAt the time the survey was conducted in 1998, Connecticut did not have a centralized sex offender registry.

^cThe 2001 count is not included due to a superior court injunction against the Sex Offender Registry Board, prohibiting registration without first providing the offender a hearing. At the time of the survey, Massachusetts estimated that about 17,000 sex offenders would be qualified to register.

^dAlso includes offenders who must register for certain violent offenses.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Summary of State Sex Offender Registries, 2001*, Fact Sheet NCJ 192265 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, March 2002), p. 6.

Table 6.64

Prisoners under jurisdiction of U.S. military authoritiesBy branch of service, Dec. 31, 1996-2003^a

	Number								Percent change
Branch of service	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2002 to 2003
<u>To which prisoners belonged</u>									
Total	2,747	2,772	2,426	2,279	2,420	2,436	2,377	2,165	-8.9%
Air Force	487	575	484	409	413	480	450	391	-13.1
Army	1,106	1,063	862	761	789	804	860	840	-2.3
Marine Corps	685	628	682	565	730	628	565	539	-4.6
Navy	455	490	389	523	474	516	489	377	-22.9
Coast Guard	14	16	9	21	14	8	13	18	38.5
<u>Holding prisoners</u>									
Total	2,747	2,772	2,426	2,279	2,420	2,436	2,377	2,165	-8.9
Air Force ^b	NA	103	128	92	102	126	128	105	-18.0
Army	1,486	1,494	1,115	1,026	994	981	966	967	0.1
Marine Corps	650	571	617	480	563	428	478	441	-7.7
Navy	611	604	526	681	761	901	805	652	-19.0

Note: For information on methodology, see Appendix 15.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in 1997*, Bulletin NCJ 170014, p. 2; *1999*, Bulletin NCJ 183476, p. 2, Table 3; *2001*, Bulletin NCJ 195189, p. 11, Table 13; *2003*, Bulletin NCJ 205335, p. 8 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bData for 1996 exclude prisoners confined in Air Force facilities.

Table 6.65

Rate (per 100,000 adult residents) of adults on parole

United States, 1981-2003

	Rate per 100,000 adult residents
1981	136
1982	144
1983	147
1984	155
1985	158
1986	184
1987	201
1988	224
1989	248
1990	287
1991	316
1992	336
1993	352
1994	359
1995	361
1996	359
1997 ^a	349
1998	352
1999	352
2000	347
2001	350
2002	350
2003	357

Note: See Note, table 6.3. Parole is a period of conditional supervised release following a prison term. Prisoners may be released to parole either by a parole board decision or by mandatory conditional release. Rates were calculated using U.S. Census Bureau population figures for the number of adult residents. For information on methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 15.

^aDue to reporting changes in New Jersey and other jurisdictions, the 1997 rate is not directly comparable to prior years.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Probation and Parole 1982*, Bulletin NCJ-89874, p. 4; *1983*, Bulletin NCJ-94776, p. 2; *1984*, Bulletin NCJ-100181, p. 4 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice); U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Correctional Populations in the United States, 1985*, NCJ-103957, p. 91; *1986*, NCJ-111611, p. 81; *1987*, NCJ-118762, p. 125; *1988*, NCJ-124280, p. 97; *1989*, NCJ-130445, p. 103; *1990*, NCJ-134946, p. 117; *1992*, NCJ-146413, p. 105; *1993*, NCJ-156241, Table 6.2; *1994*, NCJ-160091, Table 6.2; *1995*, NCJ-163916, Table 6.2 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice); U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Probation and Parole Populations 1997*, Press Release NCJ-172216 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, August 1998), p. 4; U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Probation and Parole in 1999*, Press Release NCJ 183508 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, July 2000), p. 5; U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Probation and Parole in the United States, 2000*, Press Release NCJ 188208, p. 5; *2001*, Bulletin NCJ 195669, p. 5; *2002*, Bulletin NCJ 201135, p. 5, Table 5; *2003*, Bulletin NCJ 205336, p. 5, Table 5 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice); and data provided by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics. Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.66

Adults on parole under State and Federal jurisdiction

By region and jurisdiction, 2003

Region and jurisdiction	Parole population Jan. 1, 2003	2003 ^a		Parole population Dec. 31, 2003	Percent change in parole population during 2003	Number on parole on Dec. 31, 2003 per 100,000 adult residents
		Entries	Exits			
United States, total	750,934	492,727	470,538	774,588	3.1%	357
Federal	83,063	33,590	31,088	86,459	4.1	40
State	667,871	459,137	439,450	688,129	3.0	317
Northeast	174,591	77,381	71,903	180,069	3.1	437
Connecticut	2,186	3,260	2,847	2,599	18.9	99
Maine	32	0	0	32	0.0	3
Massachusetts	3,951	6,305	6,552	3,704	-6.3	370
New Hampshire ^b	963	719	482	1,200	24.6	124
New Jersey	12,576	10,322	9,650	13,248	5.3	203
New York	55,990	25,049	25,186	55,853	-0.2	386
Pennsylvania ^c	97,712	30,870	26,338	102,244	4.6	1,084
Rhode Island	384	456	448	392	2.1	48
Vermont	797	400	400	797	0.0	170
Midwest	114,173	95,242	87,882	121,533	6.4	250
Illinois	35,458	32,476	32,926	35,008	-1.3	374
Indiana	5,877	7,304	6,162	7,019	19.4	152
Iowa ^d	2,787	2,787	2,475	3,099	11.2	140
Kansas ^d	3,990	4,146	3,991	4,145	3.9	207
Michigan	17,648	12,579	9,994	20,233	14.6	271
Minnesota	3,577	4,121	4,102	3,596	0.5	96
Missouri	13,533	10,407	8,720	15,220	12.5	357
Nebraska	574	839	763	650	13.2	51
North Dakota	148	585	507	226	52.7	48
Ohio	17,853	11,670	11,096	18,427	3.2	216
South Dakota	1,640	1,451	1,147	1,944	18.5	346
Wisconsin	11,088	6,877	5,999	11,966	7.9	293
South	219,849	104,142	96,351	227,668	3.6	291
Alabama	5,309	4,098	2,457	6,950	30.9	206
Arkansas	12,128	7,379	5,813	13,694	12.9	672
Delaware	551	217	239	529	-4.0	85
District of Columbia ^{b,c}	5,297	3,136	3,369	5,064	(e)	1,129
Florida	5,223	4,409	4,680	4,952	-5.2	37
Georgia	20,822	11,738	10,391	22,135	6.3	344
Kentucky ^d	5,968	4,719	3,115	7,572	26.9	243
Louisiana	23,049	13,468	11,452	25,065	8.7	766
Maryland	13,271	8,059	7,588	13,742	3.5	334
Mississippi ^f	1,816	1,103	963	1,816	0.0	87
North Carolina	2,805	3,214	3,342	2,677	-4.6	42
Oklahoma ^b	3,573	1,995	1,521	4,047	(e)	155
South Carolina	3,491	1,025	1,306	3,210	-8.0	103
Tennessee	7,949	3,130	3,314	7,967	0.2	180
Texas ^b	103,068	32,847	33,644	102,271	-0.8	639
Virginia	4,530	2,779	2,475	4,834	6.7	86
West Virginia	999	826	682	1,143	14.4	81
West	159,258	182,371	183,313	158,859	-0.3	324
Alaska ^d	900	614	587	927	(e)	203
Arizona ^c	4,587	8,895	8,115	5,367	17.0	129
California ^d	113,185	148,915	152,305	110,338	-2.5	424
Colorado	6,215	5,298	4,954	6,559	5.5	193
Hawaii	2,525	906	1,191	2,240	-11.3	231
Idaho	1,961	1,486	1,118	2,329	18.8	236
Montana ^d	845	601	631	815	-3.6	119
Nevada	3,971	2,956	2,801	4,126	3.9	243
New Mexico	1,962	1,977	1,532	2,407	22.7	177
Oregon	19,090	8,059	7,380	19,769	3.6	733
Utah	3,352	2,300	2,353	3,299	-1.6	205
Washington ^b	95	45	35	105	10.5	2
Wyoming	570	319	311	578	1.4	156

Note: See Notes, tables 6.3 and 6.65. For information on methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 15.

^aBecause of incomplete data, the population for some jurisdictions on Dec. 31, 2003 does not equal the population on Jan. 1, 2003, plus entries, minus exits.

^bAll data were estimated.

^cData for entries and exits were estimated for nonreporting agencies.

^dData do not include parolees in one or more of the following categories: absconder, out of State, or inactive.

^eNot calculated by the Source.

^fData are for year ending Dec. 1, 2003.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Probation and Parole in the United States, 2003*, Bulletin NCJ 205336 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, July 2004), p. 5, Table 5.

Table 6.67

Percent of State parole discharges successfully completing supervision

By method of release from prison, United States, 1990-99

	All discharges ^a	Type of release ^b		Method of release ^b	
		First release	Re-release	Discretionary parole	Mandatory parole
1990	44.6%	56.4%	14.6%	51.6%	23.8%
1991	46.8	60.7	17.1	52.6	24.9
1992	48.6	57.4	22.5	50.7	29.8
1993	46.9	65.4	23.0	54.8	33.5
1994	44.3	56.7	19.1	52.2	30.4
1995	44.3	63.4	18.0	54.3	28.0
1996	45.2	67.4	19.4	55.9	30.2
1997	43.4	63.4	18.7	55.8	30.8
1998	43.8	62.9	20.5	55.3	32.2
1999	41.9	63.5	21.1	54.1	33.1

^aData are from the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics' Annual Parole Survey.^bData are from the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics' National Corrections Reporting Program.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Trends in State Parole, 1990-2000*, Special Report NCJ 184735 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, October 2001), p. 11, Table 16.

Table 6.68

Offenders returning to Federal prison within 3 years of release

United States, 1986-97

Year of release	Number of first releases	First returns to prison within 3 years of release	
		Number	Percent of releases
Total	215,263	33,855	15.7%
1986	21,493	2,440	11.4
1987	22,889	2,942	12.9
1988	22,237	2,995	13.5
1989	22,221	3,225	14.5
1990	25,389	3,948	15.6
1991	24,685	4,291	17.4
1992	24,280	4,429	18.2
1993	25,224	4,593	18.2
1994	26,845	4,992	18.6

Note: These data are from the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics' Federal Justice Statistics Program, which is a database constructed from source files provided by the Executive Office for United States Attorneys, the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, the United States Sentencing Commission, and the Federal Bureau of Prisons. This study counts the number of Federal prisoners who returned to Federal prison after first release from a U.S. district court commitment. "First returns to prison" include all first releases who were returned for any reason, including those who entered Federal prison as the result of a supervision violation or conviction for a new offense. Federal prisoners who, after first release from a Federal prison, subsequently entered a State prison or local jail were not included in this analysis. Federal offenders released during 1994 represent the final cohort included in the above data. By ending with the 1994 cohort, offenders could be tracked for at least 3 years following release.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Offenders Returning to Federal Prison, 1986-97*, Special Report NCJ 182991 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, September 2000), p. 2.

Table 6.69

Offenders returning to Federal prison within 3 years of release

By demographic characteristics, conviction offense, and type of release, United States, 1986-97 (aggregate)

Characteristics and conviction offense	Number of first releases	Percent returned
Total ^a	215,263	15.7%
Sex		
Male	192,452	16.2
Female	22,382	11.6
Race		
White	168,733	13.4
Black	41,290	24.4
Other	5,240	21.6
Hispanic origin		
Non-Hispanic	81,093	13.7
Hispanic	133,741	17.0
Age		
Under 21 years	9,538	13.9
21 to 40 years	148,504	17.7
Over 40 years	56,783	11.0
Citizenship		
U.S. citizen	80,992	11.1
Not U.S. citizen	133,842	18.5
Conviction offense		
Violent	13,036	32.4
Robbery	8,880	36.3
Other violent	4,156	23.9
Property	48,428	16.6
Fraud	23,970	13.2
Other property	24,448	20.0
Drugs	72,728	13.4
Public-order	79,202	14.7
Weapons	9,203	24.2
Immigration	49,709	14.7
Other public-order	20,290	10.7
Supervision requirement		
Parole or supervised release	130,494	18.4
No supervision required	84,769	11.7

Note: See Note, table 6.68.

^aIncludes observations for which sex, race, Hispanic origin, age, citizenship, or conviction offense may have been missing.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Offenders Returning to Federal Prison, 1986-97*, Special Report NCJ 182991 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, September 2000), pp. 3, 4; p. 5, Table 4. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.70

Federal supervised release terminations

By outcome and offense, United States, fiscal year 2001

Most serious conviction offense	Number of supervised release terminations	Percent terminating supervision with:					
		No violation	Technical violations ^a			New crime ^b	Administrative case closure
			Drug use	Fugitive status	Other		
All offenses	24,966	64.2%	7.6%	4.9%	8.2%	12.8%	2.3%
Felonies	24,323	64.2	7.5	4.9	8.2	12.8	2.3
Violent offenses	1,828	43.6	11.5	8.7	13.8	19.5	2.9
Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	79	39.2	6.3	12.7	22.8	15.2	3.8
Negligent manslaughter	4	B	B	B	B	B	B
Assault	228	47.8	6.6	10.5	14.0	20.2	0.9
Robbery	1,308	42.4	14.1	8.1	11.9	20.3	3.2
Sexual abuse ^c	163	48.5	2.5	10.4	22.1	14.1	2.5
Kidnaping	19	52.6	10.5	5.3	5.3	21.1	5.3
Threats against the President	27	37.0	3.7	3.7	29.6	22.2	3.7
Property offenses	6,653	70.6	5.8	4.5	8.0	9.3	1.9
Fraudulent offenses	5,480	73.5	5.0	4.0	7.2	8.4	1.8
Embezzlement	741	85.3	2.8	1.6	3.9	4.9	1.5
Fraud ^d	4,022	74.3	4.6	3.8	7.4	8.0	1.9
Forgery	137	64.2	10.2	8.8	7.3	8.8	0.7
Counterfeiting	580	55.0	9.3	7.4	10.0	15.9	2.4
Other offenses	1,173	56.8	9.5	6.6	11.7	13.2	2.1
Burglary	78	35.9	15.4	9.0	20.5	19.2	0.0
Larceny ^e	732	53.7	10.8	7.7	13.3	13.4	1.2
Motor vehicle theft	126	64.3	7.1	4.8	3.2	16.7	4.0
Arson and explosives	102	67.6	2.0	3.9	7.8	13.7	4.9
Transportation of stolen property	104	74.0	7.7	1.9	6.7	6.7	2.9
Other property offenses ^f	31	58.1	6.5	9.7	16.1	0.0	9.7
Drug offenses	11,073	65.4	8.1	4.3	7.1	12.4	2.6
Trafficking	9,894	64.8	8.1	4.4	7.2	12.7	2.7
Possession and other	1,179	70.2	7.7	3.5	6.6	10.2	1.8
Public-order offenses	2,109	77.5	3.8	3.7	6.3	6.9	1.9
Regulatory offenses	572	74.5	4.4	4.4	6.5	8.9	1.4
Agriculture	10	B	B	B	B	B	B
Antitrust	3	B	B	B	B	B	B
Food and drug	6	B	B	B	B	B	B
Transportation	20	85.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	5.0	0.0
Civil rights	49	79.6	2.0	0.0	4.1	12.2	2.0
Communications	21	85.7	9.5	0.0	0.0	4.8	0.0
Customs laws	34	67.6	17.6	8.8	2.9	2.9	0.0
Postal laws	24	54.2	4.2	8.3	20.8	8.3	4.2
Other regulatory offenses	405	74.8	3.2	4.4	7.2	8.9	1.5
Other offenses	1,537	78.7	3.6	3.4	6.2	6.1	2.1
Tax law violations including tax fraud	322	91.6	1.6	1.9	1.2	1.9	1.9
Bribery	65	92.3	3.1	0.0	3.1	1.5	0.0
Perjury, contempt, intimidation	109	76.1	7.3	0.9	7.3	7.3	0.9
National defense	7	B	B	B	B	B	B
Escape	149	41.6	10.1	19.5	12.8	14.8	1.3
Racketeering and extortion	516	82.0	3.5	1.0	6.2	5.0	2.3
Gambling offenses	50	84.0	4.0	0.0	2.0	6.0	4.0
Nonviolent sex offenses	171	73.1	0.0	4.1	9.9	8.8	4.1
Mail or transport of obscene material	25	88.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Migratory birds	3	B	B	B	B	B	B
Other felonies	120	75.0	4.2	3.3	7.5	9.2	0.8
Weapons offenses	1,838	53.4	11.5	5.3	10.6	16.5	2.6
Immigration offenses	790	31.3	5.4	9.2	13.3	39.5	1.3
Misdemeanors ^g	643	63.3	10.4	4.8	8.4	11.7	1.4

Note: See Notes, tables 6.4 and 6.8. Total includes 32 felony offenders whose offense category could not be determined. For methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 11.

^aSupervision terminated with incarceration or removal to inactive status for violation of supervision conditions other than charges for new offenses.

^bSupervision terminated with incarceration or removal to inactive status after arrest for a "major" or "minor" offense.

^cIncludes only violent sex offenses.

^dExcludes tax fraud.

^eExcludes transportation of stolen property.

^fExcludes fraudulent property offenses; includes destruction of property and trespass.

^gIncludes misdemeanors, petty offenses, and unknown offense level.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 2001*, NCJ 201627 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 97.

Table 6.71

Federal parole terminations

By outcome and offense, United States, fiscal year 2001

Most serious conviction offense	Number of parole terminations	Percent terminating supervision with:					
		No violation	Technical violations ^a			New crime ^b	Administrative case closure
			Drug use	Fugitive status	Other		
All offenses	1,653	55.8%	10.1%	6.2%	8.8%	13.4%	5.7%
Felonies	1,649	55.8	10.1	6.2	8.7	13.4	5.8
Violent offenses	504	37.5	16.1	9.7	10.9	19.8	6.0
Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	41	34.1	12.2	9.8	17.1	17.1	9.8
Assault	12	41.7	16.7	8.3	25.0	0.0	8.3
Robbery	403	37.0	17.1	9.7	9.9	20.3	6.0
Sexual abuse ^c	16	43.8	6.3	12.5	12.5	25.0	0.0
Kidnaping	32	43.8	12.5	9.4	9.4	21.9	3.1
Property offenses	185	71.4	4.3	4.3	5.4	9.2	5.4
Fraudulent offenses	101	76.2	3.0	3.0	2.0	8.9	6.9
Embezzlement	4	B	B	B	B	B	B
Fraud ^d	80	78.8	2.5	2.5	1.3	8.8	6.3
Forgery	9	B	B	B	B	B	B
Counterfeiting	8	B	B	B	B	B	B
Other offenses	84	65.5	6.0	6.0	9.5	9.5	3.6
Burglary	28	57.1	10.7	3.6	10.7	7.1	10.7
Larceny ^e	30	76.7	3.3	10.0	3.3	6.7	0.0
Motor vehicle theft	12	50.0	0.0	0.0	16.7	33.3	0.0
Arson and explosives	11	72.7	9.1	0.0	18.2	0.0	0.0
Transportation of stolen property	3	B	B	B	B	B	B
Drug offenses	786	64.4	8.3	5.0	7.1	9.4	5.9
Trafficking	715	63.6	8.7	4.9	6.9	9.8	6.2
Possession and other	71	71.8	4.2	5.6	9.9	5.6	2.8
Public-order offenses	110	60.0	5.5	1.8	12.7	13.6	6.4
Regulatory offenses	10	B	B	B	B	B	B
Other offenses	100	60.0	6.0	2.0	12.0	13.0	7.0
Tax law violations including tax fraud	14	92.9	0.0	0.0	7.1	0.0	0.0
Perjury, contempt, intimidation	6	B	B	B	B	B	B
National defense	1	B	B	B	B	B	B
Escape	13	46.2	15.4	0.0	15.4	23.1	0.0
Racketeering and extortion	47	59.6	6.4	2.1	12.8	12.8	6.4
Gambling offenses	1	B	B	B	B	B	B
Nonviolent sex offenses	10	B	B	B	B	B	B
Other felonies	8	B	B	B	B	B	B
Weapons offenses	62	41.9	11.3	6.5	14.5	22.6	3.2
Immigration offenses	2	B	B	B	B	B	B
Misdemeanors ^f	4	B	B	B	B	B	B

Note: See Notes, tables 6.4 and 6.8. For methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 11.

^dExcludes tax fraud.

^eExcludes transportation of stolen property.

^fIncludes misdemeanors, petty offenses, and unknown offense level.

^aSupervision terminated with incarceration or removal to inactive status for violation of supervision conditions other than charges for new offenses.

^bSupervision terminated with incarceration or removal to inactive status after arrest for a "major" or "minor" offense.

^cIncludes only violent sex offenses.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 2001*, NCJ 201627 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 99.

Table 6.72

State correctional facilities providing mental health screening and treatment

By region and State, June 30, 2000

Region and State	Total	Type of screening or treatment						No services provided	No data reported
		Screen prisoners at intake	Conduct psychiatric assessments	Provide 24-hour mental health care	Provide therapy/counseling	Distribute psychotropic medications	Help released prisoners obtain services		
Total	1,558	1,055	990	776	1,073	1,115	1,006	125	39
Northeast	233	154	163	152	173	178	167	5	3
Connecticut	20	17	17	13	18	16	16	0	0
Maine	8	6	5	3	7	7	6	0	0
Massachusetts	25	20	17	15	21	20	20	0	2
New Hampshire	8	4	5	4	7	7	7	0	0
New Jersey	43	27	24	14	23	30	25	3	0
New York	69	31	52	66	53	43	40	0	0
Pennsylvania	44	36	29	32	29	40	39	2	0
Rhode Island	7	7	7	0	7	7	7	0	0
Vermont	9	6	7	5	8	8	7	0	1
Midwest	301	190	167	140	207	210	196	25	1
Illinois	48	30	30	32	31	31	34	4	0
Indiana	25	17	14	14	15	13	13	4	0
Iowa	30	11	12	12	10	21	23	2	1
Kansas	11	9	8	9	9	10	11	0	0
Michigan	70	39	43	35	40	31	32	10	0
Minnesota	9	1	1	1	8	9	8	0	0
Missouri	28	27	0	0	27	27	27	1	0
Nebraska	9	2	2	0	9	9	0	0	0
North Dakota	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	0
Ohio	34	34	34	26	33	32	29	0	0
South Dakota	4	2	3	1	3	4	3	0	0
Wisconsin	30	16	18	9	20	21	14	3	0
South	730	527	497	338	514	535	471	59	17
Alabama	35	16	21	13	21	26	11	3	1
Arkansas	15	12	12	12	12	12	12	3	0
Delaware	9	8	8	2	8	8	5	0	1
District of Columbia	6	2	2	3	2	3	4	2	0
Florida	106	98	90	1	88	88	85	8	0
Georgia	83	54	45	38	41	47	48	6	2
Kentucky	25	15	12	8	13	12	14	1	0
Louisiana	17	12	11	11	10	11	11	0	5
Maryland	26	12	14	13	18	18	22	2	0
Mississippi	28	12	11	5	8	9	2	9	1
North Carolina	80	49	55	31	68	73	61	0	2
Oklahoma	52	37	30	25	33	37	20	4	3
South Carolina	34	19	18	17	21	22	20	5	0
Tennessee	15	14	14	15	15	15	14	0	0
Texas	127	117	114	111	114	118	109	2	2
Virginia	61	44	34	31	34	30	29	14	0
West Virginia	11	6	6	2	8	6	4	0	0
West	294	184	163	146	179	192	172	36	18
Alaska	24	16	10	6	12	19	18	1	1
Arizona	16	15	13	13	14	14	12	0	1
California	86	50	35	28	41	36	38	13	12
Colorado	47	16	30	32	34	38	35	0	3
Hawaii	10	10	9	9	10	9	1	0	0
Idaho	13	7	5	6	5	10	7	1	0
Montana	8	6	5	4	6	6	4	0	1
Nevada	20	11	10	7	10	9	9	7	0
New Mexico	10	10	10	8	10	9	8	0	0
Oregon	13	13	10	7	9	12	11	0	0
Utah	8	6	5	4	5	6	7	0	0
Washington	30	17	15	17	17	17	15	13	0
Wyoming	9	7	6	5	6	7	7	1	0

Note: These data are from the 2000 Census of State and Federal Adult Correctional Facilities, the sixth in a series of facility censuses, sponsored by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics. The universe of facilities was developed using the 1995 census and updated to identify new facilities and facilities that had closed since June 30, 1995. Facilities identified for the 2000 census include 84 Federal facilities, 1,295 State facilities, 22 facilities under State and local authority, 3 facilities operated by the District of Columbia, and 264 private facilities, in operation on June 30, 2000. Adult correctional facilities include: prisons and penitentiaries; boot camps; prison farms; reception, diagnostic, and classification centers; road camps; forestry and conservation camps; youthful offender facilities (except those in California); vocational training facilities; prison hospitals; drug and alcohol treatment facilities; and State-operated local detention facilities (in Alaska, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Rhode Island, and Vermont). Data were collected from all facilities resulting in a response rate of 100%.

The data presented are from 1,295 State-operated facilities, 22 facilities under joint State and local authority, 3 facilities operated by the District of Columbia, and 238 private facilities with more than 50% of their prisoners held for State authorities. All 84 Federal facilities and 26 privately operated facilities holding at least 50% of their prisoners for Federal authorities were excluded because data for prisoners receiving mental health treatment in these facilities were not available.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Mental Health Treatment in State Prisons, 2000*, Special Report NCJ 188215 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, July 2001), p. 5.

Table 6.73

Prisoners receiving mental health treatment in State correctional facilities

By region and State, June 30, 2000

Region and State	Number of prisoners receiving:						Prisoners in custody		
	24-hour care		Therapy/counseling		Psychotropic medications		In all facilities	In facilities reporting data ^a	Percent covered
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Total	17,354	1.6%	137,385	12.8%	105,336	9.7%	1,178,807	1,088,023	92.3%
Northeast	1,715	1.0	20,099	12.6	14,840	9.2	171,723	160,938	93.7
Connecticut	341	2.3	2,596	17.8	1,659	11.4	16,984	14,577	85.8
Maine	26	2.8	538	33.0	367	23.5	1,629	1,562	95.9
Massachusetts	309	3.0	2,271	21.8	1,331	12.7	10,500	10,500	100.0
New Hampshire	92	4.9	387	20.7	228	12.2	2,277	1,872	82.2
New Jersey	467	1.8	2,308	9.2	2,541	9.4	27,118	27,118	100.0
New York	262	0.4	6,888	10.2	4,539	6.7	71,662	67,595	94.3
Pennsylvania	178	0.5	4,761	13.0	3,891	10.6	36,895	36,710	99.5
Rhode Island	10	0.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	3,347	0	X
Vermont	30	3.0	350	34.9	284	28.3	1,311	1,004	76.6
Midwest	3,843	1.7	32,461	14.3	21,527	9.3	233,993	230,640	98.6
Illinois	672	1.5	4,374	9.9	2,954	6.7	44,150	44,000	99.7
Indiana	354	1.9	4,281	23.5	2,392	13.1	18,195	18,195	100.0
Iowa	134	1.5	1,293	14.3	1,122	12.4	9,086	9,031	99.4
Kansas	218	2.4	2,075	23.1	1,518	16.9	8,992	8,992	100.0
Michigan	760	1.7	4,678	10.5	2,161	4.8	47,639	45,183	94.8
Minnesota	32	0.4	1,222	16.4	1,312	17.6	7,451	7,451	100.0
Missouri	12	(b)	3,331	11.9	1,054	3.8	27,963	27,963	100.0
Nebraska	84	2.4	982	28.0	691	19.7	3,508	3,508	100.0
North Dakota	NA	NA	NA	NA	247	39.3	992	628	63.3
Ohio	1,042	2.2	7,165	15.0	4,921	10.3	47,915	47,915	100.0
South Dakota	43	1.7	577	22.3	420	16.2	2,591	2,591	100.0
Wisconsin	492	3.2	2,483	20.4	2,735	18.0	15,511	15,183	97.9
South	7,106	1.6	54,119	11.9	41,280	9.1	510,287	452,197	88.6
Alabama	556	2.5	1,768	8.4	1,078	4.9	22,395	22,169	99.0
Arkansas	82	0.8	1,117	10.7	424	4.1	10,465	10,465	100.0
Delaware	2	(b)	801	14.5	739	12.5	6,023	5,910	98.1
District of Columbia	38	1.6	503	21.1	213	8.9	2,574	2,385	92.7
Florida	191	0.3	10,689	14.9	7,764	10.8	71,616	71,616	100.0
Georgia	2,070	4.8	5,302	12.1	4,659	10.6	44,235	43,958	99.4
Kentucky	126	1.0	2,626	21.9	2,296	18.5	12,378	12,378	100.0
Louisiana	201	1.2	5,062	27.0	1,626	8.7	19,167	18,757	97.9
Maryland	253	1.3	2,829	14.9	2,344	12.4	22,821	18,933	83.0
Mississippi	580	3.9	1,607	10.9	1,935	13.1	14,823	14,748	99.5
North Carolina	715	2.5	3,747	13.2	2,783	10.2	30,708	27,406	89.2
Oklahoma	187	0.8	3,349	14.6	2,716	11.8	23,858	23,013	96.5
South Carolina	39	0.2	1,122	5.3	28	1.1	21,277	2,627	12.3
Tennessee	399	2.2	430	6.5	1,811	9.9	18,368	18,368	100.0
Texas	1,638	1.5	9,599	7.7	7,838	6.2	155,099	126,084	81.3
Virginia	0	X	3,215	10.6	2,540	8.4	31,412	30,368	96.7
West Virginia	29	1.0	353	12.6	486	16.1	3,068	3,012	98.2
West	4,690	1.9	30,706	13.5	27,689	11.3	262,804	244,248	92.9
Alaska	93	2.9	286	10.8	238	9.0	3,248	2,657	81.8
Arizona	378	1.4	3,874	14.7	2,194	8.3	27,005	26,360	97.6
California	3,144	2.1	18,863	12.5	15,831	10.5	160,727	150,884	93.9
Colorado	274	1.8	2,213	14.9	2,180	14.2	15,655	15,339	98.0
Hawaii	120	3.2	100	2.7	746	19.8	3,761	3,761	100.0
Idaho	1	(b)	547	14.3	728	19.1	3,961	3,813	96.3
Montana	13	0.6	268	12.0	478	21.4	2,368	2,233	94.3
Nevada	54	0.8	599	10.6	529	7.7	9,296	6,914	74.4
New Mexico	138	2.7	803	15.6	427	8.5	5,158	5,028	97.5
Oregon	65	0.8	2,032	21.8	1,796	19.6	9,933	9,181	92.4
Utah	22	1.8	306	29.0	239	19.8	4,824	1,210	25.1
Washington	381	2.6	NA	NA	1,925	13.1	14,682	14,682	100.0
Wyoming	7	0.3	815	37.3	378	17.3	2,186	2,186	100.0

Note: See Note, table 6.72. Percents are based on the number of prisoners held in facilities reporting data. Totals vary by item: 1,073,455 for 24-hour care, 1,069,605 for therapy/counseling, and 1,088,023 for use of medications.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Mental Health Treatment in State Prisons, 2000*, Special Report NCJ 188215 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, July 2001), p. 6.

^aBased on facilities reporting use of psychotropic medications.

^bLess than 0.05%.

Table 6.74

State and Federal prisoners known to be positive for the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and confirmed AIDS cases

By region and jurisdiction, 1995-2001

Region and jurisdiction	Total known to be HIV positive							HIV/AIDS cases as a percent of total custody population ^a		Confirmed AIDS cases for 2001
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	1995	2001	
United States, total	24,256	23,881	23,886	25,680	25,807	25,333	24,147	2.3%	1.9%	5,754 ^b
Federal	822	947	1,030	1,066	1,156	1,302	1,520	0.9	1.2	526
State	23,434	22,934	22,856	24,614	24,651	24,031	22,627	2.4	2.0	5,228
Northeast	12,262	11,090	10,384	10,613	10,030	8,721	8,136	7.8	4.9	1,978
Connecticut	755	690	798	634	632	593	604	5.1	3.5	259
Maine	4	4	NA	11	9	11	15	0.3	0.9	6
Massachusetts	409	393	392	395	346	313	307	3.9	3.0	119
New Hampshire	31	18	17	17	17	23	17	1.5	0.7	3
New Jersey	847	705	867	924	869	771	804	3.7	3.4	183
New York	9,500	8,500	7,500	7,500	7,000	6,000	5,500	13.9	8.1	1,160
Pennsylvania	590	652	697	977	939	900	735	1.8	2.0	199
Rhode Island	126	125	107	140	203	90	148	4.4	4.4	46
Vermont	0	3	6	15	15	20	6	X	0.4	3
Midwest	1,667	1,874	1,849	2,115	2,171	2,252	2,135	0.9	1.0	401
Illinois	583	634	655	694	635	619	593	1.5	1.3	159
Iowa	20	24	34	18	30	27	27	0.3	0.3	8
Kansas	24	16	4	38	41	49	41	0.3	0.5	7
Michigan	379	528	419	546	578	585	584	0.9	1.2	NA
Minnesota	46	24	31	26	32	42	33	1.0	0.5	1
Missouri	173	190	227	235	290	267	262	0.9	0.9	58
Nebraska	19	17	22	23	20	18	24	0.6	0.6	2
North Dakota	2	3	7	3	2	2	4	0.3	0.4	0
Ohio	346	343	365	392	391	478	398	0.8	0.9	121
South Dakota	3	4	1	4	5	4	5	0.2	0.2	2
Wisconsin	72	91	84	136	147	161	164	0.6	0.9	43
South	7,870	8,162	8,639	9,705	10,243	10,767	10,392	1.9	2.2	2,446
Alabama	222	234	212	273	283	419	302	1.1	1.2	26
Arkansas	83	77	86	94	99	101	108	1.0	0.9	23
Delaware	122	NA	248	180	170	127	143	2.5	2.1	NA
District of Columbia ^c	NA	NA	175	268	359	126	X	NA	X	X
Florida	2,193	2,152	2,325	2,461	2,633	2,640	2,602	3.4	3.6	677
Georgia	858	814	861	870	846	938	1,150	2.5	2.5	NA
Kentucky	41	55	55	81	122	124	105	0.4	1.1	9
Louisiana	314	347	397	436	381	500	514	1.8	2.6	NA
Maryland	724	832	766	686	820	998	830	3.4	3.5	213
Mississippi	138	135	189	172	192	230	234	1.4	2.0	60
North Carolina	526	589	519	554	554	588	573	1.9	1.8	185
Oklahoma	115	108	107	NA	122	145	130	0.8	0.9	15
South Carolina	380	422	432	607	617	560	559	2.0	2.6	233
Tennessee	120	131	131	168	185	215	231	0.9	1.7	66
Texas	1,890	1,876	2,126	2,393	2,520	2,492	2,388	1.5	1.8	859
Virginia	134	383	NA	453	330	550	507	0.6	1.7	69
West Virginia	10	7	10	9	10	14	16	0.4	0.5	11
West	1,635	1,808	1,984	2,181	2,207	2,291	1,964	0.8	0.8	403
Alaska	5	10	10	16	16	NA	16	0.2	0.5	1
Arizona	140	205	105	118	144	110	122	0.7	0.4	15
California	1,042	1,136	1,328	1,567	1,570	1,638	1,305	0.8	0.8	229
Colorado	93	94	110	124	131	146	173	1.0	1.2	39
Hawaii	12	23	16	20	30	19	13	0.4	0.3	0
Idaho	11	17	10	13	15	14	14	0.4	0.4	4
Montana	4	6	8	10	10	11	11	0.2	0.6	0
Nevada	147	133	139	121	125	151	127	1.9	1.4	24
New Mexico	24	11	23	31	26	28	27	0.6	0.5	NA
Oregon	29	39	54	35	23	41	30	0.4	0.3	5
Utah	31	31	60	32	34	37	34	0.8	0.8	7
Washington	92	99	119	91	75	90	88	0.8	0.6	79
Wyoming	5	4	2	3	8	6	4	0.4	0.4	0

Note: These data were collected by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics through the National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) program. The NPS program provides yearend data for the prisoner populations of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Federal Bureau of Prisons. These data represent the custody population, which includes only those prisoners housed in a jurisdiction's facilities. Indiana did not report the number of HIV/AIDS cases for 1995-2001. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aPercentages are based on custody counts, except for New Mexico. In 2000 and 2001, New Mexico's percentages are based on its yearend jurisdiction count.

^b5,754 confirmed AIDS cases are based on reported data. The estimated total number of confirmed AIDS cases is 6,286; this includes estimates for the following States not reporting these data for 2001: Delaware, Georgia, Louisiana, Michigan, and New Mexico. Estimates were based on the most recent data available.

^cAt yearend 2001, responsibility for housing District of Columbia sentenced prisoners was transferred to the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *HIV in Prisons 1997*, Bulletin NCJ 178284, p. 2; *2001*, Bulletin NCJ 202293, pp. 2, 4 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice); and U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *HIV in Prisons and Jails, 1999*, Bulletin NCJ 187456 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, July 2001), pp. 2, 3. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.75

State and Federal prisoners known to be positive for the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)

By sex, region, and jurisdiction, 2001

Region and jurisdiction	Male HIV cases		Female HIV cases	
	Number	Percent of total custody population	Number	Percent of total custody population
Total reported	21,268	1.9%	2,265	2.9%
Total estimated ^a	21,815	X	2,332	X
Federal	1,400	1.2	120	1.3
State	19,868	2.0	2,145	3.2
Northeast	7,361	4.7	775	9.1
Connecticut	500	3.1	104	8.4
Maine	15	0.9	0	X
Massachusetts	267	2.8	40	5.7
New Hampshire	15	0.7	2	1.3
New Jersey	713	3.2	91	7.1
New York	5,030	7.8	470	14.9
Pennsylvania	691	1.9	44	2.7
Rhode Island	124	3.9	24	12.1
Vermont	6	0.5	0	X
Midwest	1,947	1.0	147	1.2
Illinois	550	1.3	43	1.6
Iowa	23	0.3	4	0.6
Michigan	541	1.2	43	2.0
Minnesota	29	0.5	4	1.2
Missouri	249	0.9	13	0.6
Nebraska	22	0.6	2	0.6
North Dakota	4	0.4	0	X
Ohio	371	0.9	27	1.0
South Dakota	5	0.2	0	X
Wisconsin	153	1.0	11	0.9
South	8,701	2.1	1,118	3.8
Alabama	264	1.1	38	2.3
Arkansas	99	0.9	9	1.2
Delaware	116	1.8	27	4.7
Florida	2,203	3.2	399	9.3
Georgia	1,004	2.3	146	5.2
Kentucky	100	1.1	5	0.8
Louisiana	466	2.5	48	4.6
Maryland	733	3.3	97	8.1
Mississippi	207	2.0	27	2.0
Oklahoma	125	0.9	5	0.4
South Carolina	531	2.6	28	1.9
Tennessee	208	1.6	23	2.6
Texas	2,169	1.8	219	2.4
Virginia	461	1.7	46	2.2
West Virginia	15	0.5	1	0.5
West	1,859	0.8	105	0.6
Alaska	14	0.5	2	0.7
Arizona	104	0.4	18	0.8
California	1,288	0.9	17	0.2
Colorado	154	1.1	19	1.4
Hawaii	13	0.4	0	X
Idaho	12	0.3	2	0.7
Montana	10	0.6	1	0.7
Nevada	93	1.0	34	12.0
New Mexico	26	0.5	1	0.2
Oregon	28	0.3	2	0.3
Utah	30	0.8	4	1.7
Washington	83	0.6	5	0.5
Wyoming	4	0.4	0	X

Note: See Note, table 6.74. At yearend 2001, responsibility for housing District of Columbia sentenced prisoners was transferred to the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

^aIncludes estimates of the number of prisoners with HIV/AIDS by sex for Kansas and North Carolina. Estimates were based on the most recent data available by sex.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *HIV in Prisons, 2001*, Bulletin NCJ 202293 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, January 2004), p. 3.

Table 6.76

Number and rate (per 100,000 prisoners) of deaths among State and Federal prisoners

By cause of death, United States, 2001

Cause of death	Deaths			
	State		Federal	
	Number ^a	Rate	Number	Rate
Total	3,008	240	303	198
Natural causes other than AIDS	2,258	180	247	162
AIDS	256	20	22	14
Suicide	173	14	18	12
Accident	46	4	6	4
Execution	58	5	2	1
By another person	49	4	8	5
Other/unspecified	91	7	0	X

Note: See Note, table 6.74.

^aDetail does not add to total because Louisiana reported 77 deaths but did not provide a breakdown.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *HIV in Prisons, 2001*, Bulletin NCJ 202293 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, January 2004), p. 5, Table 4; p. 6, Table 5. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.77

Number and rate (per 100,000 prisoners) of AIDS-related deaths among State and Federal prisoners

United States, 1991-2001

	AIDS-related deaths			
	State		Federal	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
1991	520	71	NA	NA
1992	648	83	NA	NA
1993	761	89	NA	NA
1994	955	104	NA	NA
1995	1,010	100	NA	NA
1996	907	90	NA	NA
1997	538	48	NA	NA
1998	350	30	NA	NA
1999	242	20	NA	NA
2000	185	15	21	14
2001	256	20	22	14

Note: See Note, table 6.74.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *HIV in Prisons, 2001*, Bulletin NCJ 202293 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, January 2004), p. 6. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.78

Number and rate (per 100,000 prisoners) of deaths and AIDS-related deaths among State prisoners

By region and State, 1995 and 2001

Region and State	Deaths from all causes				AIDS-related deaths			
	1995		2001		1995		2001	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Total	3,133	311	3,008	240	1,010	100	256	20
Northeast	740	468	452	261	402	254	68	39
Connecticut	42	280	30	159	24	160	5	26
Maine	0	X	8	473	0	X	0	X
Massachusetts	34	296	31	289	14	122	0	X
New Hampshire	2	97	2	86	2	97	0	X
New Jersey	137	535	71	253	66	258	19	68
New York	396	578	179	259	258	376	28	40
Pennsylvania	122	409	124	334	38	127	15	40
Rhode Island	7	223	3	95	0	X	1	32
Vermont	0	X	4	224	0	X	0	X
Midwest	481	252	533	222	63	42	21	9
Illinois	103	273	86	188	31	82	11	24
Indiana	44	280	50	243	1	6	2	10
Iowa	9	158	9	111	0	X	0	X
Kansas	13	188	21	246	0	X	0	X
Michigan	104	251	114	236	NA	NA	5	10
Minnesota	9	189	13	200	1	21	0	X
Missouri	53	280	58	206	4	21	2	7
Nebraska	13	464	8	203	0	X	0	X
North Dakota	1	164	3	278	0	X	0	X
Ohio	114	262	119	260	23	53	0	X
South Dakota	5	275	4	150	0	X	0	X
Wisconsin	13	122	48	229	3	28	1	5
South	1,455	325	1,472	261	432	105	134	29
Alabama	88	438	85	312	20	100	8	29
Arkansas	26	286	48	389	1	11	2	16
Delaware	9	194	18	253	0	X	7	98
District of Columbia	7	67	9	167	NA	NA	1	19
Florida	254	410	183	254	150	242	39	54
Georgia	127	372	100	220	50	147	15	33
Kentucky	29	243	40	260	2	17	0	X
Louisiana	68	270	77	217	NA	NA	NA	NA
Maryland	54	252	70	292	25	117	11	46
Mississippi	42	337	42	203	5	40	2	10
North Carolina	69	257	73	234	28	104	NA	NA
Oklahoma	66	375	77	333	4	23	1	4
South Carolina	63	323	74	332	34	175	5	22
Tennessee	64	429	59	255	12	80	2	9
Texas	399	314	426	259	74	58	32	19
Virginia	83	304	73	240	27	99	9	30
West Virginia	7	287	18	436	0	X	0	X
West	457	217	551	200	113	54	33	12
Alaska	5	154	10	238	0	X	0	X
Arizona	58	277	65	240	0	X	2	7
California	262	199	289	176	91	69	22	13
Colorado	25	232	47	275	6	56	7	41
Hawaii	11	307	7	129	1	28	0	X
Idaho	1	31	18	316	0	X	0	X
Montana	11	581	8	246	0	X	0	X
Nevada	25	334	28	272	6	80	1	10
New Mexico	8	194	12	227	0	X	0	X
Oregon	21	280	23	208	5	67	1	9
Utah	6	183	5	92	0	X	0	X
Washington	23	202	34	223	4	35	0	X
Wyoming	1	76	5	298	0	X	0	X

Note: See Note, table 6.74.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *HIV in Prisons, 2000*, Bulletin NCJ 196023, p. 8; **2001**, Bulletin NCJ 202293, p. 6 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice).

Table 6.79

Number of murders and nonnegligent manslaughters, persons under death sentence, executions, and other death sentence dispositions

United States, 1972-2003

	Murders and nonnegligent manslaughters	Persons under death sentence	Executions under civil authority	Dispositions other than execution ^a
1972	18,670	334	0	391
1973	19,640	134	0	242
1974	20,710	244	0	57
1975	20,510	488	0	78
1976	18,780	420	0	317
1977	19,120	423	1	155
1978	19,560	482	0	150
1979	21,460	593	2	59
1980	23,040	691	0	100
1981	22,520	856	1	79
1982	21,010	1,050	2	68
1983	19,308	1,209	5	111
1984	18,692	1,405	21	63
1985	18,976	1,591	18	84
1986	20,613	1,781	18	73
1987	20,096	1,984	25	90
1988	20,675	2,124	11	128
1989	21,500	2,250	16	102
1990	23,438	2,356	23	108
1991	24,703	2,482	14	116
1992	23,760	2,575	31	124
1993	24,526	2,716	38	108
1994	23,326	2,890	31	112
1995	21,606	3,054	56	105
1996	19,645	3,219	45	99
1997	18,208	3,335	74	89
1998	16,974	3,465	68	93
1999	15,522	3,540	98	112
2000	15,586	3,601	85	76
2001	16,037	3,577	66	109
2002	16,229	3,562	71	108
2003	16,503	3,374	65	267

Note: Data for murders and nonnegligent manslaughters are from the U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reports. Data for persons under sentence of death and death sentence dispositions are from the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics. These data exclude persons held under Armed Forces jurisdiction with a military death sentence for murder. Some data have been revised by the Source and will differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

In 1972, the Supreme Court ruled that capital punishment, as administered at that time in the United States, was unconstitutional (*Furman v. Georgia*, 408 U.S. 238 (1972)), thus halting further executions. In 1976, the Supreme Court upheld newly enacted death penalty laws in three related decisions (see *Gregg v. Georgia*, 428 U.S. 153 (1976); *Proffitt v. Florida*, 428 U.S. 242 (1976); and *Jurek v. Texas*, 428 U.S. 262 (1976)), thus paving the way for lifting the moratorium on executions in the United States. Executions resumed in January 1977.

^aDispositions of death sentences other than by execution include dismissal of indictment, reversal of judgment, commutation, resentencing, order of a new trial, and death.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, 1991, p. 58; 2003, p. 70 (Washington, DC: USGPO); U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment 1982*, National Prisoner Statistics report NCJ-91533, p. 18; *Capital Punishment 1984*, Bulletin NCJ-98399, p. 5; 1996, Bulletin NCJ-167031, p. 6; 1997, Bulletin NCJ-172881, p. 6; 1998, Bulletin NCJ 179012, p. 6; 1999, Bulletin NCJ 184795, p. 6; 2000, Bulletin NCJ 190598, p. 6; 2001, Bulletin NCJ 197020, p. 6; 2002, Bulletin NCJ 201848, p. 5; 2003, Bulletin NCJ 206627, p. 5 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice); U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Correctional Populations in the United States*, 1985, NCJ-103957, Table 7.2; 1986, NCJ-111611, Table 7.2; 1987, NCJ-118762, Table 7.2; 1988, NCJ-124280, Table 7.2; 1989, NCJ-130445, Table 7.2; 1990, NCJ-135946, Table 7.2; 1991, NCJ-142729, Table 7.2; 1992, NCJ-146413, Table 7.2; 1993, NCJ-156241, Table 7.2; 1994, NCJ-160091, Table 7.2; 1995, NCJ-163916, Table 7.2 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice); and data provided by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.80

Prisoners under sentence of death

By race, ethnicity, and jurisdiction, on Apr. 1, 2004

Jurisdiction	Total	Race, ethnicity				
		White	Black	Hispanic	Native	
					American	Asian
United States ^a	3,487 ^b	1,591	1,462	354	39	40
Federal	31	9	21	0	1	0
U.S. military	7	1	5	0	0	1
Alabama	197	103	91	2	0	1
Arizona	130	93	14	19	3	1
Arkansas	39	16	22	1	0	0
California	635	248	228	126	14	19
Colorado	3	0	2	1	0	0
Connecticut	8	4	3	1	0	0
Delaware	19	9	7	3	0	0
Florida	381	219	127	33	1	1
Georgia	114	56	54	3	0	1
Idaho	20	20	0	0	0	0
Illinois	10	5	4	1	0	0
Indiana	39	27	12	0	0	0
Kansas	7	5	2	0	0	0
Kentucky	36	28	7	1	0	0
Louisiana	92	27	62	2	0	1
Maryland	11	4	7	0	0	0
Mississippi	70	32	37	0	0	1
Missouri	58	34	24	0	0	0
Montana	4	4	0	0	0	0
Nebraska	7	5	1	1	0	0
Nevada	87	42	35	9	0	1
New Hampshire	0	X	X	X	X	X
New Jersey	16	9	7	0	0	0
New Mexico	2	2	0	0	0	0
New York	4	2	2	0	0	0
North Carolina	203	74	115	4	8	2
Ohio	210	100	104	2	2	2
Oklahoma	102	54	38	3	7	0
Oregon ^b	31	25	2	2	1	0
Pennsylvania	235	69	146	18	0	2
South Carolina	75	40	35	0	0	0
South Dakota	4	4	0	0	0	0
Tennessee	104	58	41	1	2	2
Texas	454	143	186	120	0	5
Utah	10	6	2	1	1	0
Virginia	26	12	14	0	0	0
Washington	11	6	5	0	0	0
Wyoming	2	2	0	0	0	0

Note: The NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund, Inc. collects data on persons on death row. As of Apr. 1, 2004, 38 States, the Federal Government, and the United States military had capital punishment laws; 37 States, the Federal Government, and the United States military had at least 1 prisoner under sentence of death.

^aDetail will not add to total because prisoners sentenced to death in more than one State are listed in the respective State totals, but each prisoner is counted only once for the national total.

^bTotal includes one prisoner in Oregon whose race/ethnicity was unknown.

Source: NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund, Inc., "Death Row U.S.A.: Spring 2004," New York: NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund, Inc. 2004. (Mimeographed.) Pp. 1, 30, 31. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.81

Prisoners under sentence of death

By demographic characteristics, prior felony conviction history, and legal status, United States,
on Dec. 31, 1996-2003^a

	Percent of prisoners							
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Sex								
Male	98.5%	98.7%	98.6%	98.6%	98.5%	98.6%	98.6%	98.6%
Female	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4
Race								
White	56.5	56.3	55.2	55.2	55.4	55.0	54.3	55.7
Black	41.9	42.2	43.0	42.9	42.7	42.9	43.7	42.0
Other	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.0	2.3
Hispanic origin								
Hispanic	8.8	9.2	10.0	10.2	10.6	11.2	11.5	12.5
Non-Hispanic	91.2	90.8	90.0	89.8	89.4	88.8	88.5	87.5
Age^b								
17 years and younger	(c)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18 to 19 years	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.1	(c)
20 to 24 years	8.7	8.2	7.7	7.1	6.6	5.4	4.3	3.9
25 to 29 years	14.9	14.9	15.0	14.6	13.6	13.2	12.7	11.9
30 to 34 years	18.5	17.3	16.9	16.8	17.1	17.5	17.0	16.7
35 to 39 years	21.8	21.8	20.6	20.0	19.1	17.9	17.4	17.2
40 to 44 years	14.9	15.6	16.7	17.0	18.2	18.8	19.6	18.2
45 to 49 years	10.6	10.6	10.2	10.5	10.9	11.8	12.7	14.1
50 to 54 years	5.7	6.5	7.5	7.9	8.0	8.5	8.5	8.8
55 to 59 years	2.5	2.6	2.9	3.2	3.5	4.1	4.9	5.8
60 years and older	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.7	2.6	2.8	3.3
Education								
Grade 8 or less	14.4	14.2	14.3	13.9	14.4	14.5	14.7	15.2
Grades 9 to 11	37.5	37.6	37.6	37.7	37.3	37.2	37.1	37.1
High school graduate/GED	37.8	38.0	38.0	38.2	38.2	38.4	38.5	38.3
Any college	10.2	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1	9.9	9.7	9.3
Marital status								
Married	24.9	24.5	24.0	22.9	22.6	22.1	22.1	22.5
Divorced or separated	21.3	21.3	20.8	21.2	21.0	21.0	20.8	20.7
Widowed	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.8	2.8
Never married	51.1	51.5	52.5	53.0	53.6	54.3	54.3	54.0
Prior felony conviction history								
Prior felony conviction	65.7	65.3	65.0	64.1	64.0	64.4	64.3	64.5
No prior felony conviction	34.3	34.7	35.0	35.9	36.0	35.6	35.7	35.5
Prior homicide conviction history								
Prior homicide conviction	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.4	8.1	8.0	8.0	8.2
No prior homicide conviction	91.4	91.4	91.4	91.6	91.9	92.0	92.0	91.8
Legal status at time of capital offense								
Charges pending	7.3	7.6	7.2	7.4	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.9
Probation	10.0	10.1	9.9	10.0	10.1	10.3	10.5	10.8
Parole	20.0	19.5	18.1	17.9	17.6	17.5	17.3	16.5
Prison escapee	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.4
Incarcerated	2.4	2.6	2.9	2.8	2.7	3.0	3.2	3.1
Other status	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6
None	57.7	58.0	59.7	60.0	60.6	60.2	59.8	59.7

Note: Thirty-eight States and the Federal Government had death penalty statutes in effect at yearend 1996-2003. Percents are based on those cases for which data were reported. The U.S. military also has a death penalty provision, but the Bureau of Justice Statistics does not collect data for persons under military death sentence.

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

^bThe youngest person under sentence of death in 1996 was a black male in Nevada born in May 1979 and sentenced to death in June 1996; in 1997, a black male in Alabama born in November 1979 and sentenced to death in October 1997; in 1998, a black male in Alabama born in July 1980 and sentenced to death in December 1998; in 1999, a black male in Texas born in December 1981 and sentenced to death in November 1999; in 2000, a white male in Arizona born in April 1982 and sentenced to death in October 2000; in 2001, a black male in North Carolina born in December 1982 and sentenced to death in November 2001; in 2002 and 2003, a white male in Texas, born in April 1984 and sentenced to death in August 2002. The oldest person under sentence of death during the years 1996 to 2003 was a white male in Arizona born in September 1915 and sentenced to death in June 1983.

^cLess than 0.1%.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment 1996*, Bulletin NCJ-167031, p. 8, Table 7; p. 9; p. 10, Table 9; *1997*, Bulletin NCJ-172881, p. 8, Table 7; p. 9; p. 10, Table 9; *1998*, Bulletin NCJ 179012, p. 8, Table 7; p. 9; p. 10, Table 9; *1999*, Bulletin NCJ 184795, p. 8, Table 7; p. 9; p. 10, Table 9; *2000*, Bulletin NCJ 190598, p. 8, Table 7; p. 9; p. 10, Table 9; *2001*, Bulletin NCJ 197020, p. 8, Table 7; p. 9; p. 10, Table 9; *2002*, Bulletin NCJ 201848, p. 6; p. 7, Table 7; p. 8; *2003*, Bulletin NCJ 206627, p. 6, Table 5; p. 7, Table 7; p. 8 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.82

Prisoners under sentence of death

By race, region, and jurisdiction, on Dec. 31, 2002 and 2003

Region and jurisdiction	Changes during 2003												Prisoners under sentence of death on Dec. 31, 2003		
	Prisoners under sentence of death on Dec. 31, 2002			Received under sentence of death			Removed from death row (excluding executions) ^a			Executed					
	Total ^b	White	Black	Total ^b	White	Black	Total ^b	White	Black	Total ^b	White	Black	Total ^b	White	Black
United States, total	3,562	1,939	1,551	144	92	44	267	109	157	65	44	20	3,374	1,878	1,418
Federal ^c	23	6	17	2	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	23	6	16
State	3,539	1,933	1,534	142	92	43	266	109	156	64	44	19	3,351	1,872	1,402
Northeast	266	97	158	7	4	3	17	7	10	0	0	0	256	94	151
Connecticut	7	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	4	3
New Hampshire	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New Jersey	14	8	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	8	6
New York	5	4	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	5	3	2
Pennsylvania	240	81	148	6	4	2	16	6	10	0	0	0	230	79	140
Midwest	486	230	253	14	11	3	178	65	113	7	6	1	315	170	142
Illinois	159	57	102	2	2	0	159	57	102	0	0	0	2	2	0
Indiana	37	26	11	1	1	0	1	0	1	2	2	0	35	25	10
Kansas	5	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	4	2
Missouri	66	34	32	3	1	2	15	6	9	2	2	0	52	27	25
Nebraska	7	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	1
Ohio	207	99	105	7	6	1	2	1	1	3	2	1	209	102	104
South Dakota	5	5	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	4	4	0
South	1,892	1,020	848	85	58	24	54	25	29	57	38	18	1,866	1,015	825
Alabama	191	100	90	6	5	1	2	1	1	3	3	0	192	101	90
Arkansas	42	17	25	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	40	17	23
Delaware	14	10	4	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	12	4
Florida	366	234	132	11	11	0	10	5	5	3	2	1	364	238	126
Georgia	115	58	56	1	1	0	2	0	2	3	3	0	111	56	54
Kentucky	36	28	8	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	35	28	7
Louisiana	90	27	62	1	0	1	4	0	4	0	0	0	87	27	59
Maryland	15	5	10	0	0	0	4	1	3	0	0	0	11	4	7
Mississippi	65	29	35	3	2	1	2	0	2	0	0	0	66	31	34
North Carolina	206	80	118	6	2	4	10	4	6	7	3	3	195	75	113
Oklahoma	112	64	42	9	4	3	5	4	1	14	8	6	102	56	38
South Carolina	72	38	34	5	3	2	6	3	3	0	0	0	71	38	33
Tennessee	96	57	38	6	4	1	6	6	0	0	0	0	96	55	39
Texas	449	260	184	29	20	9	1	1	0	24	17	7	453	262	186
Virginia	23	13	10	6	4	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	27	15	12
West	895	586	275	36	19	13	17	12	4	0	0	0	914	593	284
Arizona	117	100	12	9	5	2	3	2	1	0	0	0	123	103	13
California	613	369	220	19	6	11	3	2	1	0	0	0	629	373	230
Colorado	5	2	2	1	1	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	3	1	2
Idaho	20	20	0	1	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	19	19	0
Montana	6	5	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	5	4	0
Nevada	82	48	33	4	4	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	84	52	31
New Mexico	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
Oregon	27	25	1	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	28	26	1
Utah	11	8	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	10	7	2
Washington	10	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	5	5
Wyoming	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0

Note: See Note, table 6.81. Some data for yearend 2002 have been revised by the Source and will differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. Data for "white" and "black" prisoners include Hispanics.

^aIncludes six deaths from natural causes (two each in California and Tennessee and one each in Ohio and Utah); and four deaths from suicide (one each in Georgia, Montana, South Dakota, and Tennessee).

^bTotals include persons of races other than white and black.

^cExcludes persons held under Armed Forces jurisdiction with a military death sentence for murder.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment, 2003*, Bulletin NCJ 206627 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, November 2004), p. 5.

Table 6.83

Hispanic and female prisoners under sentence of death

By State, 2002 and 2003

	Prisoners under sentence of death on Dec. 31, 2002		Changes during 2003				Prisoners under sentence of death on Dec. 31, 2003	
			Received under sentence of death		Removed from death row (including executions) ^a			
		Hispanics	Females	Hispanics	Females	Hispanics	Females	Hispanics
United States, total	363	51	24	2	18	6	369	47
Federal system	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Alabama	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	3
Arizona	17	1	3	0	0	0	20	1
Arkansas	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
California	126	14	4	0	0	0	130	14
Colorado	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
Connecticut	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Delaware	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Florida	29	1	1	0	0	0	30	1
Georgia	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	1
Idaho	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Illinois	11	4	0	0	11	4	0	0
Indiana	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Kentucky	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Louisiana	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Mississippi	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Nebraska	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Nevada	10	1	0	0	0	0	10	1
New Mexico	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
New York	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
North Carolina	4	6	0	0	0	2	4	4
Ohio	5	0	0	1	0	0	5	1
Oklahoma	5	0	1	0	1	0	5	0
Oregon	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Pennsylvania	20	5	4	0	1	0	23	5
Tennessee	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	2
Texas	114	8	10	0	3	0	121	8
Utah	3	0	0	0	1	0	2	0
Virginia	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1

Note: See Note, table 6.81. The following jurisdictions with death penalty statutes reported no Hispanics or females under sentence of death on Dec. 31, 2002 or 2003: Kansas, Maryland, Missouri, Montana, New Hampshire, New Jersey, South Carolina, South Dakota, Washington, and Wyoming. Some data for yearend 2002 have been revised by the Source and will differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aIncludes three Hispanic males in Texas who were executed in 2003.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, **Capital Punishment, 2003**, Bulletin NCJ 206627 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, November 2004), p. 7, Table 6.

Table 6.84

Prisoners executed

By jurisdiction, 1930-Dec. 31, 2003 (aggregate)

Jurisdiction	Number executed	
	Since 1930	Since 1977 ^a
United States, total	4,744	885
Texas	610	313
Georgia	400	34
New York	329	0
California	302	10
North Carolina	293	30
Florida	227	57
South Carolina	190	28
Virginia	181	89
Ohio	180	8
Alabama	163	28
Louisiana	160	27
Mississippi	160	6
Pennsylvania	155	3
Arkansas	143	25
Oklahoma	129	69
Missouri	123	61
Kentucky	105	2
Illinois	102	12
Tennessee	94	1
New Jersey	74	0
Maryland	71	3
Arizona	60	22
Indiana	52	11
Washington	51	4
Colorado	48	1
District of Columbia ^b	40	0
West Virginia ^b	40	0
Nevada	38	9
Federal system	36	3
Massachusetts ^b	27	0
Delaware	25	13
Oregon	21	2
Connecticut	21	0
Utah	19	6
Iowa ^b	18	0
Kansas	15	0
New Mexico	9	1
Montana	8	2
Wyoming	8	1
Nebraska	7	3
Idaho	4	1
Vermont ^b	4	0
New Hampshire	1	0
South Dakota	1	0
Wisconsin ^b	0	0
Rhode Island ^b	0	0
North Dakota ^b	0	0
Minnesota ^b	0	0
Michigan ^b	0	0
Maine ^b	0	0
Hawaii ^b	0	0
Alaska ^b	0	0

Note: See Note, table 6.81.

^aExecutions in the United States resumed in 1977; see Note, table 6.79.^bState did not authorize the death penalty as of Dec. 31, 2003.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment, 2003*, Bulletin NCJ 206627 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, November 2004), p. 9, Table 9. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.85

Prisoners executed under civil authority

By region and jurisdiction, 1930-2003

(- represents zero)

Region and jurisdiction	Total	1930 to 1934	1935 to 1939	1940 to 1944	1945 to 1949	1950 to 1954	1955 to 1959	1960 to 1964	1965 to 1969	1970 to 1979	1980 to 1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
United States	4,744	776	891	645	639	413	304	181	10	3	29	18	18	25	11	16	23	14	31
Federal	36	1	9	7	6	6	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State	4,708	775	882	638	633	407	301	180	10	3	29	18	18	25	11	16	23	14	31
Northeast	611	155	145	110	74	56	51	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Connecticut	21	2	3	5	5	-	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Massachusetts	27	7	11	6	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
New Hampshire	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Jersey	74	24	16	6	8	8	9	3	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New York	329	80	73	78	36	27	25	10	-	-	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Pennsylvania	155	41	41	15	21	19	12	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rhode Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Vermont	4	1	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Midwest	498	105	113	42	64	42	16	16	5	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	5	1	1
Illinois	102	34	27	13	5	8	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Indiana	52	11	20	2	5	2	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iowa	18	1	7	3	4	1	-	2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Kansas	15	X	-	3	2	5	-	1	4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Michigan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Minnesota	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Missouri	123	16	20	6	9	5	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	1	1
Nebraska	7	-	-	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Ohio	180	43	39	15	36	20	12	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Dakota	1	X	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wisconsin	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
South	3,031	419	524	413	419	244	183	102	2	1	28	16	18	24	10	13	17	13	26
Alabama	163	19	41	29	21	14	6	4	1	-	1	-	1	1	-	4	1	-	2
Arkansas	143	20	33	20	18	11	7	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Delaware	25	2	6	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
District of Columbia	40	15	5	3	13	3	1	-	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Florida	227	15	29	38	27	22	27	12	-	1	9	3	3	1	2	2	4	2	2
Georgia	400	64	73	58	72	51	34	14	-	-	3	3	1	5	1	1	-	1	-
Kentucky	105	18	34	19	15	8	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Louisiana	160	39	19	24	23	14	13	1	-	-	6	1	-	8	3	-	1	1	-
Maryland	71	6	10	26	19	2	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mississippi	160	26	22	34	26	15	21	10	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-
North Carolina	293	51	80	50	62	14	5	1	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	1
Oklahoma	129	25	9	6	7	4	3	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
South Carolina	190	37	30	32	29	16	10	8	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	-
Tennessee	94	16	31	19	18	1	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Texas	610	48	72	38	36	49	25	29	-	-	4	6	10	6	3	4	4	5	12
Virginia	181	8	20	13	22	15	8	6	-	-	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	2	4
West Virginia	40	10	10	2	9	5	4	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
West	568	96	100	73	76	65	51	45	3	2	-	1	-	1	1	2	1	-	4
Alaska ^a	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Arizona	60	7	10	6	3	2	6	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
California	302	51	57	35	45	39	35	29	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Colorado	48	16	9	6	7	1	2	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii ^a	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Idaho	4	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Montana	8	1	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nevada	38	5	3	5	5	9	-	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	2	1	-	-
New Mexico	9	2	-	-	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oregon	21	1	1	6	6	4	-	1	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Utah	19	-	2	3	1	2	4	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1
Washington	51	10	13	9	7	4	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	8	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

Note: In three States, Maine, Minnesota, and Wisconsin, there were no death penalty statutes in effect for the entire period covered by the table. Alaska and Hawaii have not had the death penalty since 1960, when they were first included as States. For other States, the death penalty may have been abolished or declared unconstitutional, and/or subsequently reinstated. In these cases, an X appears to indicate years when the death penalty was not in effect. For information on methodology, definitions of terms, and explanatory notes, see Appendix 15.

^aAs States, Alaska and Hawaii are included in the series beginning Jan. 1, 1960.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Correctional Populations in the United States, 1997*, NCJ 177613 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2000), Table 7.25; and U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/data/exest.wk1> [Aug. 6, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
38	31	56	45	74	68	98	85	66	71	65
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1
38	31	56	45	74	68	98	85	64	71	64
-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
4	3	11	9	10	5	12	5	10	9	7
-	1	5	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-
-	1	-	1	1	1	1	-	2	-	2
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
4	X	6	6	6	3	9	5	7	6	2
-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	3	3
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
30	26	41	29	60	55	74	76	50	61	57
-	-	2	1	3	1	2	4	-	2	3
-	5	2	1	4	1	4	2	1	-	1
2	1	1	3	-	-	2	1	2	-	-
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
3	1	3	2	1	4	1	6	1	3	3
2	1	2	2	-	1	-	-	4	4	3
-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
1	-	1	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
-	1	2	-	-	3	4	1	5	2	7
-	-	3	2	1	4	6	11	18	7	14
-	-	1	6	2	7	4	1	-	3	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
17	14	19	3	37	20	35	40	17	33	24
5	2	5	8	9	13	14	8	2	4	2
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
4	2	2	7	4	8	11	4	4	1	-
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
2	-	1	2	2	4	7	3	-	-	-
1	-	-	2	-	1	2	1	1	1	-
-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.86

Prisoners executed under civil authority

By race and offense, United States, 1930-98

(- represents zero)

	Total				White				Black				Other			
	Total	Murder	Rape	Other offenses ^a	Total	Murder	Rape	Other offenses	Total	Murder	Rape	Other offenses	Total	Murder	Rape	Other offenses
1930-98	4,359	3,734	455	70	2,064	1,977	48	39	2,246	1,810	405	31	49	47	2	-
1998	68	68	-	-	48	48	-	-	18	18	-	-	2	2	-	-
1997	74	74	-	-	45	45	-	-	27	27	-	-	2	2	-	-
1996	45	45	-	-	31	31	-	-	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-
1995	56	56	-	-	33	33	-	-	22	22	-	-	1	1	-	-
1994	31	31	-	-	20	20	-	-	11	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
1993	38	38	-	-	23	23	-	-	14	14	-	-	1	1	-	-
1992	31	31	-	-	19	19	-	-	11	11	-	-	1	1	-	-
1991	14	14	-	-	7	7	-	-	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
1990	23	23	-	-	16	16	-	-	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
1989	16	16	-	-	8	8	-	-	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
1988	11	11	-	-	6	6	-	-	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
1987	25	25	-	-	13	13	-	-	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
1986	18	18	-	-	11	11	-	-	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
1985	18	18	-	-	11	11	-	-	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
1984	21	21	-	-	13	13	-	-	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
1983	5	5	-	-	4	4	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
1982	2	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
1981	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1980	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1979	2	2	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1978	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1977 ^b	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1967	2	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
1966	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1965	7	7	-	-	6	6	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
1964	15	9	6	-	8	5	3	-	7	4	3	-	-	-	-	-
1963	21	18	2	1	13	12	-	1	8	6	2	-	-	-	-	-
1962	47	41	4	2	28	26	2	-	19	15	2	2	-	-	-	-
1961	42	33	8	1	20	18	1	1	22	15	7	-	-	-	-	-
1960	56	44	8	4	21	18	-	3	35	26	8	1	-	-	-	-
1959	49	41	8	-	16	15	1	-	33	26	7	-	-	-	-	-
1958	49	41	7	1	20	20	-	-	28	20	7	1	1	1	-	-
1957	65	54	10	1	34	32	2	-	31	22	8	1	-	-	-	-
1956	65	52	12	1	21	20	-	1	43	31	12	-	1	1	-	-
1955	76	65	7	4	44	41	1	2	32	24	6	2	-	-	-	-
1954	81	71	9	1	38	37	1	-	42	33	8	1	1	1	-	-
1953	62	51	7	4	30	25	1	4	31	25	6	-	1	1	-	-
1952	83	71	12	-	36	35	1	-	47	36	11	-	-	-	-	-
1951	105	87	17	1	57	55	2	-	47	31	15	1	1	1	-	-
1950	82	68	13	1	40	36	4	-	42	32	9	1	-	-	-	-
1949	119	107	10	2	50	49	-	1	67	56	10	1	2	2	-	-
1948	119	95	22	2	35	32	1	2	82	61	21	-	2	2	-	-
1947	153	129	23	1	42	40	2	-	111	89	21	1	-	-	-	-
1946	131	107	22	2	46	45	-	1	84	61	22	1	1	1	-	-
1945	117	90	26	1	41	37	4	-	75	52	22	1	1	1	-	-
1944	120	96	24	-	47	45	2	-	70	48	22	-	3	3	-	-
1943	131	118	13	-	54	54	-	-	74	63	11	-	3	1	2	-
1942	147	115	25	7	67	57	4	6	80	58	21	1	-	-	-	-
1941	123	102	20	1	59	55	4	-	63	46	16	1	1	1	-	-
1940	124	105	15	4	49	44	2	3	75	61	13	1	-	-	-	-
1939	160	145	12	3	80	79	-	1	77	63	12	2	3	3	-	-
1938	190	154	25	11	96	89	1	6	92	63	24	5	2	2	-	-
1937	147	133	13	1	69	67	2	-	74	62	11	1	4	4	-	-
1936	195	181	10	4	92	86	2	4	101	93	8	-	2	2	-	-
1935	199	184	13	2	119	115	2	2	77	66	11	-	3	3	-	-
1934	168	154	14	-	65	64	1	-	102	89	13	-	1	1	-	-
1933	160	151	7	2	77	75	1	1	81	74	6	1	2	2	-	-
1932	140	128	10	2	62	62	-	-	75	63	10	2	3	3	-	-
1931	153	137	15	1	77	76	1	-	72	57	14	1	4	4	-	-
1930	155	147	6	2	90	90	-	-	65	57	6	2	-	-	-	-

Note: See Note, table 6.85. For information on methodology, definitions of terms, and explanatory notes, see Appendix 15.

^aIncludes 25 executed for armed robbery, 20 for kidnaping, 11 for burglary, 6 for sabotage, 6 for aggravated assault, and 2 for espionage.

^bThere were no executions from 1968 through 1976; see Note, table 6.79.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Correctional Populations in the United States, 1998 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 192929, Table 7.20 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cpusst.htm> [Aug. 10, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 6.87

Methods of execution in States authorizing the death penalty

By State, 2003

Lethal injection	Electrocution	Lethal gas	Hanging	Firing squad
Alabama ^a	Alabama ^a	Arizona ^{a,b}	Delaware ^{a,c}	Idaho ^a
Arizona ^{a,b}	Arkansas ^{a,d}	California ^a	New Hampshire ^{a,e}	Oklahoma ^{a,f}
Arkansas ^{a,d}	Florida ^a	Missouri ^a	Washington ^a	Utah ^a
California ^a	Kentucky ^{a,g}	Wyoming ^{a,h}		
Colorado	Nebraska			
Connecticut	Oklahoma ^{a,f}			
Delaware ^{a,c}	South Carolina ^a			
Florida ^a	Tennessee ^{a,i}			
Georgia	Virginia ^a			
Idaho ^a				
Illinois				
Indiana				
Kansas				
Kentucky ^{a,g}				
Louisiana				
Maryland				
Mississippi				
Missouri ^a				
Montana				
Nevada				
New Hampshire ^{a,e}				
New Jersey				
New Mexico				
New York				
North Carolina				
Ohio				
Oklahoma ^{a,f}				
Oregon				
Pennsylvania				
South Carolina ^a				
South Dakota				
Tennessee ^{a,i}				
Texas				
Utah ^a				
Virginia ^a				
Washington ^a				
Wyoming ^{a,h}				

Note: See Note, table 6.81. The method of execution of Federal prisoners is lethal injection, pursuant to 28 CFR, Part 26. For offenses under the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, the method is that of the State in which the conviction took place, pursuant to 18 USC 3596.

^aAuthorizes more than one method of execution.

^bArizona authorizes lethal injection for persons whose capital sentence was received after Nov. 15, 1992; for those who were sentenced before that date, the condemned prisoner may select lethal injection or lethal gas.

^cDelaware authorizes lethal injection for those whose capital offense occurred after June 13, 1986; for those whose offense occurred before that date, the condemned prisoner may select lethal injection or hanging.

^dArkansas authorizes lethal injection for those whose capital offense occurred on or after July 4, 1983; for those whose offense occurred before that date, the condemned prisoner may select lethal injection or electrocution.

^eNew Hampshire authorizes hanging only if lethal injection cannot be given.

^fOklahoma authorizes electrocution if lethal injection is ever held unconstitutional and firing squad if both lethal injection and electrocution are held unconstitutional.

^gKentucky authorizes lethal injection for persons whose capital sentence was received on or after Mar. 31, 1998; for those sentenced before that date, the condemned prisoner may select lethal injection or electrocution.

^hWyoming authorizes lethal gas if lethal injection is ever held unconstitutional.

ⁱTennessee authorizes lethal injection for those whose capital offense occurred after Dec. 31, 1998; for those whose offense occurred before that date, the condemned prisoner may select lethal injection or electrocution.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment, 2003*, Bulletin NCJ 206627 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, November 2004), p. 4, Table 2.

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